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WORCESTER'S

NEW PRONOUNCING SPELLING BOOK

TAINTOR BROTHERS & Co.
New York.

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Harvard College Library

FROM

H. E. Scudder

9 Sept. 1898

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A

PRONOUNCING

SPELLING-BOOK

OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

MAINLY ON THE PRINCIPLES OF

COMPARISON AND CONTRAST

TAINTOR BROTHERS & CO.
NEW YORK AND CHICAGO
BOSTON: WILLIAM WARE & CO.
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PREFACE.

THE following features, among others, will, it is believed, commend this spelling-book to the favor of teachers:—

1. The **selection of the words**. Only such as are met with in ordinary reading have been taken.

2. The **classification** and **arrangement**.

3. The **dictation exercises**.

4. The **variety** in the kind of lessons.

5. The treatment of the few really useful **rules for English spelling**.

The **pronunciation** is shown by the headings of the lessons, by marked letters, and by re-spelling whenever thought necessary.

L. J. C.

KEY TO THE MARKED LETTERS.

Vowels.

ā, āpe;	**ē**, ēve;	**ī**, īce;	**ō**, ōld;	**ū**, ūse.
ă, ăn;	**ĕ**, ĕll;	**ĭ**, ĭn;	**ŏ**, ŏn;	**u**, ŭp.

ä, ärm; **å**, fåst;
â (= aw), fâll;
ȧ (= e in there), fȧre;
ë (= ü in für and ï in fïr), hër;
î (= ē or ee), machîne;
ö (= å or aw), ör;
ô (= o͞o in o͞oze or û in rûde), môve;
o̊ (= ŭ) so̊n;
o͞o, o͞oze.
o͝o, go͝od.
û (= o͝o in go͝od), fûll;
ů (= ô or o͞o), růde.

Consonants.

g̃, g̃et; **ẋ** (= gz), eẋample; *s* (*italic*) = z, **muse**;
th (*italic*), *th*is; **ch** (*unmarked*), *usually* as in chin.

VOWEL SOUNDS.

Long Vowels.		Short Vowels.	
1. ē as in	eve.	8. ĭ as in	ill.
2. ā "	ape.	9. ĕ "	end.
3. ä "	arm.		
		10. ă "	and.
4. â "	all.	11. ŏ "	on.
5. ō "	old.		
6. o͞o "	ooze.	12. o͝o "	good.
7. ü* "	urn.	13. ŭ "	up.

Compound Vowels.

14. ı as in ice like ä͡ĕ.
15. oi " oil " â͡ĭ.
16. ou " out " ä͡o͞o.
17. ū " use " y͡o͞o or ĭ͡o͞o.†

---

18. å " ask, past, class, dance.

This sound is not so thin as **a** in **fat**, nor so broad as **a** in **far**.

19. ȧ as in fare, air, there.

Either short **e** prolonged before **r** (in England), or short **a** gliding into the sound of slight **u** before **r** (in the United States).

---

* This sound is a little longer and closer than its corresponding short sound, **u**, as in **up**.

† See Remarks in Lesson 66, page 40.

CONSONANT SOUNDS.

Vocal and Liquid.

r as in roar.
l " lull.

Vocal and Nasal.

m as in maim.
n " noon.
ng " hang.

Aspirates and Vocals.

s as in sun.
z " zeal.
sh " shall.
z(=zh) azure.
f " fife.
v " valve.
th " thin.
th " this.

p as in pipe.
b " babe.
t " tent.
d " did.
k " kick.
g " gag.
ch " church.
j " judge.

Vowel Consonants

y as in yard.
w " war.

Pure Aspirate.

h as in hut.

wh = hw.

ROMAN AND SCRIPT ALPHABETS.

A	a			N	n		
B	b			O	o		
C	c			P	p		
D	d			Q	q		
E	e			R	r		
F	f			S	s		
G	g			T	t		
H	h			U	u		
I	i			V	v		
J	j			W	w		
K	k			X	x		
L	l			Y	y		
M	m			Z	z		

SPELLING LESSONS.

FIRST SECTION.

1.

a in **mat.**

back	*back*	shall	*shall*
sack	*sack*	scalp	*scalp*
lack	*lack*	scan	*scan*
black	*black*	scant	*scant*
slack	*slack*	cramp	*cramp*
smack	*smack*	thank	*thank*
track	*track*	prank	*prank*
quack	*quack*	chap	*chap*
act	*act*	scrap	*scrap*
fact	*fact*	crash	*crash*
tact	*tact*	sash	*sash*
tract	*tract*	flax	*flax*

2.

e in met.

neck	dwell	kept	stress
peck	quell	crept	jest
check	belch	depth	chest
speck	bench	cress	quest
sect	clench	less	shell
keg	drench	bless	vex
smell	trench	dress	next
spell	quench	press	text
speck	*bench*	*depth*	*chest*

3.

i in pin.

rich	quick	pill	chip
thick	strict	spill	stint
kick	width	thrill	zinc
lick	skiff	till	chink
brick	cliff	quill	squint
trick	stiff	swill	fix
sick	chill	milk	script
stick	skill	quilt	minx
stick	*width*	*thrill*	*minx*

4.

o in **not.**		**u** in **tub.**	
dock	sock	scrub	gruff
lock	stock	much	stuff
block	scoff	such	dull
clock	strong	duck	chunk
flock	throng	struck	junk
mock	chop	scud	skulk
crock	cloth	cuff	scum
frock	broth	snuff	trunk
strong	*cloth*	*such*	*chunk*

5.

a in **far** and **a** in **all.**

Sound the **r** clearly. Say **jar**, not **jah**; **charm**, not **chahm.** Do not pronounce **aw** as if ending in **r.** Say **jaw**, not **jawr.**

jar	[aw]	crawl	scald
scar	caw	drawl	squall
scarf	jaw	scrawl	sward
chart	claw	sprawl	swarm
charm	squaw	yawn	quart
arch	shawl	[a]	dwarf
march	yawl	tall	warm
are	brawl	stall	warp
march	*brawl*	*crawl*	*scald*

6.

ch in **church.**

chub	chin	which	such
chum	inch	lunch	much
chill	finch	bunch	larch
chink	pinch	punch	starch
filch	clinch	munch	torch
milch	flinch	church	scorch
which	*church*	*bunch*	*scorch*

7.

tch sounded like **ch.**

catch	snatch	pitch	botch
hatch	scratch	ditch	notch
latch	fetch	hitch	blotch
batch	stretch	stitch	watch
patch	sketch	twitch	clutch
match	witch	switch	crutch
catch	*match*	*scratch*	*switch*

Hens sit on eggs and hatch them.
Will you fetch me some drink?
A stitch in time saves nine.

8.

a in **ape.**

face glade
lace made
pace spade
space grade
race chafe
grace make
trace snake
fade quake
shade scale
blade lame

A child's face.
We can run a race.
No track or trace could be seen.
A glade or open space in a wood.
The grade or slope of a road.

9.

shame mate
blame prate
shape skate
crape gaze
scrape blaze
case glaze
chase graze
haste change
paste strange
taste bathe

Scrape off the mud.
The dog will chase the old red fox.
Cows graze or eat the green grass.
A strange tale.
We can gaze at the full round moon.

10.

o in note.

chore	roll
strode	scroll
coke	droll
choke	stroll
joke	colt
poke	slope
spoke	cope
stroke	core
scold	score
stole	more

Have you any chores for me to do?

Let us take a stroll.

A scroll of paper.

Coke, half-burnt coal.

I cannot cope with that strong man.

The slope of the hill.

11.

tore	prose
wore	both
force	clothe
forge	doze
porch	don't
shorn	[oe]
gross	foe
worn	hoe
those	toe
rose	woe

Blacksmiths forge red-hot iron.

We sat in the porch of the house.

Is it written in prose or in verse?

I will let you use the new hoe.

12.

i in pine.

ice	squire	*A slice of cake.*
slice	wise	*What is the price of*
spice	size	*a yard of lace?*
price	prize	*Twice ten is a score.*
thrice	bli*th*e	*The little child was*
twice	rind	*blithe and gay.*
chime	[ie]	*He has won the prize.*
dive	die	
spire	pie	
scribe	tie	

13.

u in mute.

cube	use	*A cube has six sides.*
tube	mule	*To dupe or cheat.*
huge	mute	*He wore a gay plume*
plume	[ew]	*on his hat.*
June	few	*The rain fell and*
tune	new	*the wind blew.*
dupe	clew	*Don't ask me to give*
flute	blew	*him the clew.*
cure	flew	
pure	stew	

14.

a in **ask.**

This sound is not so broad and open as the full sound of a in arm.

dance	sha'n't	glass	shaft
chance	grant	pass	craft
lance	ask	grass	graft
glance	cask	cast	staff
blanch	clasp	fast	chaff
branch	grasp	last	quaff
chant	lass	past	lath

To quaff means to drink largely

15.

ou in **out,** or **ow** in **cow.**

Do not sound the diphthong **ou** or **ow** as if ă͡o͡o͡, but as ă͡o͡o͡. Do not say **tăoon, păoond.**

bound	south	snout	brown
ground	pouch	count	gown
hound	couch	scour	town
pound	crouch	shroud	drown
round	slouch	lounge	scow
ounce	oust	gouge	scowl
mouth	sprout	spouse	browse

Sheep browse on sprigs and buds.

16.

g and **dg** sounded like **j**.

charge	strānge	hedge	dodge
cringe	badge	fledge	lodge
hinge	edge	wedge	budge
fōrge	ledge	dredge	judge
purge	pledge	ridge	drudge
scourge	sledge	bridge	grudge

To scourge or whip severely.

17.

wh sounded as if **hw**.

In the following words **wh** is an aspirated **w**. Be careful to say **hwen** for **when**, not **wen**; **hwitch** for **which**, not **witch**.

whale	wheel	which	while
what	wheeze	whisk	whilst
wharf	where	whist	white
when	whiz	whir	whine
whence	whip	whirl	whelm
whelp	whiff	why	wharves

whis′per	whip′lash	whet′stone
whis ker	whirl wind	white wash

Wharves where ships unload

18.

oo in **moon.**

root	do	rule	brew
roost	to	rude	chew
soon	who	prude	crew
tooth	whose	crude	drew
smoo*th*	whom	brute	grew
noose	lose	truce	threw
choose	move	spruce	screw
groove	prove	truth	shrewd

Crude means raw, rough, or unripe.

19.

e in **her** or **u** in **fur.**

her	scurf	stir	word
fern	curse	third	work
stern	nurse	shirt	world
perch	purse	mirth	worm
were	squirm	first	worse
nerve	chirp	thirst	worst
verse	dirt	whirl	worth

Ferns grow in moist soil.

They were full of play and mirth.

He had a sour, stern look.

20.

Several kinds of vowel sounds.

hence	axe	voice	add
thence	fâlse	noise	egg
pence	gone	house	ebb
fence	have	spare	off
since	tense	share	odds
these	dense	scare	was
mere	sense	else	glimpse

Dense fog arose from the sea.

A glimpse or a fleeting view

21.

Be careful to pronounce the following words correctly.

jar	fōrge	since	crouch
charm	pōrch	fast	spouse
catch	June	egg	when
rind	tube	how	what
squire	chant	town	sha'n't
quōth	chance	gown	rule
bli*th*e	are (*r*)	ground	chew
li*th*e	wĕre	snout	truths

Lithe means nimble or easily bent.

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FROM

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9 Sept. 1898.

ION.

1.

eye
thumb
knee
fin'ger
el bōw
eye brow

part of the **head.**
eeks. 3. The girl
ints of the **knee,**
is in your **mouth.**

S.

jack'et
rib bon
but ton
gai ters
a prons
slip pers

ds. 2. **Shoes**
cket. 4. The
6. She put a

REVIEW LESSONS.

22.	23.
why	whirl
shall	lodge
quill	gouge
zinc	clew
such	clothe
much	choke
catch	stole
stretch	scroll
which	use
couch	doze
sketch	botch
āre	watch
quart	axe
shawl	whose
these	shrewd
scrawl	worm
glimpse	nurse
starch	worse
scale	mirth
blaze	first
space	worst
else	scourge

Zinc is a metal.

Which one do you like best?

How much does the watch cost?

I like such a watch.

Whose axe is that?

He is a shrewd, cunning man.

The chirp of birds.

A gouge to cut grooves in wood.

A wide and long couch to lie on.

To lodge in an old hut or a cave.

To purge, clear, or cleanse.

SECOND SECTION.

24.

Parts of the body.

head	ear	hair	eye
breast	tooth	waist	thumb
skull	mouth	heart	knee
cheek	tŏngue	nail	fin′ger
toes	throat	wrist	el bōw
foot	bēard	joint	eye brow

Dictation Exercise 1. — 1. The **skull** is part of the **head.** 2. The **beard** grows on the **chin** and the **cheeks.** 3. The girl has a slim **waist.** 4. We can bend the **joints** of the **knee,** the **wrist,** and the **elbow.** 5. Your **tongue** is in your **mouth.** 6. Your **thumb** has a thick **nail.**

25.

Words concerning clothes.

frock	shirt	flounce	jack′et
coat	hood	pock′et	rib bon
cloak	hooks	a pron (*a′purn*)	but ton
boot	gown	trou sers	gai ters
shoe	sleeves	bŏn net	a prons
scarf	gloves	stock ing	slip pers

Dictation Exercise 2. — 1. **Gloves** are for the hands. 2. **Shoes** are for the feet. 3. The little boy's **trousers** and **jacket.** 4. The girls' **scarfs** and **ribbons.** 5. Tie on your **apron.** 6. She put a **bonnet** on her head. 7. A **flounce** on a **dress.**

26.

Words concerning Food.

tea	cheese	pie	knife
wheat	beef	bread	knives
meal	loaf	broth	fork
cream	loaves	plate	stew
meat	toast	steăk	but'ter
veal	roast	soup	din ner
peas	chop	sauce	sup per
beans	spoon	fruit	cut let

Dictation Exercise 3. — 1. Will you have some **cream toast**? 2. No, I will have some **roast beef**. 3. Please to give me a piece of **pie** and a bit of **cheese**. 4. I will have a **beefsteak** and some **fruit**. 5. I will take a **veal cutlet**.

27.

What we can do.

see	eat	chat	yawn
peep	hear	talk	groan
sleep	speak	walk	touch
weep	dream	jump	work
sneeze	gaze	shout	frown
feel	look	läugh	shriēk
kneel	call	sigh	scratch
breath e	bawl	snore	climb

Dictation Exercise 4. — 1. Can you **hear** me **talk**? 2. We should **breathe** pure air. 3. You must not **laugh** so loud. 4. She **sighs** because she is sad. 5. **Groans** were heard, and then loud **shrieks**. 6. We will **climb** the hill.

28.

In the House.

floor	rooms	bȧs'ket	ta'ble
doors	pan'try	buck et	la dle
chairs	clos et	gob let	cra dle
stairs	par lor	car pet	nee dle
stove	kitch en	blank et	thim ble
churn	chām ber	tea cup	nap kin
bōwls	bed room	sau cer	tum bler

Dictation Exercise 5. — 1. Please to take the **chairs** into the **parlor.** 2. The **churn** is in the **kitchen.** 3. Shut the **door** of the **chamber.** 4. Please to give me a **goblet** of milk. 5. The **teacup** sits in the **saucer.** 6. Your frock hangs in the **closet.**

29.

In the House.

soap	lounge	at'tic	grid'dle
coal	sieve (*siv*)	gar ret	pil lōws
wood	so'fa	plat ter	mir ror
pail	heärth	dip per	skim mer
sheets	tow el	ket tles	po ker
tongs	man tel	bot tles	win dōw
cōmb	en try	snuf fers	bed quilt

look'ing-glass sauce'pan rock'ing-chair

Dictation Exercise 6. — 1. We sift the meal with a fine **sieve.** 2. There is some dirt on the stove **hearth.** 3. A **comb** for the hair. 4. A **towel** to wipe the face. 5. The clock is on the **mantel.** 6. We can play in the **attic, or garret.**

30.

In the Country.

fields	riv'er	swale	cat'tle
stream	for est	swamp	hăr rōw
brook	flow ers	breeze	reap er
woods	or chard	clouds	mōw er
trees	mĕad ow	roads	hay stack
călf	gar den	plains	pitch fork
călves	corn field	lambs	cot tage

Dictation Exercise 7. — 1. The **calves** are in the **cornfield**. 2. **Flowers** bloom in the **meadow**. 3. Apples **grow** in the **orchard**. 4. A fresh **breeze**. 5. A **cottage** stands on the **river's** bank. 6. We can load hay with a **pitchfork**.

31.

In the Country.

gate	shrubs	birds	ox'en
rake	hedge	fowls	wag on
spade	ledge	geese	hil locks
grain	ridge	sheep	chick ens
plough	bridge	knōlls	plough share
weeds	ditch	bush'es	plough man
pig'sty	chasm	leaves	păst ure

farm'house door'yard barn'yard

Dictation Exercise 8. — 1. The horses draw the **plough**. 2. The **cattle** are in the **pasture**. 3. The **sheep** are on the grassy **knolls**. 4. Shall we feed the **chickens**? 5. Birds sing in the **hedge**. 6. Beyond the **ridge** was a deep **chasm** (*kazm*).

32.

THE EARTH AND THE SEA.

world
wa'ter
much
there
sea
flows
beasts
worms
earth
soil
mould
ores
ĭr'on
lĕad
some
ver'y
eye
clear
boats
sail
high
they

The *world* we live in is round like a ball. It is part land and part *water*. There is not so *much* land as *there* is *sea*. The sea *flows* round the land.

Men and *beasts* and *worms* live on the *earth*. Trees and plants grow in the *soil*. The soil of the earth has stones, and sand, and clay, and *mould*, with *ores* of gold and *iron* (ī'*urn*), *lead* and tin.

Some parts of the earth are cold and some are not. In the cold parts of the earth are snow and ice. In the hot parts of the earth trees and plants grow *very* large.

The sea is very large. It is salt to the taste, and looks blue to the *eye* when the sky is *clear*. Fish of all kinds live in it. Ships and *boats sail* on it from place to place.

The sea has a tide which ebbs and flows. Twice a day the waters are *high* and twice a day *they* are low. The sea is from two to three miles deep in some parts.

33.

Fruits good to eat.

peach	cit′ron	straw′ber ry
ap′ple	chest nut	black ber ry
mel on	cŭr rant	blue ber ry
lem on	rai sin	cran ber ry
ŏr ange	cher ry	musk mel on
pear	ber ry	wa ter mel on

Dictation Exercise 9. — 1. **Melons** are good to eat when they are ripe. 2. Juicy **pears**. 3. Sour **currants**. 4. **Raisins** are dried grapes. 5. The **strawberry** is red. 6. **Cranberries** grow in the swamp. 7. **Walnuts** have a hard shell. 8. **Oranges** come from the South.

34.

REVIEW LESSON.

eye	toes	rye	knolls
ver′y	shoe	tongue	walk
sieve	sauce	thumb	rai′sin
thigh	shriek	knife	īr on
heart	chest nut	pitch fork	wag on

Be careful to pronounce the following words correctly.

cälf	trou′sers	tälk	wâ′ter
bēard	bŏn net	a pron	har row
stew	kitch en	tongs	so fa
läugh	chām ber	heärth	chick en
chasm	sau cer	cälves	plough share

35.

Fishes.		**Birds.**	
cod	perch	lark	finch
shad	pike	duck	thrush
smelt	shrimp	quail	wren
skate	eel	goose	crane
bass	trout	snipe	stork
roach	dace	swan (*swŏn*)	gull
sole	chub	grouse	loon

36.

Trades or Employments.

a′gent	turn′er	black′smith	tan′ner
farm er	mīn er	gold smith	tin ner
gro cer	bar ber	post man	hat ter
pōrt er	fire man	fish er man	ma son
print er	mer chant	mill er	sail or

37.

Well-known Trees.

ash	elm	yew	pop′lar
pine	birch	spruce	wil low
oak	larch	lo′cust	wâl nut
beech	pälm	ma ple	hem lock

Dictation Exercise 10. — 1. The **palm-tree** has broad leaves like the palm of one's hand. 2. The **oak**, the pine, and the **hemlock** are of great use to man. 3. The **codfish** swims in the sea. 4. The **trout** lives in cool streams. 5. The **grouse** and the **quail** are very good to eat. 6. The **wren** is a small bird. 7. **Sailors** sail on the sea. 8. The **merchant** sells goods.

38.

Tools to work with.

axe	gouge	trow′el	hatch′et
adze	au′ger	gim let	ham mer
wrench	chis el	pin cers	crow bar
hoe	an vil	ra zor	pick axe
wedge	hand saw	măl let	jack-knife
scy*the*	brad awl	fun nel	broad axe

Dictation Exercise 11. — 1. An **axe** is used to cut and split wood. 2. The carpenter uses an **adze** to chip off the surface of timber. 3. Blows of a **mallet** on the head of a **chisel**. 4. A **wrench** is used for forcibly turning bolts and nuts. 5. We can mow grass with a **scythe**. 6. The carpenter bores small holes with a **gimlet**. 7. **Pincers** are used for griping anything to be held fast.

39.

Relatives.

pâr′ents	daugh′ter	cous in (*kuz′n*)
chil dren	broth er	hus′band
făth er	sis ter	wife
moth er	un cle (*ung′kl*)	grand fath er
pa pa′	aunt (*ănt*)	grand moth er
mam ma	neph ew (*nev′-*)	grand son
son	niece (*nees*)	grand daugh ter

Dictation Exercise 12. — 1. My **father** and my **mother** are my **parents**. 2. My **cousin** is the **daughter** or the **son** of my **aunt** or of my **uncle**. 3. **Uncle** George calls me his **nephew** (*nev′yoo*) and my sister Mary his **niece**. 4. **Grandmother** calls my sister Mary her **granddaughter**.

40.

At School.

les′sons	ci′pher	sketch
stud y	add	rūl′er
learn	sub tract′	teach er
re cite′	mul′ti ply	schol ar
read′ing	di vide′	ink stand
writ ing	slate	black board
spell ing	pen′cil	school mate

writ′ing-books blot′ting-pa′per

41.

We should be —

man′ly	civ′il	truth′ful	re spect′ful
gen tle	po lite′	pa tient	gen′er ous
hon est	stĕad′y	gen teel′	well-be hāved′
clĕan ly	prompt	sin cere	kind-heärt′ed

We should not be —

cring′ing	sau′cy	rūde	cow′ard ly
crū el	stin gy	tat′tling	un washed′
dis hon′est	la zy	heed less	un combed
dir′ty	vul gar	sul len	ill-be hāved′

Dictation Exercise 13. — 1. I will hear you **recite** your **lesson.** 2. We use our **pencils** to **cipher** with. 3. I am your **sincere** friend. 4. We must be **patient** with a dull **scholar.** 5. No one likes a **rude** or **saucy** boy. 6. It is **cruel** to kill a song-bird. 7. His hair was **uncombed** and his face was **unwashed.** 8. Be ready and **prompt.**

42.

Numbers.

One	e lev′en	twen ty-one′	for′ty
two	twelve	twen ty-two	fif ty
three	thir teen′	twen ty-three	six ty
four	four teen	twen ty-four	sev en ty
five	fif teen	twen ty-five	eigh ty
six	six teen	twen ty-six	nine ty
sev′en	sev en teen	twen ty-sev en	hun dred
eight	eight een	twen ty-eight	thou sand
nine	nine teen	twen ty-nine	mill ion
ten	twen′ty	thir′ty	bill ion

43.

Names of the Days and the Months.

Sun′day	Jăn′u a ry	Ju ly′
Mon day	Feb ru a ry†	Au′gust
Tues day	March	Sep tem′ber
Wednes day*	A′pril	Oc to ber
Thurs day	May	No vem ber
Fri day	June	De cem ber
Sat ur day		

Thirty days hath September, April, June, and November;
February has twenty-eight alone; and all the rest have thirty-one
But *leap-year*, coming once in four, gives to February one day more

* *wenz′dā.* † *feb′roo-a-ry.*

THIRD SECTION.

44.

a in **mat.**

cab'in	plan'et	crack'er	bap'tist
al bum	band box	chap ter	tar iff
hab it	can did	satch el	ca nal'
rab id	ban tam	fam ish	ja pan
rap id	cav il	ban ish	a dapt
ban ter	mad am	van ish	mis hap

Dictation Exercise 14. — 1. A mad or **rabid** dog. 2. He seemed to be frank and **candid.** 3. He began to **cavil** at my remarks, and to find fault. 4. She held a **satchel** in her hand. 5. The list of duties on goods is called a **tariff.**

45.

e in **met.**

cred'it	fresh'et	a bet'	ex cel'
den tist	ten dril	a dept	re pel
pes ter	her ald	mo lest	im pel
shel ter	fren zy	a mend	pro pel
res in	sense less	be held	dis pel
pres ent	ho tel'	ca ress	com pel

Dictation Exercise 15. — 1. I do not **credit** such reports. 2. To **pester** or annoy. 3. The **tendrils** of a plant are its tender clinging shoots. 4. Who is the **herald** of this news? 5. An **adept** is one fully skilled in anything. 6. The rising sun will **dispel** the clouds.

46.

i in **pin.**

vis'it	riv'et	lim'pid	in stil'
quiv er	fidg et	win try	dis til
tim id	civ il	linch pin	un til
viv id	wit ness	nick el	e quip
spir it	liv er	for give'	it self
mim ic	thrift less	for bid	e clipse
sub mit'	mis tress	en rich	a miss

Dictation Exercise 16. — 1. A **vivid** flash of lightning. 2. He gave me a very **civil** answer. 3. A clear, **limpid** stream. 4. A cold, **wintry** day. 5. Stay **until** morning. 6. To **equip** troops for war. 7. An **eclipse** of the sun.

47.

o in **not.**

rob'in	clos'et	gob'let	ab scond'
prog ress	mod est	gos ling	a cross
flor id	nos tril	prov ince	be yond
vom it	on set	gob lin	a long
proj ect	prop er	lob ster	re sponse
pros pect	pon der	mon ster	re solve
con vict	non sense	yon der	prom'ise

Dictation Exercise 17. — 1. **Florid** means flushed with red; as, a **florid** face. 2. To **ponder** or think deeply on any **project** or scheme. 3. A **province** many square miles in extent. 4. He **absconded**, and has never returned. 5. I called aloud, and there was no **response**. 6. Keep your **promise.**

48.

u in **tub.**

sub′urb	mus′ty	pun′ish	ab rupt′
in flux	sulk y	buck et	ad just
in sult	cus tom	mus ket	ro bust
cul prit	pub lic	trum pet	con sult
hun dred	num ber	but ment	a dult
im pulse	blun der	budg et	dis cuss
bulk y	con duct	judg ment	dĭ vulge

Dictation Exercise 18. — 1. The **suburbs** of the city are pleasant. 2. The **culprit** looked guilty. 3. It was not done from sober thought, but from a hasty **impulse.** 4. The stone **butments** at the ends of the bridge. 5. If you ask his advice you will find him a man of sound **judgment.**

49.

Let the final **t** be clearly **sounded.**

as′pect	at tract′	ex pect′	crit′ic
con flict	ef fect	re flect	an tic
in sect	dis tinct	se lect	li lac
ob ject	re strict	sus pect	pic nic
sub ject	de fect	re spect	log ic
ex tract	de ject	in spect	fran tic
prod uct	e rect	dis′trict	frol ic

Dictation Exercise 19. — 1. The **aspect** was gloomy. 2. Let me **reflect** awhile on that **subject.** 3. The sound is very **distinct.** 4. He may be innocent of the deed, but I **suspect** him. 5. She was almost **frantic** with grief.

50.

The nouns change y into ies for the plural: as, singular, baby; plural, babies (*ba'biz*). **[y final like ĭ without stress.]**

ba'by	cit'y	pu'ny	va'ry
po ny	bod y	ti dy	ju ry
po sy	fan cy	ti ny	live ly
dai sy	can dy	filth y	tru ly
dai ry	pit y	greed y	drop sy
glo ry	cop y	pōrt ly	pig my
sto ry	lil y	stin gy	scur vy

Dictation Exercise 20. — 1. We picked some **posies**. 2. **Daisies** grow in the meadow. 3. The large white **pond-lily**. 4. At the end he wrote, "I am **very truly** yours."

Form sentences containing the plurals of the following: — **city, fancy, copy, story, jury, lily, body.**

51.

Be careful to sound the final **r.**

pa'per	slen'der	nev'er	shiv'er
fil ter	slum ber	spi der	char ter
fur ther	prim er	mi ser	part ner
few er	draw er	quiv er	loi ter
hew er	whis per	so ber	ga*th* er
clev er	chap ter	cin der	pil fer
scam per	or der	quiv er	ul cer

Dictation Exercise 21. — 1. To **filter** cider by letting it drain through sand. 2. A bright, **clever** scholar. 3. The **miser** hoards up his money. 4. A **partner** is a sharer in a business. 5. Hot ashes and **cinders**. 6. To **pilfer** is to steal. 7. A child's **primer**.

52.

The nouns change **y** into **ies** for the plural: as, singular, **eddy**; plural, **eddies** (*ed'dĭz*).

hob'by	nin'ny	shab'by	hap'py
fol ly	pen ny	dal ly	pet ty
jel ly	mum my	sil ly	put ty
ral ly	pop py	chil ly	car ry
gul ly	pup py	bon ny	mer ry
tal ly	fer ry	glos sy	sor ry
dit ty	quar ry	mos sy	hŭr ry

Dictation Exercise 22. — 1. A stream ran through this deep **gully.** 2. She sang a mournful **ditty.** 3. He wore a **shabby** coat. 4. Such a **petty** matter is not worth talking about.

Form sentences containing the plurals of the following: — **hobby, penny, puppy, ferry, poppy, gully, folly.**

53.

Be careful to sound the final **r.**

lad'der	câll'er	dif'fer	mut'ter
lat ter	spell er	suf fer	cut ter
mat ter	bet ter	rud der	din ner
bat ter	fet ter	stop per	man ner
chat ter	let ter	rub ber	sum mer
dap per	clap per	sup per	glim mer
ban ner	slip per	flut ter	stam mer

Dictation Exercise 23. — 1. The fireman ran up the **ladder.** 2. His teeth they **chatter,** chatter still. 3. A trim, **dapper** little man. 4. It is **better** not to speak in so rude a **manner.** 5. Your **letter** came duly to hand.

a in ape.

54.

[a]

a bate′
a′gent
a wake
ba sis
a maze
ca per
for sake
ta per
e rase
scra per
be have
man ger
es cape
ha zy
pa rade
cra zy
pro fane
na bob
en rage
has ty
be came
ha tred
de face
na tive
dis grace
va cant
em brace
brace let
de range
base ment
ex change
case ment
lănd′scape

55.

[ai]

a wait
braid
a vail
chain
be wail
flail
re tail
frail
rai′ment
rail
plain tive
strain
pōr trait
ab stain′
plain tiff
at tain
[ay]
de tain
gray
dis dain
pōr tray′
do main
be tray
ex plain
de cay
main tain
de fray
ob tain
dis may
re main
rail′way
sus tain
pay ment

Dictation Exercise 24. — 1. The **basis** of public credit is good faith. 2. A **vacant** lot of land. 3. A **casement** is a sash opening on hinges. 4. The storm will soon **abate.** 5. From the top of the hill we saw a charming **landscape.** 6. **Erase** means to blot out. 7. He is poor, but you must not treat him with **disdain.** 8. Hardly enough food to **sustain** life. 9. In **plaintive** tones he **bewailed** his sad lot. 10. The **plaintiff** sued the defendant. 11. He will **maintain** his rank in the class. 12. To describe vividly a scene is to **portray** it. 13. We ride fast in the **railway** cars. 14. The **payment** of a debt.

e in eve.

56.		57.	
[e]	ad here′	sweet	dis creet′
e′qual	se rene	peeled	es teem
e dict	ex treme	fleece	ex ceed
be ing	su preme	sneeze	in deed
se cret	im pede	fleet	mis deed
que ry	con vene	reek	re deem
de cent	com pete	steep	suc ceed
re al	com plete	steer	tu reen
fre quent	se crete	veer	ve neer
le gal	[ee]	a gree′	gen teel
re bus	screech	a greed	keen′ly
ze nith	sleeve	a sleep	greed y
fe male	speech	be sēech	peev ish
pre cept	see*the*	be tween	meek ness
mere ly	squeeze	ca reer	meet ing
se vere′	queer	de cree	need ful
re vere	screen	de gree	greed i ly

Dictation Exercise 25. — 1. Do you know how to make the mark of a **query**? 2. Your old coat looks hardly **decent**. 3. You should be guided by wise **precepts**. 4. Several boys will **compete** for the prize. 5. A **serene** sky. 6. Where did the thief **secrete** the stolen goods? 7. The wind **veered** round to the north. 8. I have **agreed** to buy his house. 9. The actress said, "I **beseech** your mercy." 10. Will he **succeed** in his **career**? 11. He was ill-natured and **peevish**. 12. The young lady has very **genteel** manners. 13. We have gone to the **extreme** limit. 14. I **esteem** my kind friends.

e in eve.

58.		59.	
[ea]	ap peal′	plea	be reave′
bead	ap pear	rear	dis ease
beak	ar rears	sheaf	ap pease
beard	be neath	please	dis please
bleak	be queath	shears	be smear
bleach	be speak	sheath	re lease
bleat	con ceal	smear	in crease
cheap	de feat	speak	de crease
cheat	en treat	streak	leaf′let
drear	măl treat	teach	wea′ry
each	mis lead	yeast	leak′y
reach	en dear	zeal	greas′y
feast	de mean	weal	east′ern
least	re peal	weave	teach′er
freak	re peat	cease	preach′er
glean	re treat	creak	breath′ing
heap	re veal	lease	clear′ing

Dictation Exercise 26. — 1. The bird had a sharp **beak**. 2. We can **bleach** the cloth. 3. We must **glean** as many facts as we can. 4. My arm is not long enough to **reach** so far. 5. You can **appeal** to his sympathy. 6. His father will not **bequeath** all to him. 7. Did they **demean** themselves soberly? 8. Such conduct will **displease** your parents. 9. As the days began to **increase** the nights began to **decrease**. 10. He is a **discreet** man, and will not **mislead** you. 11. The **severe** toil made me very **weary**. 12. A cold rain fell, and it was a **bleak**, **drear** day. 13. We must **speak** the truth.

o in note.

60.

[o]

cro′cus
cro ny
glo ry
on ly
sto len
flo rist
brim stone
gro cer
no tice
stor age
fore man
lone ly
lone some
host ess
post age
post script

a dore′
a lone
a tone
a rose
dis pose
en close
pro pose
a shore
con sole
con trol
post pone
back bone
im plore
with hold
e lope
di vorce
mo rose

61.

[oa]

board
broach
coax
croak
goal
loa*th*e
hoax
moan
oath
loath
shoal
soak
a board′
ap proach
be moan
en croach

char′coal
in road
oak um
turn coat
rail road
coach man
loa*th* sŏme
loaf er

[ow]

own
sown
thrown
growth
be low′
be stow
low′ly
snow y

Dictation Exercise 27. — 1. The **grocer** sells tea. 2. I added a **postscript** to my letter. 3. You will have to **atone** for your sins. 4. I will **enclose** your note in my letter. 5. Can you **propose** any better plan? 6. We will **postpone** the visit till to-morrow. 7. The driver lost **control** over the horses. 8. I will **broach** the subject to him. 9. We did not **approach** very near the brink. 10. A sullen, **morose** man. 11. I am **loath** to leave you. 12. Did he **encroach** upon your rights? 13. The **growth** of a tree in one year. 14. **Bestow** praise upon the faithful scholar. 15. **Charcoal** is made from wood.

62.

o in **note.**

[ow]	shad′ow
fol′low	to *w*ards
fur row	show′y
hol low	ow ing
ăr row	mow ing
măr row	[ou]
spăr row	court
năr row	gourd
mel low	mould
sal low	mourn
shal low	source
bŏr row	poul′try
sŏr row	poul tĭce
tal low	shoul der
wil low	smoul der
win now	re source′
yel low	dis course

63.

oo in **moon.**

[oo]	[o]
groove	a do′
soo*th*e	un do
hoof	re move
a loof′	ap prove
re proof	im prove
un loose	re prove
up root	dis prove
sham poo	[ou]
ba boon	yours
poo′dle	youth
broom stick	tour ist
moon beam	con tour′
bride groom	group
dooms day	wound
woo er	un couth
school room	ba rouche

Dictation Exercise 28. — 1. The ploughman **follows** the plough and turns the **furrow**. 2. A **narrow** ribbon. 3. A **shallow** stream. 4. The bad conduct of his child caused him great **sorrow**. 5. I then went **towards** the house. 6. The jelly is turned into a **mould**. 7. The **source** of the river is a small spring. 8. A mustard **poultice** was put on his **shoulder**. 9. What **resource**, except money, has he? 10. All listened attentively to the **discourse**. 11. We must **improve** our handwriting. 12. He was clumsy, and his gestures were **uncouth**. 13. How many can ride in the **barouche** (*ba roosh′*)?

i in **pine.**

64.		65.	
[i]	de spise′	de vice	hy′dra
di′et	be side	de ride	ty ro
tri al	de cide	in side	sly ly
i tem	sub scribe	pro vide	by word
cli max	de scribe	sub side	hy drant
bri ny	in scribe	in cline	ty rant
vi per	pre scribe	de cline	oc cu py
a live′	pro scribe	sur mise	al ly′
po lite	tran scribe	sur prise	de fy
ex cite	sub lime	o blige	de ny
con cise	en tice	dis o blige	es py
in vite	ad vice	bee′hive	re ly
u nite	di vide	con trite	re ply
en tire	tire′some	ex̧ ile	ap ply
ac quire	grind stone	li cense	com ply
in quire	quăg mire	[y]	sup ply
ex pire	em pire	type	de cry
ad mire	mi grate	style	good-by

Dictation Exercise 29. — 1. A **trial** of skill. 2. His speech **excited** the feelings of his hearers. 3. The writer's **style** was very brief and **concise.** 4. Who shall **decide** when doctors disagree? 5. The doctor **prescribed** for the sick man. 6. One who is banished is said to be **proscribed.** 7. A crafty **device** or scheme. 8. The water began to **subside** yesterday. 9. I can only **surmise** what you mean. 10. He surely will not **disoblige** your father. 11. The cat crept **slyly** towards the bird. 12. A beginner is a **tyro.** 13. Who **occupies** the house now?

u in tube.

66. **67.**

The sound of long **u** is somewhat variable. In its purest form it is equivalent to **yo͞o**; after some consonants the initial element of the **u** is a *very brief* sound of short **i**. After **l** and **j** the initial element is the least, and by some is wholly dropped. Do not say **doo′ty, too′mult.**

[u]	pu′trid	in duce′	dis pute′
du′ly	pŭs tule	ma nure	mĭ nute
mu sic	cos tume	ma ture	[ew]
flu id	trib ute	in ure	mil′dew
flu ent	a muse′	se cure	pew ter
stu pid	re fuse	ob scure	sin ew
stat ute	a buse	ob tuse	stew ard
glob ule	con fuse	pro fuse	jew el
hu mid	in fuse	ex cuse	jews harp
tu mŭlt	as tute	con sume	re new′
stu dent	ex clude	de lude	[eu]
fu el	se clude	com pute	neu′ter
hu man	con duce	pre *s*ume	neu tral
lu nar	re duce	de mure	[eau]
pu pil	de duce	en dure	beau′ty
u nit	pro duce	dĭ lute	beau ti ful

Dictation Exercise 30. — 1. Your letter was **duly** received. 2. A **globule**, or little globe, of water. 3. An easy, **fluent** speaker. 4. She wore a **beautiful costume**. 5. A very **astute** remark. 6. I **presume** nothing would **induce** you to run so great a risk. 7. One who is **neutral** favors neither side. 8. A thing of **beauty** is a joy forever. 9. A **beautiful** flower.

68.

oi in oil.

[oi]	re coil
toi'let	em broil
toil er	re joice
loi ter	[oy]
boil er	loy'al
oint ment	roy al
a void'	oys ter
a droit	de coy'
a noint	de stroy
re join	em ploy

ow in cow.*

[ow]	pow'der
pow'er	bow els
show er	brow beat
bow er	dow er
cow er	dow dy
tow er	drow sy
glow er	cow ard

69.

ow in cow.

down'hill	a rouse'
down right	ca rouse
a vow'	es pouse
en dow	a bout
re nown	de vout
[ou]	de vour
foun'der	a loud
foun dry	a bound
floun der	a ground
coun ter	pro found
coun ty	con found
boun ty	as tound
mous ing	a mount
dis count	ac count
com pound	dis mount
scoun drel	re nounce
loung er	pro nounce
out cast	sur round
house hold	be foul

Dictation Exercise 31. — 1. The juggler was very **adroit** at his tricks. 2. When the gun was fired, it **recoiled**. 3. I **rejoice** at your good luck. 4. The fowler tried to **decoy** the wild ducks into a net. 5. This **showery** weather makes me **drowsy**. 6. Can you tell me what to **discount** a note at a bank means? 7. We **despise** so base a **scoundrel**. 8. **Pronounce** your words plainly.

* See Remark in Lesson 15, page 14.

70.

oo in book.

[oo]	wood	[u]	pul'let
hook	wood'y	pull	pul pit
shook	book case	full	bush el
brook	cook	push	bul rush
crook	cook y	bush	[ou]
took	a foot'	put	could
stood	wool	bull'frog	would
hoop	wool'len	bull dog	should

Dictation Exercise 32. — 1. The **woody** parts of plants. 2. My **bookcase** is made of a very hard **wood**. 3. We have **pulled** out many a trout from this **brook**. 4. **Woollen** cloth. 5. A **bushel** contains thirty-two quarts.

71.

a in fare.

[a]	scarce	[ai]	[ea]
pre pare'	square	fair'y	swear
be ware	care'fûl	lair	wear
com pare	dar ing	stair case	tear'ing
de clare	par ent	de spair'	[e]
a ware	hard ware	im pair	where
en snare	char y	re pair	there

Dictation Exercise 33. — 1. He who lives right is **prepared** to die. 2. **Beware** of the first false step. 3. Shall you **repair** the old house? 4. A **daring** deed. 5. The **lair** of a tiger. 6. Who will be **there**? 7. I must be **chary** of my promises. 8. You must never **despair** in so good a cause.

72.

a in **ape.** **e** in **eve.**

[ey]	[ea]	[ie]	priest
they	break	brief	shield
whey	great	chief	shriek
o bey′	[ei]	fiend	thief
con vey	skein	fierce	wield
sur vey	rein′deer	grief	field
grey′hound	hei nous	niece	yield

Dictation Exercise 34. — 1. You should **obey** your mother. 2. **They convey** travellers in the cars. 3. To **survey** or view the country. 4. She did not mean to **break** the plate. 5. A **great** or large house. 6. A **heinous** offence. 7. The **reindeer** lives in Lapland.

73.

u in **tub.** **u** in **tube.**

[o]	[ou]	[ue]	stat′ue
come	touch	cue	pur sue′
done	young	a′gue	[ui]
none	rough	ar gue	juice
shove	tough	res cue	sluice
front	[oo]	val ue	suit
sponge	blood	sub due′	law′suit
month	flood	en sue	pur suit′

Dictation Exercise 35. — 1. Divers get **sponges** in the sea. 2. **Rough** skin. 3. **Tough** meat. 4. Who will **rescue** the drowning men? 5. A marble **statue** of General Greene. 6. Death **ensued** within five minutes after the accident. 7. The **juice** of a lemon. 8. The **value** of an oil painting.

REVIEW AND TEST LESSONS.

74.

re cite′
pa′tient
sin cere′
ca reer
sau′cy
Wednes day
F'eb ru a ry
spir it
prom ise
no tice
sœp tic
lil y
sil ly
ver y
mœr ry
trú ly
few er
part ner
bet ter
land scape
pōr trait
a bāte′
fare well
af fair

mān′ger
pro fane′
main tain
be tween
con vene
su preme
re deem
com pete
re peat
dis creet
each
pierce
com plete
mal treat
sleeve
be queath
se vere
niece
be smear
post pone
be moan
a tone
broach
source

75.

to′wards
post script
a shore′
re proof
un couth
ad vice
con cise
tri′al
ty rant
ty ro
tire some
ob tuse′
con duce
sluice
re duce
pro fuse
beau′ti ful
dow dy
coun ty
cow ard
scoun drel
re nown′
as tound
wool′len

bul′rush
bull dog
glar ing
tear ing
care ful
stair case
pear-tree
in cite′
in side
com pare
im pair
re pair
pre pare
de spair
rein′deer
hei nous
gray
grey hound
sub due′
mil′dew
dis pute′
pur suit
du′ly
jew el

WORDS SOUNDED ALIKE BUT SPELLED DIFFERENTLY.

76.

1 **ale**, a kind of beer.
ail, to pain, to be ill.

2 **all**, everything.
awl, a tool.

3 **an**, one, any.
Ann, a woman's name.

4 **augur**, to predict by signs.
auger, a tool for boring.

5 **bad**, wicked, not good.
bade, told.

6 **bale**, a bundle.
bail, surety.

7 **bawled**, cried out.
bald, without hair on the head.

8 **ball**, a round body.
bawl, to cry out.

9 **bare**, uncovered.
bear, an animal; to endure.

10 **base**, mean, vile.
bass, a part in music.

77.

11 **bate**, to lessen.
bait, food to allure fish.

12 **bays**, arms of the sea.
baize, coarse woollen stuff.

13 **beach**, the sea-shore.
beech, a forest tree.

14 **beat**, to thrash.
beet, a garden vegetable.

15 **be**, to live.
bee, an insect.

16 **blew**, did blow.
blue, sky-colored.

17 **boar**, the male swine.
bore, to make a hole.

18 **brake**, a thicket of shrubs.
break, to smash.

19 **breach**, a breaking.
breech, part of a gun.

20 **bred**, brought up.
bread, food.

Exercise 36. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

What can (1) him? Bring me (3) (2). Her name was (3). The cloth was so (5) that I (5) him exchange it. (6) was accepted for the prisoner. The child (7) as loud as it could (8). I cannot (9) so strong a light. Near the (13) stands a (13) tree. We will (14) the carpet. (15) busy and happy like the (15). The wind (16). The carpenter used an (4) to (17) a hole. It is easy to (18) glass. A (19) in a wall. A well (20) man. (2) his goods. A (6) of hay. (9) feet. The (5) boy (14) his dog.

78.

1 **brews,** does brew.
bruise, a hurt; to crush.

2 **brows,** hairy ridges over the eyes.
browse, to feed on shrubs.

3 **but,** only, except.
butt, a laughing-stock.
butt, a large cask.

4 **by,** near.
buy, to purchase.

5 **Cain,** name of Abel's brother.
cane, a staff.

6 **cast,** to throw, to fling.
caste, a class of society, as among the Hindoos.

7 **cause,** reason.
caws, cries like a crow.

8 **cede,** to give up.
seed, that which is sown.

9 **cell,** a small, close room.
sell, to give for money.

79.

10 **cent,** a piece of money.
scent, odor.
sent, did send.

11 **cere,** to cover with wax.
sear, to burn.
seer, a prophet.
sere, dry, withered.

12 **chased,** pursued.
chaste, pure.

13 **choose,** to select.
chews, does chew.

14 **cite,** to call up.
sight, view.
site, situation.

15 **clause,** part of a sentence.
claws, talons of a bird, etc.

16 **clime,** climate, region.
climb, to ascend.

17 **coal,** a fuel.
cole, a sort of cabbage.

18 **coarse,** rough, not fine.
course, a place for running.

Exercise 37. — *Elliptical.*

(Put the right word in the right place.)

He will (1) his fingers. I could not (3) notice his shaggy (2). Do you wish to (4) a (5). He (6) the ring into the sea. What is the (7) of lightning? The king would not (8) away so much territory. He was shut up in a (9). Not a (10) of money have they (10) him. The (11) and yellow leaf. The dog (12) the fox. I do not (13) to look at so fearful a (14). (16) a tree. The meal is (18). The judge will (14) you to appear before him. The (8) was put into the ground. The sweet (10) of the wild rose. The tiger has sharp (15). Put some (17) on the fire.

FOURTH SECTION.

80.

u in **tub.**

[o]	[ou]
a bove′	doub′le
a mong	coup le
oth′er	troub le
smoth er	nour ish
col or	flour ish
com fort	south ern
cov et	coun try
come ly	cum brous
com bat	griev ous
noth ing	mon strous
won der	ner vous
wor ry	pi ous
pur pose	po rous
slov en	pom pous
doz en	won drous

81.

e in **met.**

[ea]	[ea]
breadth	tread
breast	cleanse
dead	heav′y
deaf	health y
dealt	wealth y
breath	bed stead
death	weath er
dread	feath er
health	leath er
realm	home stead
spread	break fast
stealth	stead fast
sweat	jeal ous
thread	zeal ous
threat	pleas ant

Dictation Exercise 38. — 1. Do not be afraid, you are **among** friends. 2. You must not **covet another's** watch. 3. A **comely** young woman. 4. You will gain **nothing** by waiting. 5. The dog will **worry** the cat. 6. The **sloven** wears an untidy dress. 7. A young married **couple.** 8. A **dozen** of eggs. 9. A **grievous** complaint. 10. The **breadth** of the **cloth.** 11. He is a **steadfast** friend and a **pleasant** companion.

82.

u in **fur.**

tur'bid	tur'tle	fur'ther	con cur'
tur moil	cur dle	bur dock	ab surd
sur plus	purs er	sur name	dis turb
ur chin	fur nish	church yard	dis burse
sur ly	surg ing	de mur'	un hurt
bur ly	churl ish	in cur	re turn
mur der	mur mur	re cur	un furl

83.

e in **her** like **u** in **fur.**

mer'cy.	ser'vant	con fer'	ex pert'
ver tex	mer maid	de fer	in sert
ver dict	ser pent	in fer	in vert
per fect	verb al	in ter	per vert
fer vent	a lert'	pre fer	su perb
fer vid	a vert	re fer	her self
her mit	con cern	in ert	per form

Dictation Exercise 39. — 1. The mud being stirred up made the water **turbid**. 2. My **fervent** wishes. 3. In the struggle and **turmoil** of life. 4. The **surging** billows. 5. A **perfect** likeness of the **urchin**. 6. It is **absurd** to **infer** from so slight a matter that he would **concur** with you in opinion. 7. The **murder** was committed by a big, **burly** workman. 8. I **demur** to your statement, but I will not be **surly** and **churlish**. 9. An **alert** young fellow. 10. Shall I **incur** his displeasure? 11. How shall we **avert** the danger? 12. You may be **purser** and **disburse** the money. 13. I will **return** and **perform** the task.

e in **her** or **u** in **fur.**

84.

[i]
dirge
dirt'y
thirst y
gir dle
cir cle
cir cu lar
cir cus
fir kin
vir gin
virt ue
mirth fûl
chirp ing
twirl ing
flirt ing
skir mish
birth day

irk'some
af firm'
con firm
in firm

[ea]
earn
ear'nest
heard
hearse
dearth
earth ly
pearl ash
search ing
learn ing
yearn ing
re hearse'
re search

85.

[e]
a verse'
as perse
con verse
de serve
re serve
dis perse
ob serve
per verse
pre serve
re serve
sub serve
re verse
trav'erse
ad verse'
e merge
dĭ verge

con verge'
co erce
cis'tern
cav ern
tav ern
lan tern

[o]
word'y
wor *th*y
wor ship
work shop
glow worm

[ou]
scourge
jour'nal
jour ney
ad journ'

Dictation Exercise 40. — 1. They sang a **dirge** at the funeral. 2. A **circular** letter is one which is **circulated** among persons having a common interest. 3. An **irksome** task. 4. I am not joking, I am in **earnest**. 5. By deep **research** he discovered these truths. 6. The actors **rehearsed** their parts. 7. He circulated these evil reports to **asperse** his neighbor's character. 8. Did you **observe** the eclipse of the sun? 9. He had a stubborn heart and a **perverse** temper. 10. You cannot **coerce** the man to do your bidding. 11. Intemperance is a great **scourge** of the human race.

86.

a in **ask.**

af′ter
raf ter
craft y
bas ket
cas ket
cas tle
mas tiff
nas ty
ras cal
pas tor
plas ter
past ure
pas time
mas ter
last ly
das tard
pass word
pass port
a las′
con trast
re past
sur pass
a mass
ad vance
en hance
en chant
en trance
mis chance
a slant
glanc′ing
pranc ing
chant ing
slan der
chand ler
ex̱ am′ple
de mand′

87.

oo in **moon.**

[u]

ru′in
ru ler
rude ly
crude ly
ruth less
ru ral
ru mor
gru el
bru tal
fru gal
tru ant
ab struse′
pe ruse
in trude
pro trude
ob trude
scru′ple

pru′dent
pru dence
tru ly

[ue]

rue
true
ac crue′
im brue
con′strue

[ui]

fruit
fruit′fûl
cruise
bruise
re cruit′

[ew]

chew′ing
es chew′

Dictation Exercise 41. — 1. The nobleman lived in a **castle**. 2. Our housekeeper was **frugal** and saving. 3. That large dog is a **mastiff**. 4. The **rascal** means to cheat you. 5. A **basket** of ripe **fruit**. 6. As we rode through the country we saw many pleasing **rural** scenes. 7. The rich green foliage **contrasts** finely with the clear blue sky. 8. That **rumor** is a foul **slander** of a good man. 9. As he pushed himself in the midst of us he said, "I hope I don't **intrude**." 10. He was choked till his tongue **protruded**.

a in **all** or **aw.**

88.

[a]

al′so
al most
al might′y
al′ma nac
al read′y
al′ways
al der
fal ter
pal ter
pal *s*y
pal *s*ied
pal try
balk y
bal sam
false hŏŏd
cal dron
ex alt′

squall′y
mis call′
be fall
in stall
in thrall
war′fare
ward robe
dwarf ish
swarth y
fore warn′
a ward
re ward
quar′ter

[au]

daub
be daub′
sauce
sau′cy

89.

vaunt
vault
fault
gauze
de fault′
fraud
de fraud
ex haust
au gust
as sault
be cause
gau′dy
au burn
pau per
plau dit
cau cus
fau cet
caus tic

[aw]

awn′ing
aw fûl
law fûl
law yer
brawn y
brawl er
draw er
draw ing
taw dry
mawk ish
daw dle
baw ble
wi*th* draw′

[oa]

broad
a broad′
broad′cast

Dictation Exercise 42. — 1. **Almost** all the squaws wore **tawdry** feathers. 2. A last year's **almanac**. 3. No one is wise **always**. 4. His **palsied** limbs. 5. He was **inthralled** by her fascinations. 6. A **swarthy** or **tawny** hue. 7. A **saucy**, disagreeable child. 8. They **dawdled** away their time over their teacups. 9. A **faulty** line in verse. 10. The drunken rowdy made an **assault** on a peaceable citizen. 11. The noisy **plaudits** of the crowd. 12. A child's **bawble** or plaything. 13. The struggle will **exhaust** his strength.

90.

o before r like aw.

bor'der	or'bit	ex tort'	for lorn'
cor ner	mor bid	dis tort	in form
horn y	sor did	ex hort	per form
hor net	tor pid	re cord	con form
morn ing	vor tex	a dorn	as sort
for tress	mor sel	ab hor	en dorse
dor mant	dis cord	ab sorb	re morse

Dictation Exercise 43. — 1. Bears lie **dormant** in winter. 2. Mean or **sordid** in disposition. 3. **Abhor** what is evil. 4. One in a state of **torpor** is unable to move. 5. The sponge **absorbs** much water. 6. The victors **extorted** tribute from the vanquished.

91.

a like o in not.

wad	wal'let	wad'dle	wan'ton
wash	wal low	waf fle	wan der
wand	swal low	quar rel	squan der
swamp	scal lop	quar ry	qual i ty
squad	squab ble	war rant	qual i fy
squash	squad ron	watch ful	quan ti ty
swath	squal'id	watch man	wad ding

quad'ru ped quar'rel some

Dictation Exercise 44. — 1. He mowed a **swath** of grass. 2. The **scallop** is a kind of shell-fish. 3. Our old duck **waddled** down to the pond. 4. A **quarry** of granite. 5. A wild and **wanton** herd. 6. A four-footed animal is a **quadruped.**

92.

a in **far.**

[a]	car′bon	dis charge′	[au]
har′vest	car cass	dis arm	flaunt
mar ket	cart age	re gard	gaunt
tar get	har ness	pla card	jaunt
scar let	a part′	[ea]	haunt
arch er	a larm	heark en	launch
mar gin	cĭ gar	heart y	craunch
hard ship	stanch	hearth	laun′dry

Dictation Exercise 45. — 1. A **scarlet**-colored ribbon. 2. A box of **cigars**. 3. Will they **launch** the ship to-day? 4. A **stanch**, well-made vessel. 5. The cricket on the **hearth**.

93.

Be careful to sound the final **a** correctly. It is not so strong as **a** in **far**. — Do not pronounce these words as if they ended in **y** (ĭ).

e′ra	bo′a	quo′ta	a′re a
so fa	ga la	Do ra	cu po la
pol ka	mi ca	Flo ra	op e ra
la va	bro ma	Em ma	a ro′ma
so da	stig ma	com ma	sa li va
Chi na	dog ma	vil la	um brel la
ze bra	ex tra	i o′ta	dĭ plo ma

Dictation Exercise 46. — 1. **Broma** is a kind of cocoa. 2. The **cupola** on the building is shaped like a half globe. 3. The **area** of a piece of land. 4. The **aroma** of many flowers. 5. My new silk **umbrella**.

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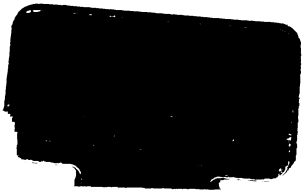


94.

c before **e, i,** and **y** has the sound of **s.**

ra′cy	ci′der	vis′cid	cem′ent
spi cy	cin der	cis tern	fac ĭle
tac it	de cent	con cert	ac id
lan cet	lu cid	doc ĭle	plac id
dul cet	ran cid	par cel	proc ess
cen sus	e vince′	li cense	ex plic′it

Dictation Exercise 47. — 1. A **tacit** agreement, that is, a silent or implied agreement. 2. The **dulcet** tones of the flute. 3. A **lucid** statement of the affair. 4. Some **viscid** substance like glue. 5. Dogs are more **docile** than many other animals. 6. A plain and **explicit** statement. 7. A **placid** look on his face. 8. By due **process** of law.

95.

s in many words has the sound of **z.**

ro′sy	des sert′	prism	dam′sel
noi sy	dis own	tru′ism	pres ence
dis mal	dis gorge	flim′sy	fore goes′
dis may′	hus′sy	bap tism	ad vise
na′sal	pos sess′	re solve	de mise
eas el	dis solve	ab solve	bees′wax
quin sy	ac cuse	fran chĭse	re sound′

Dictation Exercise 48. — 1. A **nasal** tone. 2. The **demise** or death of a sovereign. 3. The artist's **easel** or frame for holding the canvas. 4. Some trifling **truism** or trite saying. 5. The rite of **baptism.** 6. The privilege or right of voting is a **franchise.** 7. This was done in my **presence.**

96.

g and **dg** like **j**.

g before **e**, **i**, and **y** usually sounds like **j**.

gi′ant	ge′nus	re venge′	fidg′et
gib bet	dig it	o blige	edge wise
gib lets	rig id	frig′id	car tridge
gin ger	ves tige	gyp sy	par tridge
wa ger	loz enge	gyp sum	por ridge
gim′crack	frag ĭle	gym nast	knŏwl edge

Dictation Exercise 49. — 1. A **gibbet** is a kind of gallows. 2. The hare and the tortoise laid a **wager** which would get there first. 3. But few **vestiges** of the Indians remain. 4. I am very much **obliged** for your kindness. 5. Oatmeal **porridge** is healthful. 6. A band of roving **gypsies**. 7. **Knowledge** is power.

97.

REVIEW AND TEST LESSON.

come′ly	ser′pent	heard	ac crue′
doub le	sur name	skir′mish	re cruit
stead fast	mer maid	scourge	al′ways
fur nish	mur mur	e merge′	pal try
fer vid	baw ble	rȧs′cal	as sault′
de mur′	gau dy	cȧs tle	gaunt
pre fer	co erce′	frag ile	cem′ent
dis turb	dis perse	bruise	ci gar′
su perb	earth ly	pe ruse′	pos sess
re search	mirth ful	tac′it	proc′ess

WORDS SOUNDED ALIKE BUT SPELLED DIFFERENTLY.

98.

1. **coat,** a man's outer garment.
   cote, a sheep-fold.
2. **creak,** to make a harsh noise.
   creek, a small inlet or brook.
3. **crews,** sailors of ships.
   cruise, to sail about.
4. **cru'el,** unmerciful.
   crew'el, a worsted yarn.
5. **Dane,** a native of Denmark.
   deign, to grant.
6. **dear,** costly, beloved.
   deer, an animal.
7. **dew,** vapor falling at night.
   due, owing.
8. **die,** to become lifeless.
   dye, to color.
9. **dire,** dreadful.
   dyer, one who dyes.
10. **dun,** to ask for debt.
    done, performed.

99.

11. **fair,** a market, beautiful.
    fare, charge for carrying.
12. **feat,** a difficult deed.
    feet, plural of *foot*.
13. **find,** to discover.
    fined, punished by fine.
14. **fir,** a tree.
    fur, skin with soft hair.
15. **flea,** an insect.
    flee, to run away.
16. **flew,** did fly.
    flue, a chimney-pipe.
17. **flour,** fine meal.
    flower, a blossom.
18. **fore,** in front.
    four, twice two.
19. **forth,** forward.
    fourth, the last of four.
20. **foul,** dirty, filthy.
    fowl, a bird.

Exercise 50. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

I lost my (1) in the (2) while on a short (3). A (4) boy will be a (4) man. The hunter shot a fat (6). I would not (5) to speak to so low a person. All men must (8). A (9) evil befell them. The work is (10). A heavy (7) fell last night. The sheep were put into the (1). You should (10) him for what is (7). By trade he is a (9). A (11) lady. A quadruped has four (12). Did you (13) any berries in the field? The muff was made of soft (14). The bite of a (15). The eagle (16) over the (14) tree. The hen is a (20). A sweet-smelling (17).

100.

1 **gait,** manner of walking.
gate, a sort of door.

2 **glare,** a dazzling light.
glair, the white of an egg.

3 **grate,** to scrape by rubbing.
grate, a frame for a fire.
great, large.

4 **grater,** to grate with.
greater, larger.

5 **groan,** a deep sigh.
grown, become larger.

6 **hail,** frozen rain, to salute.
hale, well, hearty.

7 **hair,** of the head.
hare, an animal.

8 **hall,** a large room.
haul, to pull, and to draw.

9 **hart,** an animal.
heart, the seat of life.

101.

10 **heal,** to cure.
heel, a part of the foot.

11 **here,** in this place.
hear, to listen.

12 **herd,** beasts that feed together.
heard, did hear.

13 **hew,** to cut.
hue, color, tint.

14 **hide,** to conceal.
hied, hastened.

15 **hie,** to go.
high, lofty.

16 **hire,** to engage for pay.
higher, more high.

17 **hoard,** to store secretly.
horde, a roving tribe.

18 **hoes,** plural of *hoe.*
hose, stockings, a tube.

19 **hole,** an opening.
whole, all.

Exercise 51. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

Open the (1) and walk in. The fire glows in the (3). The (2) of the sun. We heard a deep (5). A (4) for nutmeg. He was (6) and hearty. The (7) is a timid animal. The horses cannot (8) so heavy a load. You can feel your (9) beat. She has (5) to be a large girl. A (3) army. He tried to (10) the wound. Do you (11) what I say? I (12) you tell the story. What is the (13) of the rainbow? We will (14) in the barn. A (15) mountain. A (17) of barbarians. A (19) week has gone. Did he (17) up his money? A pair of cotton (18). To (16) a horse for a day. I will stand (11). A (12) of cattle.

102.

1 **home**, one's dwelling-place.
holm, the evergreen oak.

2 **I**, myself.
eye, the organ of sight.
ay, yes.

3 **in**, inside.
inn, a tavern.

4 **lac**, a gum.
lack, want.

5 **lacks**, needs.
lax, loose, not strict.

6 **lade**, to load.
laid, placed.

7 **lane**, a passage.
lain, reclined.

8 **laps**, licks as a dog.
lapse, a gliding or slipping.

9 **lea**, meadow land.
lee, the sheltered side.

10 **leaf**, of a tree, etc.
lief, willingly.

103.

11 **leak**, to run out.
leek, a plant.

12 **led**, did lead.
lead, a metal.

13 **lie**, a falsehood.
lye, a solution of potash

14 **lead**, a burden.
lode, an ore-producing vein.

15 **loan**, something lent.
lone, single, solitary.

16 **lore**, learning.
lower, more low.

17 **made**, formed.
maid, a young girl.

18 **male**, opposite of female.
mail, a letter-bag.

19 **mane**, long hair on the neck
main, chief. [of a horse.

20 **maze**, perplexity.
maize, Indian corn.

Exercise 52. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

There is no place like (1). She had a large brown (2). (2) took a seat (3) the carriage. Varnish is made of (4). The discipline was (5). They have (6) upon him a heavy (14). We walked down the (7). The (8) of time. The (9) side of a vessel. We can go into the (3). I had as (10) go as stay. The cattle have (7) down. The milk may (11) out of the pail. He (12) the horse to water. He was truthful and would not tell a (13). A metallic vein is a (14). A (15) of money. The (16) of books. The (17) (17) a low bow. Were there any letters by (18). One of the (19) streets A cake (17) of (20).

FIFTH SECTION.

104.

The termination **-ing** means **the act, continuing to do** (the act): **as, driving,** *the act* of one who drives.

Do not sound **ing** as **in.** Say **driv'ing,** not **driv'in; go'ing,** not **go'in.**

hoe'ing	pitch'ing	har'vest ing	see'ing
reap ing	churn ing	sweep ing	feel ing
thresh ing	weed ing	roast ing	touch ing
dig ging	drag ging	ir on ing	tast ing
hay ing	ditch ing	scrub bing	smell ing
chop ping	plough ing	scour ing	hear ing

105.

ed, of verbs, means **did**; as, **ploughed,** *did* plough.

tired	pleased	hoot'ed	wait'ed
climbed	squeezed	bleat ed	car pet ed
played	ploughed	weed ed	har vest ed
stayed	drowned	roast ed	vis it ed

ed sounded like **t.**

picked	searched	reaped	marched
forced	scratched	laughed	touched
wâtched	vexed	looked	matched
fetched	danced	reached	pun'ished
nursed	talked	screeched	en riched'

106.

The suffix -ful in adjectives means full of, having; as, skilful, *full of* **skill. Sometimes -ful means causing; as, dreadful,** *causing* dread.

(*Put out two words at a time, as 'useful books.'*)

use'ful	books.	waste'ful	hab'its.
wil ful	chil dren.	art ful	rogues.
sloth ful	work men.	youth ful	sports.
truth ful	re ports'.	fruit ful	or chards.
care ful	moth'ers.	pow er ful	na vies.
grace ful	speak ers.	plen ti ful	har vests.
peace ful	homes.	shame ful	deeds.
joy ful	cries.	faith ful	friends.

107.

The suffix **-less** means **without,** or **destitute of**; as, **careless,** *without* care; **childless,** *without* a child.

speech'less	shame'less	pain'less	aim'less
count less	joy less	shift less	fruit less
blame less	grace less	match less	thank less
worth less	harm less	cheer less	doubt less

Write or **spell**:

need'less	a larms'.	sleep'less	nights.
heed less	foot'steps.	hope less	ef'fôrts.
fear less	speech es.	heart less	con duct.
faith less	lov ers.	reck less	dar ing.
care less	work men.	fruit less	de signs'.
bound less	ex tent'.	cloud less	skies.

108.

The suffix **-ish** means **somewhat**, or **somewhat like**, or **having the quality of**; as, **whitish**, *somewhat* white, **sheepish**, *somewhat like* a sheep.

sheep′ish	girl′ish	sot′tish	mūl′ish
wolf ish	sour ish	fop pish	blu ish
boy ish	green ish	red dish	whīt ish
clown ish	bear ish	snap pish	rogu ish

Write or **spell**:

child′ish	prat′tle.	dwarf′ish	stat′ure.
boor ish	man ners.	sweet ish	flav or.
fiēnd ish	ha tred.	wasp ish	tem per.
styl ish	at tire′.	churl ish	nāt ure.

109.

The suffix **-y** generally means **full of**, or **having**; as, **misty**, *full of* mist, **thirsty**, *having* thirst.

cream′y	blood′y	craft′y	greed′y
down y	rain y	sweat y	hun gry
wood y	storm y	mood y	cloud y
flee cy	curl y	sleet y	ea s̨y

Write or **spell**:

i′cy	streams.	health′y	bod′ies.
trust y	ser′vant.	shad y	path way.
thirst y	cat tle.	mould y	cheese.
heart y	greet ing.	might y	na tions.
wealth y	mer chant.	guilt y	ac tions.

110.

The suffix **-ly**, forming adverbs, generally means **manner**; as **neatly**, in a neat *manner*.

tame'ly	coarse'ly	meek'ly	stout'ly
sharp ly	dear ly	rude ly	ten der ly
stiff ly	la zi ly	shrewd ly	proud ly
cälm ly	mean ly	sore ly	pain ful ly

Write or **spell**:

treat'ed	kind'ly.	fond'ly	loved.
act ed	base ly.	fair ly	gained.
glid ed	smooth ly.	loose'ly	tied.
glanced	coy ly.	rich ly	dressed.
shout ed	loud ly.	rash ly	spōk'en.
turned	quick ly.	mor tal ly	wôund ed.

111.

The suffix **-ness** means **state, condition,** or **quality**; as, **sickness,** the *state* of being sick. — Say **ness**, not **niss**.

base'ness	fair'ness	smooth'ness	meek'ness
same ness	fine ness	rude ness	cheap ness
small ness	harsh ness	shrewd ness	hoarse ness
tall ness	weak ness	sore ness	i dle ness
ill ness	large ness	sound ness	cool ness
cälm ness	loud ness	stern ness	quick ness
coarse ness	neat ness	lean ness	dul ness
clear ness	near ness	mean ness	fûl ness

112.

The suffix **-er** in adjectives means **more**, and **-est** means **most**; as, **abler**, *more* able, **ablest**, *most* able.

foul'er . .	foul'est	clean'er . .	clean'est
green er	green est	dear er	dear est
black er	black est	cheap er	cheap est
round er	round est	fierc er	fierc est
high er	high est	ug li er	ug li est
qui et er	qui et est	no bler	no blest
great er	great est	larg er	larg est
quick er	quick est	loos er	loos est
weak er	weak est	coars er	coars est
bright er	bright est	glad der	glad dest

113.

The suffix **-er** in nouns means **one who** or **that which**; as, **buyer**, *one who* buys, **boiler**, *that which* is used in boiling.

help'er	toil'er	pay'er	paint'er
trād er	boast er	mak er	hear er
deal er	work er	writ er	catch er
sell er	mourn er	skat er	mill er
dream er	watch er	weav er	dip per
plant er	teach er	drov er	run ner
farm er	preach er	brew er	tan ner
print er	speak er	wear er	rob ber
read er	talk er	bear er	swim mer
build er	walk er	gam bler	strag gler

114.

The prefix **un** in adjectives means **not**; as, **unclean**, *not* clean.

un fair′	un clean′	un true′	un ea′sy
un hurt	un paid	un tried	un hap py
un just	un sold	un luck′y	un skil ful
un kind	un told	un feel ing	un health y
un born	un sound	un a ble	un stead y
un safe	un bound	un law ful	un will ing
un seen	un worn	un love ly	un heard

115.

The prefix **un** in verbs means **to take off, to undo what has been done**; as, **unrobe**, *to take off* the robe.

The prefix **out** means **beyond, more than**; as, **outbid**, to bid *beyond* or *more than* another.

un bolt′	un yoke′	un hand′	out do′
un bar	un twist	un tie	out go
un bend	un robe	un make	out live
un bind	un dress	un hitch	out last
un curl	un roll	un cov′er	out sail
un fold	un say	un load′	out wear
un pin	un wind	un lace	out worn
un lock	un pack	un veil	out done

Dictation Exercise 53. — 1. An **unfair** statement. 2. The debt is **unpaid**. 3. An **untrue** story. 4. An **unhealthy** climate. 5. I will **untie** the knot. 6. I can **unlace** my shoe.

Form sentences containing the following words: —

unlovely **unskilful** **unwilling** **unhitch** **outwear**

116.

The suffix **-en** in verbs means **to make**; in adjectives **-en** means **made of**; as, **darken**, *to make* dark, **silken**, *made of* silk.

(The *italicized* letters are silent.)

deep'*en*	quick'*en*	broad'*en*	oak'*en*
fas *ten*	whit *en*	sweet *en*	wood *en*
glad *den*	dĕaf *en*	wak *en*	earth *en*
hard *en*	fat *ten*	les *sen*	lĕad *en*
sof *ten*	light *en*	loos *en*	birch *en*
black *en*	bright *en*	length *en*	wool len

117.

The prefix **mis** means **wrong** or **wrongly**; as, **misdeed**, a *wrong* deed, **misinform**, to inform *wrongly*.

mis date'	mis use'	mis name'
mis deed	mis take	mis call
mis count	mis spend	mis ap ply
mis lay	mis state	mis căr'ry
mis laid	mis spell	mis be have'
mis lead	mis shape	mis di rect
mis judge	mis rule	mis em ploy
mis print	mis quote	mis dô'ing
mis guide	mis place	mis con duct

Dictation Exercise 54. — 1. Please to **fasten** the window. 2. You can **soften** putty with oil. 3. The noise may **deafen** you. 4. An old **oaken** bucket. 5. We must **lessen** our expenses.

Form sentences containing the following words: —

brighten **sweeten** **birchen** **earthen** **misguide**

WORDS SOUNDED ALIKE BUT SPELLED DIFFERENTLY.

118.

1 **meed,** reward.
mead, a meadow.

2 **meet,** to come face to face.
meat, flesh for food.
mete, to measure.

3 **mite,** a small insect.
might, power, strength.

4 **mist,** a fine rain.
missed, did miss.

5 **moan,** a groan; to lament.
mown, cut down.

6 **mote,** a speck.
moat, a deep ditch.

7 **mode,** manner.
mowed, cut down.

8 **mule,** an animal.
mewl, to cry, to bawl.

9 **muse,** to think.
mews, cries as a cat.

119.

10 **nit,** egg of an insect.
knit, to weave with needles

11 **no,** a word of denial, not.
know, to understand.

12 **nose,** of the face.
knows, does know.

13 **not,** a word of denial.
knot, a tie.

14 **ore,** a metal.
oar, a pole to row with.
o'er, over.

15 **oh!** alas!
owe, to be indebted.

16 **pale,** white, wan.
pail, vessel with a bail.

17 **pane,** a square of glass.
pain, suffering, distress.

18 **pare,** to cut off.
pair, two.
pear, a fruit.

Exercise 55. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

The (1) of valor. Shall we ever (2) again? (3) does not make right. A fine (4) fell. This grass should be (5) or (7). A (6) in his eye. A (7) of dress. The (8) is a tough beast. The cat (9). A (3) in cheese. Did you hear him (5)? She (10) a pair of stockings. I do (13) (11) where he lives. Who (12) what kind of (14) this is? I will tie a (13) in the end of the string. You can row with an (14). The man looked (16). He was in (17). A (18) of shoes. (14) hill and dale. A ripe juicy (18). Pay what you (15). A (16) of water.

120.

1 **pall,** a covering.
Paul, a man's name.

2 **paste,** for sticking.
paced, did pace.

3 **paws,** feet of a beast that has claws.
pause, a stop.

4 **peal,** a loud noise.
peel, to pare or skin.

5 **purl,** to flow gently.
pearl, a gem.

6 **plane,** level, even.
plain, clear, evident.

7 **plate,** a flat dish.
plait, to fold.

8 **please,** to like, to gratify.
pleas, excuses, pleadings.

9 **pole,** a long stick.
poll, the head.

10 **pore,** a small opening.
pour, to send forth in a stream.

121.

11 **pray, to entreat,** to implore.
prey, to feed by violence.

12 **pride,** self-esteem.
pried, did pry.

13 **prize,** a reward.
pries, looks into.

14 **quarts,** plural of *quart.*
quartz, rock crystal.

15 **raze,** to pull down.
raise, to lift up.
rays, of the sun.

16 **rap,** a knock.
wrap, to tie up.

17 **reed,** a stalk.
read, to peruse.

18 **reck,** to care for.
wreck, a ruined ship.

19 **red,** of the color of blood.
read, did read.

20 **rest,** repose.
wrest, to take by force.

Exercise 56. — *Elliptical.*

(Put the right word in the right place.)

He (2) the deck. The (3) of a lion. A (4) of thunder. A (5) of great price. A (6) statement. Will you (8) to put some meat on my (7)? A long fishing-(9). (8) to (10) some water into a goblet. To (4) an apple. You must (3) at a comma. Lions (11) upon weaker animals. Haughty (12) goes before a fall. Who gained the (13)? The rock was (14). Did he (15) his hand to strike you? (16) at the door. Can you (17) in a book? Little he 'll (18) if they let him sleep on. I (19) the letter yesterday. He tried to (20) it from me. (16) it with paper. The sugar-cane is a (17). The vessel soon became a (18). Take your (20).

122.

1 **rice**, a kind of grain.
rise, elevation.

2 **ring**, to sound a bell.
wring, to twist.

3 **rode**, did ride.
road, a public highway.
rowed, did row.

4 **roar**, a loud noise.
rower, one who rows.

5 **Rome**, a city of Italy.
roam, to rove.

6 **rood**, fourth of an acre.
rude, impudent, coarse.
rued, repented.

7 **rose**, a flower.
rows, does row.

8 **rote**, mere repetition.
wrote, did write.

9 **row**, to impel by oars.
roe, the spawn of fishes.

10 **rye**, a kind of grain.
wry, crooked, twisted.

123.

11 **sale**, act of selling.
sail, of a ship.

12 **skull**, of the head.
scull, to impel by an oar over a boat's stern.

13 **see**, to perceive by the eye.
sea, the ocean.

14 **seem**, to appear.
seam, of a garment.

15 **seen**, did see.
scene, a view, a place.

16 **shear**, to cut with shears.
sheer, pure, unmixed.

17 **shone**, did shine.
shown, exhibited.

18 **size**, bulk; a gluey varnish.
sighs, to breathe as in grief.

19 **sine**, a trigonometrical line.
sign, a symbol.

20 **slew**, did slay.
slue, to turn.

Exercise 57. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

A pudding made of (1). The bells (2) merrily. The horseman (3) at full speed. The thunder's loud (4). Drive in the (3). Wild beasts (5) in the woods. He was (6) in his behavior. Pluck the (7) from the bush. He (8) rapidly. A (10) face. Ships (11) on the (13). He could neither (9) nor (12) the boat. This (14) does not (14) strong. The (15) of the story is laid in England. (16) nonsense. The sun (17) and the birds sang. He (18) deeply. This clear sky is a (19) of fair weather. Cain (20) his brother Abel. An ox of large (18).

SIXTH SECTION.

124.

ān′gel	la′bel	rev′el	ton′sil
grav el	lev el	trav el	civ il
chap el	par cel	tin sel	per il
du el	mod el	mor sel	cav il
gos pel	nov el	mar vel	ten dril
hŏv el	pan el	chis el	pen cil
ker nel	reb el	cudg el	sten cil

125.

a in unaccented **-al** has an obscure short sound approaching that of short **u**.

cen′tral	for′mal	na′sal	ri′val
cŏr al	lo cal	na val	scan dal
e qual	med al	o ral	sig nal
fa tal	men tal	plu ral	spi nal
fi nal	met al	post al	spi ral
flo ral	mor tal	re al	to tal
vo cal	mor al	vi tal	dis mal

Dictation Exercise 58. — 1. There was no **label** on the **parcel**. 2. A **morsel** of food. 3. The **tonsils** of the throat. 4. A **stencil** to print your name. 5. A **postal** card. 6. Headwork or **mental** labor. 7. The ship and cargo were a **total** loss. 8. A **kernel** of corn. 9. A **spiral** stairway. 10. This stone is a **real** diamond. 11. They fought a **duel**.

e is silent in the final syllables **ble, ple, dle, fle,** etc.

126.

a'ble	scram'ble	dwin'dle	tan'gle
fa ble	crum ble	can dle	sin gle
ga ble	stum ble	han dle	crack le
sa ble	tum ble	whee dle	chuck le
foi ble	sam ple	ri fle	fick le
mar ble	sim ple	sti fle	tick le
bram ble	kin dle	tri fle	twin kle
gam ble	spin dle	man gle	sprin kle

127.

bab'ble	net'tle	brit'tle	scuf'fle
peb ble	set tle	hob ble	shuf fle
pad dle	scrib ble	jog gle	snuf fle
drag gle	fid dle	bub ble	strug gle
grap ple	mid dle	stub ble	scut tle
stop ple	rid dle	cud dle	daz zle
cat tle	gig gle	hud dle	muz zle
prat tle	rip ple	ruf fle	puz zle

Dictation Exercise 59. — 1. The faults and **foibles** of mankind. 2. **Paddle** your own canoe. 3. A **model** farm. 4. The **middle** or **central** part of this tract of land. 5. Do not listen to a **scandal**. 6. A lighted **candle**.

Write out the following words, inserting the letters omitted: —

met'-l	**nov'-l**	**spi'n-l**	**mod'-l**	**pen'c-l**	**e'qu-l**
mar v-l	**post -l**	**per -l**	**tin s-l**	**dis m-l**	**la b-l**

128.

a in **-ace** and **-ate** has, in some words, a shortened form of its long sound, like short **e**.

pref′ace	frig′ate	choc′o late
men ace	cli mate	des per ate
pop u lace	pi rate	for tu nate
fur nace	pri vate	mod er ate
sur face	cu rate	in ti mate
pal ace	sen ate	ob du rate
tĕr race	pal ate	ob sti nate

129.

a in **-age** has a shortened form of its long sound, approaching that of short **i** or short **e**.

ad′age	hos′tage	plūm′age	sau′sage
pack age	steer age	fo li age	spin age
dam age	voy age	coin age	vis age
rav age	post age	cour age	lan guage
sav age	stōr age	drain age	wharf age
sel vage	hŏm age	herb age	hĕr i tage
ū′sage	cot tage	lin e age	mu cil age

Dictation Exercise 60. — 1. The **preface** of a book. 2. The **terrace** was a level **surface** of earth. 3. The fire in a **furnace**. 4. He became reckless and **desperate**. 5. Can you speak the English **language** well? 6. She stuck on a piece of paper with **mucilage**. 7. **Herbage** (*erb′ej* or *herb′ej*) or grass pasture. 8. The **populace** of a large city. 9. Do not be faint-hearted; keep good **courage**. 10. The **foliage** on the trees.

130.

o in an unaccented syllable often has a sound approaching that of short **u**.

hav'oc	at'om	tal'on	bish op
pi lot	fath om	co lon	sec ond
ri ot	bux om	ar son	meth od
big ot	ran dom	fel on	rec ord
piv ot	sel dom	de mon	ham mock
pis tol	ran som	drag on	hil lock
gam bol	cus tom	ma tron	had dock

Dictation Exercise 61. — 1. A scene of ruin and **havoc**. 2. Little lambs will **gambol** on the green. 3. I **seldom** see you nowadays. 4. The crime of burning a house is called **arson**. 5. A strong and **buxom** damsel.

131.

ar in an unaccented syllable sounds like **ur**.

vul'gar	awk'ward	stand'ard	beg'gar
nec tar	back ward	tank ard	brag gart
vic ar	drunk ard	south ward	gram mar
cow ard	east ward	lee ward	nig gard
do tard	for ward	vine yard	slug gard
das tard	haz ard	dol lar	hag gard
tō *w*ard	wiz ard	pil lar	lag gard

Dictation Exercise 62. — 1. In the battle he showed that he was no **coward** or **dastard**. 2. His gestures were **awkward**. 3. **Wizards** and witches are imaginary beings. 4. "A little more sleep," said the **sluggard**. 5. A pale, **haggard** face. 6. Do you study English **grammar**?

132.

or final, like ûr without stress.

la′bor	rig′or	ten′or	vic′tor
ar bor	ma jor	va por	fa vor
har bor	val or	ju ror	fla vor
ar dor	clam or	vĭs or	splen dor
o dor	tu mor	cap tor	tor por
vig or	tre mor	hec tor	trai tor

Dictation Exercise 63. — 1. Sweet **odors** come from some flowers. 2. He was in the **vigor** of manhood. 3. The **visor** of his cap. 4. The **rigor** of our Northern climate. 5. The **splendor** of the setting sun. 6. A **traitor** betrays his trust.

133.

re final, like ûr without stress.

a′cre	ni′tre	mea′gre	the′a tre
cen tre	o gre (*-gur*)	sa bre	salt pe′tre
fi bre	o chre (*-kur*)	spec tre	cal′i bre
lu cre	mi tre	sōm bre	mas sa cre
lus tre	me tre	scep tre (*sep′-*)	scep tres

Dictation Exercise 64. — 1. Cloth of a firm **fibre**. 2. **Lucre** is gain in money or goods. 3. The **ogre** is a hideous monster. 4. The **sceptre** of the king. 5. A mind of little strength or **calibre**. 6. A **massacre** of whites by the Indians.

Write out the following words, inserting the letters omitted: —

nec′t-r	**hec′t-r**	**pil′l-r**	**val′-r**	**vic′t-r**	**gram′m-r**
ju r-r	**drunk -rd**	**vig -r**	**beg g-r**	**tre m-r**	**dol l-r**

134.

e silent before n in many words.

bra′zen	ha′ven	ris′en	wo′ven
bur den	hēa *th*en	sev en	hap pen
chōs en	hĕav en	shāk en	rid den
cra ven	lĕad en	to ken	mad den
dŏz en	length en	wāk en	sad den
e ven	loos en	maid en	trod den
fro zen	o pen	wood en	writ ten

135.

e silent before l in a few words.

driv′el	ha′zel	shriv′el	swiv′el
grŏv el	rav el	shŏv el	wea sel

o silent before n in some words.

ba′con	crim′*s*on	poi′*s*on	wĕap′on
bea con	dam *s*on	pri*s* on	but ton
beck on	ma son	rea *s*on	glut ton
bla zon	par don	reck on	mut ton
ca pon	par son	sea *s*on	cot ton
dea con	per son	trea *s*on	les son

Dictation Exercise 65. — 1. A base and **craven** spirit. 2. This way must once be **trodden**. 3. A **hazel** bush. 4. A **beacon** lighted on a hill. 5. Our **lesson** should be **studied**. 6. A **written** word. 7. When did the event **happen**? 8. Spring is one of the **seasons** of the year. 9. The **weasel** is a small slim animal. 10. A **damson** plum.

136.

i in **pin.** — **e** final silent.

gran′ĭte	rep′tile	prom′ise	no′tice
res pite	fĕr tile	mor tise	jus tice
ac tive	ser vile	en gine	nov ice
cap tive	stĕr ile	des tine	prac tice
fes tive	hos tile	doc trine	cor nice
ag ile	doc ile	crev ice	ser vice

de ter′mine fem′i nine mas′cu line
med′i cine dis ci pline clan des′tine

137.

u in the termination **-ure** has a shortened sound of long **u** (or **yoo**), but **commonly -ture** is pronounced **chŏŏr.**

fig′ure	nāt′ure	creat′ure	sculpt′ure
cult ure	pict ure	fract ure	struct ure
fēat ure	rapt ure	tinct ure	rupt ure
plĕas ure	mixt ure	verd ure	vent ure
gest ure	tort ure	moist ure	ad vent′ure
stat ure	pŏst ure	script ure	fur′nĭ ture

ag′ri cult ure hor′ti cult ure man u fact′ure

Dictation Exercise 66. — 1. A **respite** from toil. 2. **Sterile** soil is unfruitful. 3. The **engine** drew the cars. 4. A **crevice** in a wall. 5. I **promise** to pay. 6. Strict **discipline** was enforced. 7. A **clandestine** meeting.

Form sentences containing the following words: —

picture furniture gesture stature agriculture

Silent Consonants.

138.

k silent.*

knack	knell	knife	knōll
knap'sack	knead	knit	knot
knave	knee	knives	knot'ty
knāv ish	kneel	knob	knōw
knew	knelt	knock	knuck le

139.

gh silent.*

high	right	light'ning	plight
nigh	sight	might y	slight
sigh	tight	twi light	[ei = ā]
thigh	wight	mid night	eight
fight	blight	day light	freight
light	bright	de light'	weigh
might	flight	up'right	weight
night	fright	spright ly	sleigh

* **k** initial and **gh** were once throat sounds like the German **ch**. The effort to sound them as gutturals was difficult, and is now quite given up. In some words **gh** has turned into **f** (**cough**); in **hough** (= **hock**) the throat sound still remains.

In ***freight*** and ***fight,*** in ***weight*** and ***wight,***
In ***right*** and ***might,*** in ***night*** and ***light,***
gh has left his corpse in sight,
His soul has long since taken flight.

140.

gh silent.

ought	wrought	haugh'ty	dough'ty
bought	caught	daugh ter	drought
brought	taught	slaugh ter	fur lōugh
fought	fraught	height (*hīt*)	bor ōugh
sought	naught	straight	thor ōugh
thought	naugh ty	neigh'bor	âl thōugh'

Dictation Exercise 67. — 1. We **ought** to have **thought** of this before. 2. A **naughty** boy. 3. A **straight** stick. 4. **Although brought** to poverty, this good man **sought** help from none. 5. This conduct is **fraught** with dangers. 6. The crops were spoiled by a **drought** (*drowt*), or want of rain. 7. A bold, **doughty** (*dow'ty*) knight. 8. To wade **through slaughter** to a throne.

141.

t silent in **rt, ft, st.**

mort'gage	e pis'tle	this'tle	ç̇hris'ten
oft en (*ŏf'fn*)	gris'tle	tres tle	chris ten ing
soft en	hus tle	whis tle	Christ mas
a pos'tle	jos tle	wres tle	fȧst en
bris'tle	nes tle	chāst en	glis ten
bus tle	pes tle	hās ten	lis ten
cȧs tle	rus tle	chest nut	mois ten

Dictation Exercise 68. — 1. He was **often** fond of building **castles** in the air. 2. **Christmas** comes but once a year. 3. See how the snow **glistens**. 4. By what name shall we **christen** our boy? 5. There is a heavy **mortgage** on the farm.

142.

b silent.

clīmb	tômb	numb	plumb'er
cōmb	jamb	thumb	cōmb ing
crumb	lamb	debt	debt or
dumb	limb	doubt	doubt er

l silent.

cālf	bâlk	fōlks	quālm
calves	chalk	ālms	could
half	stalk	balm	would
salve	walk	calm	should

143.

w silent.

wrap	wreak	write	wretch'ed
wren	wreath	wrīt'er	wrin kle
wrench	wräth	wretch	wran gle
wrest	wrī*th*e	whoop	wrig gle
wreck	wrong	who	swōrd
wrist	wrung	whose	ån swer (*-sẽr*)
wring	wrote	whom	whōle some

Dictation Exercise 69. — 1. **Comb** your hair. 2. If you **doubt** the justice of an act do not do it. 3. Beware of **debt**. 4. The **plumber** has come to mend the water-pipes. 5. The **debtor** owes money. 6. **Write** me a letter. 7. **Wholesome** food. 8. **Wrap** your cloak about you. 9. I **wrote** him an **answer**. 10. A **wretch** is a base, despicable person.

144.

said (*sĕd*)	brooch (*brōtch*)	rinse (*rĭnce*)
says (*sĕz*)	sure (*shōōr*)	view (*vū*)
a gain′ (*a-gĕn′*)	beau (*bō*)	been (*bĭn*)
a gainst (*a-gĕnst′*)	height (*hīt*)	guide (*gīd*)
plaid (*plăd*)	bur′y (*bĕr′ĭ*)	guile (*gīl*)
chaise (*shāz*)	bur i al (*bĕr′ĭ-al*)	guise (*gīz*)
gauge (*gāj*)	a dieu′ (*a-dū′*)	dis guise′

Dictation Exercise 70. — 1. You must not do so **again**. 2. I am **sure** he **said** what I have told you. 3. Mary **says** she has lost her **brooch**. 4. Our bird is dead and we will **bury** it. 5. I have **been** willing to **guide** you to the spot. 6. A **view** of the ocean.

145.

build (*bĭld*)	whol′ly (*hōl′ĭ*)	an′y (*ĕn′ĭ*)
built (*bĭlt*)	dough (*dō*)	man y (*mĕn′ĭ*)
once (*wunce*)	guard (*gärd*)	prayer (*prâr*)
heif′er (*hĕf′-*)	though (*thō*)	guess (*gĕs*)
does (*duz*)	through (*thrōō*)	wolf (*wōōlf*)
scy*the* (*sīth*)	gourd (*gōrd*)	wom′an (*wŏŏm′-*)
niche (*nĭtch*)	buoy (*bwoi*)	bos om (*bōōz′-*)

Dictation Exercise 71. — 1. **Does any** one **guess** the riddle? 2. The **dough** was baked into bread. 3. **Many** men are at work **building** the house. 4. We were **wholly** in the dark. 5. Coming **through** the woods, he saw a **wolf**. 6. He put his hand into his **bosom**. 7. He fled **disguised** as a servant. 8. The life-preserver will **buoy** you up. 9. A **niche** in the wall to place a statue. 10. The shell of a **gourd**.

i in pin.

146.

[y]	sym'bol	[ai]	moun'tain
cyn'ic	sys tem	bar'gain	cap tain
lyr ic	sylph	cer tain	plan tain
mys tic	pyg my	chap lain	vil lain
crys tal	nymph	chief tain	[ia]
syl van	mys ter y	cur tain	car riage
syn tax	sym pa thy	foun tain	mar riage

147.

[ei]	[ui]	[e]
for'feit (*-fĭt*)	bis'cuit (*-kĭt*)	pret'ty (*prĭt'ĭ*)
sur feit	cir cuit	Eng lish (*ĭng'glĭsh*)
coun ter feit	guin ea (*gĭn'ĭ*)	Eng land (*ĭng'gland*)
mul lein	[u]	[ee]
[ie]	bus'y (*bŭz'ĭ*)	breech'es (*brĭtch'ĕz*)
mis'chief	busi ness (*bĭz'-*)	been (*bĭn*)
[oi]	min ute (*-ĭt*)	[o]
tor'toise (*-tĭs*)	let'tuce (*-tĭs*)	wom'en (*wĭm'en*)

Dictation Exercise 72. — 1. A morose man is called a **cynic**. 2. A **lyric** poem. 3. **Sylvan** or forest scenes. 4. A **symbol** or sign. 5. He is always **busy** about something. 6. His **business** occupies all his time. 7. The **English** language. 8. A **pretty** child. 9. Where have you **been**? 10. A **surfeit** of sweets. 11. A **counterfeit** half-dollar. 12. Clear as **crystal**. 13. His fate was shrouded in **mystery**.

148.

ei and **ie** sounded like **e** in **eve.**

When **e** and **i** together meet
The **e** comes first in **-ceive, -ceipt, -ceit.**

[ei]		[ie]	
con ceit′	per ceive′	niece	grieve
con ceive	leis′ure	be lief′	griev′ous
de ceit	seize	be lieve	ag grieve′
de ceive	seiz ure	siege	re lief
re ceive	weird	be siege	re lieve
re ceipt	ei ther	a chieve	re prieve
re ceipt ed	nei ther	re trieve	cash ier

Dictation Exercise 73. — 1. He **conceived** the idea while in Rome. 2. He **achieved** a great victory. 3. **Leisure** time. 4. A **grievous** wrong. 5. I will give you a **receipt** for the money. 6. To **reprieve** a criminal is to delay his punishment. 8. To **perceive** is to see.

149.

REVIEW AND TEST LESSON.

cudg′el	reap′er	spright′ly	bur′ied
cŏr al	beg gar	sure ly	bur i al
fick le	ma jor	a gainst′	mas sa cre
shriv *el*	o gre	height	prom ise
wres *tle*	neigh bor	does (*duz*)	mu ci lage
pis tol	knoll	an′y (*ĕn′ĭ*)	priv i lege
e pis′*tle*	knob	man y (*mĕn′ĭ*)	sur face
crys tal	nymph	wom en (*wĭm′-*)	ag grieve′

WORDS SOUNDED ALIKE BUT SPELLED DIFFERENTLY.

150.

1. **sloe**, a thorny shrub.
   slow, not fast.
2. **so**, in that manner.
   sew, to join with thread.
   sow, to scatter seed.
3. **sore**, painful.
   soar, to ascend.
4. **sole**, a fish; single.
   soul, spirit.
5. **sold**, did sell.
   soled, fitted with a sole.
6. **sum**, the amount.
   some, a few.
7. **sun**, the source of light.
   son, a male child.
8. **stare**, to gaze.
   stair, a step.
9. **stake**, a stick; a wager.
   steak, a slice of beef.
10. **steal**, to rob.
    steel, hardened iron.

151.

11. **surf**, the swell of the sea.
    serf, a slave.
12. **surge**, a great wave.
    serge, a woollen stuff.
13. **tacks**, small nails.
    tax, a rate, a duty.
14. **tale**, a story.
    tail, the end.
15. **tare**, a kind of weed.
    tear, to pull in pieces.
16. **teem**, to be full.
    team, of horses or oxen.
17. **tear**, water from the eye
    tier, a row.
18. **tease**, to vex.
    teas, kinds of tea.
19. **the**, the definite article.
    thee, thyself.
20. **there**, in that place.
    their, belonging to *them*.

Exercise 74. — ***Elliptical.***

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

The berries of the (1). I will (2) on a button. Eagles (3) far up in the sky. The immortal (4). Have you (5) your horse? Please to give me (6) drink. The earth goes around the (7). Why do you (8) at me? Broil a (9). It is a sin to (10). The (11) beat upon the shore. A paper of (13). A twice-told (14). Do not (15) the cloth. A (16) of bay horses. The upper (17) of seats. Do not (18) the child. The razor is made of (10). (20) only (7) is dead. She did not shed a (17).

152.

1 **throe**, pain, agony.
throw, to cast, to fling.

2 **throne**, a royal seat.
thrown, flung.

3 **through**, from side to side.
threw, did throw.

4 **tide**, ebb and flow of the sea.
tied, fastened.

5 **toe**, part of the foot.
tow, to pull, to draw.
tow, short fibres of flax.

6 **told**, did tell.
toled, allured.
tolled, did toll.

7 **tole**, to allure, to entice.
toll, of a bell; a tax.

8 **to**, towards.
too, noting excess.
two, twice one.

9 **tract**, a region.
tracked, did track.

153.

10 **tun**, a large cask.
ton, 20 hundred weight.

11 **urn**, a vessel.
earn, to gain by labor.

12 **use**, to employ.
ewes, female sheep.

13 **vain**, fruitless; conceited.
vane, a weathercock.
vein, a blood-vessel.

14 **vale**, a valley.
veil, covering for the face

15 **vial**, a small bottle.
viol, a musical instrument.

16 **wail**, to moan.
wale, mark of the stroke of a whip.

17 **waist**, part of the body.
waste, to destroy.

18 **wait**, to stay, to remain.
weight, heaviness.

Exercise 75. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

In the last (1) of despair. The (4) ebbs and flows. The vase was (2) to the ground. Who (3) that stone? I have hurt the great (5) of my right foot. The lion was (9) (8) his den. The bell (6) at (8) o'clock. (7) the bell. A (10) of coal. The knot was (4). He can (11) a dollar a day. The (12) and young lambs. I (6) you to (12) your time well. A (13) effort. She wears a lace (14). A heavy (18). A (15) of medicine. To weep and (16). (17) not, want not. We went o'er hill and (14). He can (12) his left hand. Cloth made of (5).

154.

1 **wane,** to grow less.
wain, a wagon.

2 **wall,** a partition.
waul, to cry as a cat.

3 **ware,** something to be sold.
wear, to waste by use.

4 **wave,** of the sea.
waive, to put off.

5 **way,** road; fashion.
weigh, to find out the weight.

6 **weak,** not strong.
week, seven days.

7 **wean,** to use one to do without a thing.
ween, to think.

8 **won,** gained.
one, a single thing.

9 **wood,** solid part of trees.
would, past of *will.*

10 **yoke,** frame for the neck of oxen.
yolk, yellow of an egg.

11 **your,** belonging to you.
ewer, a large jug.

Exercise 76. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

We will (4) our claim. The waves will (3) away the land. How much does the load (5)? A (6) cup of tea. Which side (8) the battle? The mother will (7) her child. I (9) not walk in such a (5) as that. The (10) in the middle of the egg. (11) basin and my (11) match well. (8) (6) from to-day. The moon is said to wax and (1).

155.

Spell the singular first and then the plural.

rōōf . . .	rōōfs	călf . . .	călves
proof	proofs	sheaf	sheaves
scarf	scarfs	thief	thieves
dwarf	dwarfs	knife	knives
be lief′	be liefs′	loaf	loaves
hälf	hälves	shelf	shelves

hand′kĕr chief (*hang′-*) . . hand′kĕr chiefs (*hang′-*)

SEVENTH SECTION.

The Consonant not doubled.

156.		157.	
lil′y	cŏr′al	pan′ic	tal′ents
cit y	col ic	rel ish	ven om
pit y	frol ic	sen ate	brig and
sol id	squal id	spig ot	val id
lim it	frig ate	ster ĭle	fel on
mĕr it	cop y	ten ant	bar on
vĕr y	wid ow	trop ic	ag ate
lin en	pol ish	com ic	dam age
ol ive	pal ace	flag on	dam ask
sal ad	pal ate	for est	un til′
stud y	bal ance	im age	rob′in
at om	sim i le	prim er	cher ish
al um	bod y	haz ard	cav il
spĭr it	bod ice	liz ard	rat an′
ton ic	mal ice	ov en	bur′ied
mod el	shad ow	wag on	clos et
ten or	big ot	sat in	tep id

Dictation Exercise 77. — 1. I **pity** you **very** much. 2. A **salad** of chicken and lettuce. 3. He made a **model** of the boat. 4. The pain from **colic** is severe. 5. The **palate** or roof of the mouth. 6. Her **image** was clearly reflected in the water. 7. Gold and silver are precious **metals**. 8. I will not risk my money in so **hazardous** an enterprise. 9. He showed great **skill** or **talents**. 10. Wait **until** to-morrow.

158.		159.	
tal'ons	schol'ar	ref'uge	pum'ice
cam el	hom age	a cute'	dul ness
fag ot	bod i ly	met'al	fûl ness
hŏv el	blem ish	la pel'	fûl fil'
a fraid'	pen ance	chĕr'ub	skil'ful
e lude	a lĕrt'	fŏr age	wil ful
a noint	e lapse	flŏr id	bel fry
piv'ot	rap'id	wâ ter	a rouse'
reb el	ev er y	Brit on	wel'fare
pĕr il	drag on	Brit ish	chil blain
clăr et	del uge	bûl rush	a part'
a lone'	hăr ass	a loud'	bot'a ny
a tone	a float'	Lat'in	col o ny
dev'il	stol'id	pan el	mel o dy
car ol	sol ace	prof it	cal i co
ăr id	pol i cy	pit ied	lit er al
sĭr up *	a foot'	cop ied	ăn gel'ic

Dictation Exercise 78. — 1. No one lived in the old **hovel**. 2. The thief could not **elude** the officer. 3. This is the **pivot** or turning-point of the shaft. 4. He escaped the **perils** of the sea. 5. How can he **atone** for so great a crime? 6. The **carol** of the merry birds was full of **melody**. 7. A sandy, **arid** region. 8. The simple natives paid him **homage** as a superior being. 9. We can do some good **every** day. 10. A dull, **stolid** look. 11. Honesty is the best **policy**. 12. She called the babe a little **cherub**. 13. He sold his goods at a great **profit**.

* Or **syrup**, which is the more usual spelling.

The Consonant doubled.

160.		161.	
[bb]	ac claim′	[ff]	suf′frage
rab′bit	ac cuse	af firm′	dif fer
crab bed	suc ceed	af ford	traf fic
rob ber	suc cess	dif fuse	af fright′
peb ble	suc′cor	suf fuse	af′flux
cob bler	stuc co	af fray	cof fee
scab bard	[dd]	of′fice	ef fort
stub born	ad dress′	ef face′	of fer
Sab bath	ad dict	ef fect	prof fer
cab bage	ad duce	cof′fer	saf fron
[cc]	wed′ding	buf fet	[gg]
oc cur′	sud den	cof fin	mag′got
ac count	ad der	scaf fold	bag gage
ac cept	med dler	af fect′	sug gest′
ac cost	ed dy	af flict	ag grieve
ac′cent	odd i ty	af front	rug′ged
oc cult′	rud dy	of fend	bug gy
ac cord	rid dance	of fence	nug get

Dictation Exercise 79. — 1. A sour look and a **crabbed** answer. 2. No **account** has ever been given of what occurred on that day. 3. A surly, **stubborn** child. 4. We will try to **succeed**. 5. There were figures in **stucco** on the walls. 6. To **adduce** or bring forward an example from history. 7. A **sudden** alarm. 8. The old trapper's speech amused us by its **oddity**. 9. To get rid of a disagreeable visitor is a good **riddance**. 10. An impression which will not soon be **effaced**.

162.		163.	
[ll]	bal'last	pal'lid	com'merce
al low′	gal lant	pol len	com mon
al lot	col lect′	chal lenge	mam mon
al loy	col'lege	gul let	mam mā′
col lide	bal loon′	mol li fy	com mând
col late	al lay	nul li fy	com mend
en roll	vil'lage	pel let	im mure
col lapse	pil lage	wal let (*wŏl'-*)	sum'mit
el lipse	cal lous	[mm]	sum mon
al lude	gal lôws	im mense′	rum mage
al lure	pûl let	im merse	gam mon
pol lute	bal lad	com mode	com mit′
bal'lot	mel low	com mence	im mense
bûl let	yel low	dum'my	mum'my
gal lon	al lege′	em met	tram mel
gal lop	shal'lop	com mune′	com ment
sul len	bûl lock	com mute	com ma
mol lusk	til lage	ham'mock	mam moth

Dictation Exercise 80. — 1. To **collate** two writings is to compare them critically. 2. Railway engines **collide** when they dash against each other. 3. I neither told them the story nor **alluded** to it. 4. Snails, oysters, etc., are **mollusks**. 5. His unfeeling conduct showed us that his heart was **callous**. 6. It is **alleged** that he stole the money and ran away. 7. A face **pallid** from fear. 8. The **pollen** or dust in the anthers of flowers. 9. The hare **challenged** the tortoise to run a race. 10. To **nullify** or make of no force or effect. 11. **Immured** in a dungeon. 12. He was **trammelled** by unnecessary rules.

164.

[nn]
an noy′
an nounce
con nive
ken′nel
tun nel
chan nel
lin net
son net
an nex′
flan′nel
con nect′
win′now
can non
an nū al
tŏn nage
bŏn net
tan nin

165.

cun′ning
pen nant
an nals
ren net
pin′nate
[pp]
ap ply′
sup ply
ap peal
sup press
sup plant
ap pend
ap point
op pose
sup port
ap plaud
ap plause
pup′pet

ap prove′
ap prov′al
cop′per
flip pant
sup ple
ap pâll′
ap păr′el
op press
pip′pin
ap prise′
sup pose
[rr]
tĕr′race
er rand
ăr rānge′
ter′ror
sur round′
cor rode

năr′rate
tŏr rent
tŏr rid
tŭr ret
păr rot
cor rect′
cor rupt
der′rick
ăr rive′
ăr rīv al
băr′rel
ăr rest′
hăr′row
ăr ray′
hur răh
quar′rel
war rant
bŭr row

Dictation Exercise 81. — 1. The **arrival** of the great man was **announced** in the morning papers. 2. You should not **connive** at wrong-doing. 3. A **sonnet** is a kind of short poem. 4. The farmer **winnows** the grain from the chaff. 5. Our **annual** vacation. 6. **Tannin** is a peculiar principle in oak-bark. 7. Who wrote the **annals** of this town? 8. The **pennant** flew from the mast-head. 9. A **pinnate** leaf has smaller leaves attached to each side of a central rib. 10. Does his conduct meet your **approval**? 11. A careless, **flippant** remark. 12. Iron will **corrode** or rust.

166.		167.	
cŭr′rent	as sert′	dis sect′	at tack
ăr rear′	mes′sage	dis sent	at tune
băr′rack	pas sage	pâss′port	kit′ten
sŏr rel	des sert′	en grōss′	ot ter
sŏr ry	mis′sile	[tt]	mat tress
[ss]	mis sive	mut′ton	pet ty
gos′sip	as sets	bot tom	mot to
fos sil	mas sive	at tend′	put ty
cos set	pas sive	at tract	twit ter
gus set	fis sure	Scot′tish	ut ter
tăs sel	as sail′	pat tern	tat tler
clas sic	as suage	pret ty (*prĭt′-*)	bot tling
ves sel	dis suade	lat tice	grot to
tis sue	as sist	at tain′	set tler
blos som	es′sence	at taint	but tress
pres sure	pos sess′	at test	[zz]
as sault′	as sure	at tire	giz zard
as sume	as sort	at tach	buz zard

Dictation Exercise 82. — 1. He is in **arrears** for his house-rent. 2. **Sorrel** grows in the pasture. 3. Does she like to **gossip** about her neighbors? 4. Everybody likes his writings; they have become **classic**. 5. The delicate **tissue** (*tish′yōō*) of the cloth. 6. I closed the door by a gentle **pressure** (*presh′ŏor*). 7. A **missile** like a dart, or a stone from a sling. 8. His **assets** were barely enough to pay his debts. 9. A **fissure** (*fish′ŏor*) or cleft in the rock. 10. Time will **assuage** her grief. 11. This plan **engrossed** my thoughts for several days. 12. A kind of cave or **grotto**. 13. We slept on a **mattress**.

WORDS SOUNDED ALIKE BUT SPELLED DIFFERENTLY.

168.

1. **adds,** does add.
   adze, a cooper's axe.
2. **air,** what we breathe.
   ere, before.
   e'er, ever.
   heir, an inheritor.
3. **alter,** to change.
   altar, a place for sacrifices.
4. **ark,** a vessel.
   arc, a part of a circle.
5. **assent,** act of agreeing.
   ascent, act of rising.
6. **ate,** did eat.
   eight, twice four.
7. **aught,** anything.
   ought, to be obliged.
8. **bard,** a poet.
   barred, fastened with a bar.
9. **barren,** producing nothing.
   baron, a nobleman.
10. **beau,** a gallant.
    bow, for shooting arrows.

169.

11. **bin,** a box for grain.
    been, from *to be.*
12. **beer,** malt liquor.
    bier, a frame for carrying the dead.
13. **bell,** a sounding vessel of metal.
    belle, a gay young lady.
14. **berry,** a small fruit.
    bury, to inter.
15. **berth,** a sleeping-place.
    birth, a coming into life.
16. **bite,** to pierce with the teeth.
    bight, a bay; coil of rope.
17. **bold,** brave.
    bowled, did bowl or roll.
18. **bolder,** more bold.
    bowlder, a round stone.
19. **bole,** a clayey earth.
    boll, the pod of a plant.
    bowl, a dish; to roll.

Exercise 83. — ***Elliptical.***

(Put the right word in the right place.)

Sharpen the (1). Breathe pure (2). I am the (2) to this estate. Tell me (2) you go. You can (3) the shape of it. Noah's (4). They would not (5) to make an (5) in winter. He (6) (6) apples. The door was (8). A tract of (9) land. A (10) attends a lady. Have you (11) well? Did you (14) the (14) in the ground? The sailor sleeps soundly in his (15). We moored in a (16). Have I said (7) to displease you?

170.

1 **bored,** did bore.
board, a piece of sawed timber, broad and thin.

2 **borne,** carried.
bourn, a bound, a limit.

3 **bough,** a branch of a tree.
bow, an act of respect.

4 **bridal,** a wedding.
bridle, for a horse.

5 **brute,** an irrational animal.
bruit, to noise abroad.

6 **burrow,** a hole for rabbits.
borough, a corporate town.

7 **call,** to summon.
caul, a net for the hair.

8 **candid,** frank.
candied, sugared.

9 **cannon,** a large gun.
canon, a rule or law.

10 **canvas,** cloth for sails.
canvass, to sift, to examine.

171.

11 **capital,** the chief town.
capitol, a public edifice.

12 **carat,** a weight of 4 grains.
carrot, a garden root.

13 **cellar,** an underground room.
seller, one who sells.

14 **cord,** a thick string.
chord, a right line joining the two ends of an arc.

15 **collar,** for the neck.
choler, rage.

16 **complement,** a full number.
compliment, praise.

17 **core,** the heart, or inner part.
corps, a body of troops.

18 **council,** an assembly for advice.
counsel, advice.

19 **councillor,** a member of a council.
counsellor, an adviser.

20 **cozen,** to cheat.
cousin, child of an uncle or an aunt.

Exercise 84. — *Elliptical.*

(Put the right word in the right place.)

He (1) a hole through the (1). He was (2) on a bier to his last resting-place. The (3) of a tree. Her (4) morn. Senseless as a (5). How many voters live in the (6)? Did you hear me (7) you? They were (8) and dispassionate men. The booming of the (9) was heard. (10) the question thoroughly. The (11) at Washington is an imposing building. The diamond weighed a (12) and a half. A (13) under the house. Describe a (14) of ninety degrees. He is rash and sudden in (15). A merited (16). A well-drilled (17) of men. Give good (18) if you give any.

EIGHTH SECTION.

EASY RULES FOR SPELLING.

I. *Words ending with silent* **e** *drop the* **e** *when a termination beginning with a vowel is added.*

172.

(*Spell first the word in the left-hand column and then the derivative in the right-hand column, as,* **come . . coming.**)

[**-ing.**]

come . .	com′ing.	em brace′	em brāc′ing
fence	fenc ing	a muse	a mus ing
face	fac ing	grieve	griev′ing
owe	ow ing	res′cue	res cu ing
choose	choos ing	cen tre	cen tring
judge	judg ing	tease	teas ing
plague	plagu ing	o blige′	o blig′ing
guide	guid ing	man′age	man′ag ing

173.

[**-able** or **-ible.**]

sale . .	sāl′a ble
blame	blām a ble
move	mov a ble
ex cuse′	ex cu′sa ble
de sire	de sir a ble
force	for′ci ble
sense	sen si ble

[**-al**]

re move′ .	re mov′al
pe rūse	pe rū sal
re cite	re cīt al

[**-ish.**]

blue	blu′ish
thieve	thiev ish
rogue	rogu ish

Add **-able** to the following:—

(*Be sure to drop the silent* **e** *before adding.*)

note	**rate**	**cen'sure**	**ad mire'**
val'ue	**a dore'**	**ad vise'**	**con sole**

Add **-ance** to the following:—

con nive'	**en dure'**	**guide**	**grieve**

174.

Exceptions to Rule I.

(*a*) Words ending in **ce** and **ge** keep the **e** before **able** and **ous.**

(*Spell down the columns.*)

trace	change	out'rage
trace'a ble	change'a ble	out ra'geous
peace	ser vice	cour'age
peace a ble	ser vice a ble	cour a'geous
charge	no tice	ad van tage
charge a ble	no tice a ble	ad van ta'geous

175.

(*b*) Verbs ending in **oe,** and some in **ye** and **ge,** keep the **e** before **ing.** **ee** final keeps both **e**'s.

dye (to color)	singe	shôe	see
dye'ing	singe'ing	shoe'ing	see'ing
tinge	toe	hōe	a gree'
tinge ing	toe ing	hoe ing	a gree ing

Also:

mīle'age	a'cre age	glu'ey	mort'gāge or

176.

II. *Words ending in silent* **e** *usually keep the* **e** *when a termination beginning with a consonant is added.*

pale . .	pale′ness	en gage′ .	en gage′ment
shame	shame ful	al lure	al lure ment
peace	peace ful	a chieve	a chieve ment
move	move ment	whōle	whōle′some
chānge	chānge ling	sense	sense less
cause	cause less	re venge′	re venge′ful

Exceptions to Rule II.

awe . .	aw′ful	nurse . .	nurs′ling
woe	wo ful	judge	judg ment
due	du ly	ar′gue	ar′gu ment
trûe	trû ly	a bridge′	a bridg′ment
whōle	whōl ly	wise	wis′dom

ac knowl′edge . . . ac knowl′edg ment

Dictation Exercise 85.

1. They stood a minute quietly **facing** each other.
2. You have shown a very **obliging** disposition.
3. These linen and cotton goods are always **salable.**
4. Some **notable** events occurred while we lived in that house.
5. The deed was done through your guilty **connivance.**
6. Our interview was not only **peaceable** but cordial.
7. The bargain proved to be very **advantageous** to both.
8. The blacksmith was **shoeing** the farmer's horse.
9. When the boys reached home they were in a **woful** plight.
10. An **abridgment** of the history was made.
11. The most famous **achievements** of heroes.

177.

III. *Words ending in* **y**, *with a consonant before it, usually change the* **y** *into* **i** *in derivatives.*

fan'cy . .	fan'ci ful
ti dy	ti di ness
glo ry	glo ri ous
mer ry	mer ri er
live ly	live li est
greed y	greed i ly
de ny'	de ni'al
en'vy	en'vi a ble
pit y	pit i a ble
jol ly	jol li ty

re ply' . .	re plies'
sup ply	sup plied
sat'is fy	sat'is fies
grat i fy	grat i fied
mer ry	mer ri ment

[*In the plural of nouns,* **y** *is changed into* **ies.**]

po'ny	po'nies
gal ler y	gal ler ies
al ly'	al lies'

178.

Spell the plural of the following: —

(*Pronounce* **ies** *of the plural like* **ĭz.**)

a'gen cy	**rem'e dy**	**rob'ber y**	**lux'u ry**
en er gy	**lar ce ny**	**gro cer y**	**ni ce ty**
fac ul ty	**ag o ny**	**his to ry**	**fa cil'i ty**
pi ra cy	**fac to ry**	**ob lo quy**	**fŏr'ger y**

Dictation Exercise 86. — 1. He ate up the food **greedily.** 2. It was a **glorious** victory. 3. She told a **pitiable** story. 4. There were two **galleries,** one on each side of the room. 5. **Agencies** for the sale of these goods were established. 6. He still retains the brightness of his **faculties.** 7. Various **remedies** were tried. 8. Fights and **robberies** were common in that part of the city. 9. Reproaches and **obloquies** did not deter him. 10. **Luxuries** of the table.

179.

Add **-er** and **-est** to the following: —

(*Be sure to change* **y** *into* **i** *before adding.*)

health'y	**ti'dy**	**la'zy**	**ea'sy**
wor thy	**ro sy**	**lof ty**	**gid dy**
greed y	**state ly**	**noi sy**	**bus y**
hap py	**love ly**	**clum sy**	**wealth y**

Add **-al** to the following: —

try	**de ny'**	**mem'o ry**	**cer'e mo ny**
bur'y	**rem'e dy**	**mer cu ry**	**tes ti mo ny**

Dictation Exercise 87. — 1. Bathing in the sea made him **healthier.** 2. You are the **noisiest** children I ever saw. 3. A **trial** of a lawsuit. 4. He was of a sprightly, **mercurial** temperament.

180.

Add **-ous** to the following: —

fu'ry	**vic'to ry**	**va'ry**	**in'ju ry**
en vy	**lux u ry**	**stud y**	**mel o dy**

Add **-ly** to the following: —

mer'ry	**read'y**	**bus'y**	**wor'thy**
speed y	**an gry**	**shab by**	**luck y**
stead y	**hap py**	**wa ry**	**sau cy**

Add **-ness** to the following: —

ug'ly	**ho'ly**	**wēar'y**	**stead'y**
sil ly	**read y**	**lone ly**	**emp ty**

Dictation Exercise 88. — 1. A **furious** wind. 2. **Melodious** strains of music. 3. The bells rang **merrily.** 4. We were **busily** employed. 5. The camel is not remarkable for beauty but for **ugliness.** 6. It is **weariness** of the muscles.

181.

Exceptions to Rule III.

But when **ing**, **ish**, or **ist** is added, **y** is kept.

pit'y . .	pit'y ing	de fy' . .	de fy'ing
car ry	car ry ing	fan'cy	fan'cy ing
oc cu py	oc cu py ing	stead y	stead y ing
sup ply'	sup ply'ing	wea ry	wea ry ing
mul'ti ply	mul'ti ply ing	cop y	cop y ist
wor ry	wor ry ing	ba by	ba by ish

y changed to **e**.

beau'ty .	beau'te ous	plen'ty .	plen'te ous
du ty	du te ous	boun ty	boun te ous

Most derivatives of **dry**, **shy**, **sly**, keep **y**.

dry . . .	dry'ness	but	dri'er	or	dry'er,	etc.
shy	shy ness	"	shi er	"	shy er,	"
sly	sly ness	"	sli er	"	sly er,	"
dry'ly		shy'ly		sly'ly		

Also in the possessive singular of nouns **y** is kept.

Our **country's** flag.	The **lady's** bonnet.
Our **party's** success.	My **pony's** bridle

Also in the plural of most *proper* nouns ending in **y**.

Ma'ry	Ma'rys	Hen'ry	Hen'rys

Dictation Exercise 89. — 1. One **pitying** glance. 2. You are **worrying** yourself for nothing, and **wearying** me. 3. The **bounteous** Giver of good gifts. 4. He could not help **fancying** that he was pursued. 5. She looked **shyly** at him.

182.

IV. *Final* **y** *with a vowel before it is not changed.*

(*Take the words across the page.*)

buy . .	buys . .	buy′er . .	buy′ing
de lay′	de lays′	de layed′	de lay′ing
con vey	con veys	con veyed	con vey ing
de stroy	de stroys	de stroy er	de stroy ing
em ploy	em ploys	em ployed	em ploy er
an noy	an noys	an noyed	an noy ance
es say	es says	es sayed	es′say ist
o bey	o beys	o beyed	o bey′ing
hon′ey . .	hon′eyed	mon′ey . .	mon′eyed

Exceptions to Rule IV.

laid	said	paid	slain
mis laid′	saith	un paid′	dai′ly

Be sure to follow the rule in nouns ending in **ey,** — plural **eys,** not **ies.** (*Spell down the columns.*)

mŏn′ey	**val′ley**	**dŏn′key**	**at tor′ney**
mon eys	**val leys**	**don keys**	**at tor neys**
tur key	**chim ney**	**mŏn key**	**jour′ney**
tur keys	**chim neys**	**mon keys**	**jour neys**

Dictation Exercise 90. — 1. He **obeyed** his **employer.** 2. The mosquitoes were the chief **annoyance.** 3. Macaulay was a brilliant **essayist.** 4. He gains strength **daily.** 5. It had better be left **unsaid.** 6. The letter has been **mislaid.** 7. She spoke in **honeyed** accents. 8. A **moneyed** man. 9. Two **attorneys** were **employed** in the suit.

183.

Spell first the singular and then the plural; as, al ly′, al lies′; al′ley, al′leys.

(APPLY RULES III. AND IV.)

al ly′	**ed′dy**	**pen′ny**	**com′e dy**
al′ley	**kid ney**	**lack ey**	**con voy′**
ar my	**fan cy**	**pop py**	**a pol′o gy**
ab bey	**med ley**	**ru by**	**whis′key**
beau ty	**jel ly**	**jock ey**	**re ply′**
ber ry	**gul ly**	**coun try**	**ef′fi gy**
pul ley	**po ny**	**par ley**	**gal ler y**
es say	**vol ley**	**a bil′i ty**	**whim sey**

Dictation Exercise 91. — 1. In that war England and France were **allies**. 2. There are many **alleys** in the city. 3. The pale, unripened **beauties** of the north. 4. Ropes ran over the **pulleys**. 5. **Effigies** of King George the Third were burned in the streets.

184.

Add **ing** and **ed** to the following: —

(APPLY RULES III. AND IV.)

fry	**mar′ry**	**cop′y**	**de fray′**
try	**con vey′**	**de coy′**	**sat′is fy**
es py′	**de scry**	**be tray**	**sur vey′**
stray	**en joy**	**hur′ry**	**grat′i fy**
de lay′	**de ny**	**ar ray′**	**en joy′**
tar′ry	**va′ry**	**ap ply**	**fan′cy**

Dictation Exercise 92. — 1. Meat was **frying** in the frying-pan. 2. I **tried** to see you. 3. The cattle **strayed** far into the woods. 4. After **delaying** the coach awhile he was ready to go. 5. How were the passengers **conveyed** to the city? 6. I am **satisfied** with my place. 7. How have you **enjoyed** the ride?

185.

V. *In words of one syllable a final consonant after a single vowel is doubled before a vowel-suffix.*

drop	drop′ping	slop	slop′py
plot	plot ting	slip	slip per y
brag	brag ging	beg	beg gar
stun	stun ning	star	star ry
step	stepped	rid	rid dance
big	big′ger	job	job ber
fat	fat ten	quit	quit tance *

186.

Add **-ing** and **-ed** to the following:—

(Apply Rules I. and V.)

whip	**bar**	**mope**	**robe**	**sham**
wipe	**bare**	**mop**	**rob**	**shame**
scare	**wag**	**pin**	**skate**	**strip**
stir	**wage**	**pine**	**ship**	**stripe**

VI. *If two vowels precede the consonant, or if the word ends with two consonants, the final consonant is* **not** *doubled.*

beam	beam′ing	join	join′er
drain	drain ing	rail	rail ing
r$\bar{o}\breve{o}$f	r$\bar{o}\breve{o}$f ing	f$\breve{o}\breve{o}$t	f$\breve{o}\breve{o}$t ing
call	call ing	toil	toiled
cheat	cheat ed	room	room′y

* **qui** = **kw**, hence there is only one vowel sound.

187.

(Apply Rules V. and VI.)

Add **-er** to the following: —

win	**reap**	**tan**	**drum**	**cart**
wrap	**rob**	**slip**	**roam**	**creep**
shut	**plot**	**sleep**	**pot**	**run**
lĕad	**spin**	**steam**	**cold**	**neat**

Add **-ery** to the following: —

slip	**gun**	**wag**	**shrub**	**nun**
mock	**pig**	**pot**	**lot**	**fop**

Dictation Exercise 93. — 1. Sometimes I would rather be the loser than the **winner.** 2. He was a **leader** of men. 3. He put on his woollen **wrapper.** 4. You should not walk in **slippery** places. 5. Much **shrubbery** grew in the field.

188.

Add **-en** to the following: —

fat	**writ**	**bit**	**tight**	**sad**
red	**lĕad**	**mad**	**rid**	**sweet**

Add **-ish** to the following: —

clan	**sot**	**sheep**	**thin**	**fool**
fop	**hog**	**snap**	**red**	**rub**

Add **-age** to the following: —

stop	**cot**	**coin**	**lug**	**wharf**
drain	**bag**	**ton**	**cart**	**pack**

Add **-y** to the following: —

sun	**star**	**slop**	**tar**	**fun**
sleep	**soap**	**wit**	**meal**	**spleen**

189.

VII. *In words of more than one syllable, a final consonant after a single vowel is doubled before a vowel-suffix,* **when the last syllable is accented.**

When the last syllable is not accented they do *not* double the final consonant.

al lot′ . .	al lot′ted	be gin′ .	be gin′ner
ad mit	ad mit tance	com pel	com pel ling
re cur	re cur rence	e quip	e quipped
be dim	be dimmed	ac quit	ac quit tal
be stir	be stirred	ful fil	ful fil ling
con cur	con cur ring	o mit	o mit ted
oc cur	oc cur ring	for get	for get ting
pre fer	pre ferred	sub mit	sub mit ted

190.

(Apply Rules I., VI., and VII.)

Add **-ing** and **-ed** to the following: —

car′pet	vis′it	ben′e fit	trans mit′
ap peal′	ad mit′	re pel′	trans mute
en′ter	ad mire	re peal	dif′fer
a buse′	re fit	mur′mur	de mur′
re fer	flat′ter	of fer	re main

Add **-ance** or **-ence** to the following: —

al low′	re cur′	re mit′	oc cur′
ad mit	ap pear	de liv′er	as sist
sub sist	dif′fer	ab hor′	ut′ter
ac cept	for bear′	at tend	con cur′

Exceptions to Rule VII.

191.

Final **l** after a single vowel is commonly doubled whether the last syllable is accented or not; as, **travel, travelling, traveller; wool, woollen.**

Add **-ing** and **-ed** to the following: —

ap păr'el	**di shev'el**	**ken'nel**	**par'cel**	**shov'el**
can'cel	**du'el**	**la bel**	**pen cil**	**shriv el**
căr ol	**en am'el**	**lev el**	**per il** *	**sniv el**
cav il	**im pan el**	**li bel**	**pŏm mel**	**tram mel**
chan nel	**e'qual**	**mar shal**	**quar rel**	**trav el**
chis el	**gam bol**	**mar vel**	**rav el**	**tun nel**
coun sel	**grov el**	**mod el**	**rev el**	**un rav'el**
cudg el	**jew el**	**pan el**	**ri val**	**vict'ual**

192.

But **parallel** does not double the last **l**; hence, —

par'al leled **par'al lel ing** **un par'al leled**

Add **-er** to the following: —

jew'el	**rev'el**	**mod'el**	**sniv'el**	**en am'el**
cav il	**li bel**	**shov el**	**trav el**	**vict'ual**

Other Exceptions.

The final consonant is commonly doubled in the derivatives of —

kid'nap **wor'ship** **bi'as** **sul'phu ret** **car'bu ret**

As, — (*Spell down the columns.*)

kid'nap per	**wor'ship per**	**bi'as sing**
kid nap ping	**wor ship ping**	**bi assed**
kid napped	**wor shipped**	**sul phu ret ted**

* But **perilous** has only one **l**.

193.

VIII. *Double* **l** (**ll**) **sometimes** *loses one* **l** *when compounded.*

âl′so	bel′fry	thrâl′dom	fûl fil′
al ways	bûl rush	dŭl ness	ŭn til
al read′y	wel fare	fûl ness	dis til
al thōugh	wel cŏme	wil fûl	in stil
al to ge*th*′er	chil blain	skil fûl	wi*th* âl
in stâl′ment	in thrâl′ment		en rōl′ment

194.

IX. *If the first letter of the word or root is the same as the last letter of the prefix, both letters are kept.*

CAUTION. Do not write **miss** for **mis-** nor **diss** for **dis-**.

spent . .	mis spent′	solve . .	dis solve′
state	mis state	sev′er	dis sev er
spell	mis spell	hold	wi*th* hold
judge	mis judge	sat′is fy	dis sat is fy
take	mis take	mor tal	im mor tal
no′ble	en no′ble	le gal	il le gal

Dictation Exercise 94. — 1. How was he **apparelled**? 2. The vial was **labelled**. 3. **Unparalleled** audacity. 4. The **jeweller** sells rings and watches. 5. **Kidnappers** seized the child and rode away. 6. A **wilful** child. 7. A **skilful** artist. 8. **Fulfil** the golden rule. 9. Do you **withhold** your consent? 10. I left him **almost** speechless. 11. I thought him a good **counsellor** or adviser. 12. The money was paid in five **instalments**. 13. A dishonest man may dissemble or **misstate** a fact. 14. I felt **disappointed** and **dissatisfied**.

195.

X. *When a syllable beginning with a consonant is added to a word ending with the* **same** *consonant both consonants are kept; as, real, real* **ly**; *lean, lean* **ness.**

Add **-ness** to the following:—

plain	**e'ven**	**mean**	**wan'ton**
drunk'en	**bar ren**	**stub'born**	**keen**
sud den	**o pen**	**green**	**sul'len**

Add **-ly** to the following:—

law'ful	**skil'ful**	**le'gal**	**spe'cial**
faith ful	**peace ful**	**use ful**	**mor al**

Many words formerly written with the letter **k** at the end have lost that letter; as, **public, almanac,** but—

XI. *The* **k** *comes back in the present participle and past tense of verbs in* **ic.**

frol'ic	mim'ic	pic'nic	traf'fic
frol ick ing	mim ick ing	pic nick ing	traf fick ing
frol icked	mim icked	pic nicked	traf ficked

196.

Write the following contractions:

can't	*for*	**cannot.**	is n't	*for*	**is not.**
could n't	"	**could not.**	sha' n't	"	**shall not.**
should n't	"	**should not.**	won't	"	**will not.**
does n't	"	**does not.**	I 'm	"	**I am.**
don't	"	**do not.**	I 'll	"	**I will.**
has n't	"	**has not.**	you 'll	"	**you will.**
have n't	"	**have not.**	you 're	"	**you are.**

How the possessive is written.

197.

The possessive singular is usually formed by adding the apostrophe ' and **s** (thus, **'s**).

Write:

A sister's prayers.	A lady's bandbox.
My uncle's wagon.	The baby's mother.
A mother's voice.	Henry's pocket-book.
The people's choice.	Lucy's glove-box.
A horse's mane.	James's overcoat.
The enemy's defeat.	Charles's hatchet.

198.

When the plural ends in **s**, add the apostrophe ' only.

When the plural does not end in **s**, add the apostrophe ' and **s** (thus, **'s**).

Write:

These ladies' gloves.	Lovers' glances.
These babies' eyes.	Kings' sceptres.
Children's playthings.	Men's footsteps.

Write:

Each other's hand.	The book is hers.
For others' benefit.	The slate is yours.
Another's belief.	The hotel is ours.
Anybody's business.	The farm is theirs.

The babe lies asleep in its cradle.

If it had been anybody else's mistake.

199.

Nouns ending in o.

Some form their plural by adding **s**; others by adding **es.**

cam′e o . .	cam′e ōs	tor na′do	tor na′does
fō li o	fo li os	buf′fa lo	buf′fa loes
can to	can tos	car go	car goes
quar to	quar tos	he ro	he roes
ze ro	ze ros	ech o	ech oes
pi ă′no (*pe-*)	pi ă′nos (*pe-*)	mot to	mot toes
me men to	me men tos	grot to	grot toes
po ta to	po ta toes	ne gro	ne groes
to ma to	to ma toes	vĭ rā′go	vĭ rā goes
vol ca no	vol ca noes	mu lat to	mu lat toes

200.

REVIEW AND TEST LESSON.

cen′tring	po′nies	fo͝ot′ing
plagu ing	mon eys	mur mured
sāl a ble	noi *si* er	oc curred′
change a ble	mar ry ing	un păr′al leled
o blig′ing	mos qui′toes	vict′ual ler
peace′a ble	cĕr e mo′nĭ al	in thrâll′
horse-sho er	vic to′ri ous	in thrâl ment
shoe ing	du′te ous	pic′nick ing
judg ment	quit ting	phys ick ing
en joy′a ble	res i dence	jew el ler

WORDS SOUNDED ALIKE BUT SPELLED DIFFERENTLY.

201.

1 **currant,** a fruit.
current, a running stream.

2 **discreet,** prudent, cautious.
discrete, distinct, separate.

3 **doe,** the female deer.
dough, paste for bread.

4 **draft,** a bill of exchange.
draught, of air or water.

5 **duct,** a canal, or tube of an animal or a plant.
ducked, dipped under water.

6 **dying,** becoming lifeless.
dyeing, coloring.

7 **fane,** a temple.
fain, gladly.
feign, to pretend.

8 **faint,** to swoon.
feint, a pretence.

202.

9 **fate,** destiny.
fête, a festival.

10 **fort,** a fortified place.
forte, what a person can do best.

11 **frank,** open, candid.
franc, a French coin.

12 **frays,** quarrels.
phrase, an expression.

13 **freeze,** to congeal by cold.
frieze, a coarse cloth.

14 **furs,** skins with soft hair.
furze, a prickly shrub.

15 **gage,** a pledge.
gauge, to measure.

16 **gild,** to overlay with gold.
guild, a corporation.

17 **gilt,** gilded.
guilt, wickedness, crime.

Exercise 95. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

A swift (1) in the river. A (2) person is not rash. Bread is made of (3). He (5) his head. A (4) of pure water. A (1) bush grew in our garden. After (6) the cloth they hung it on a line. Do not (7) to be ill. The attack on the right was a mere (8). I enjoyed the (9) very much. Some are (6) while others are coming into life. Story-telling is his (10). "How do you do?" is a common (12). A man of (11) disposition. Water will (13) in a cold night. Fields covered with (14). Now, sir, take off your (13) coat before you (15) the cask. Will you (16) the picture-frame? Anything (17) appears like gold. A (15) of fidelity. Suffering inseparably follows (17).

203.

1 **gored,** pierced.
gourd, a plant and its fruit.

2 **greaves,** armor for the legs.
grieves, mourns.

3 **grisly,** dreadful.
grizzly, grayish.

4 **grocer,** dealer in tea, etc.
grosser, more gross.

5 **guest,** a visitor.
guessed, did guess.

6 **guise,** external appearance.
guys, ropes to guide in hoisting.

7 **him,** that man or boy.
hymn, a sacred song.

8 **holy,** sacred.
wholly, entirely.

204.

9 **hōōp,** a circular band.
whoop, to shout.

10 **indite,** to compose.
indict, to charge.

11 **invade,** to enter hostilely.
inveighed, railed against.

12 **isle,** a small island.
aisle, passage in a church.

13 **jam,** a conserve of fruit.
jamb, side-piece of a door.

14 **kernel,** the inside of a nut.
colonel, a military officer.

15 **key,** for a lock.
quay, a wharf.

16 **kill,** to take life.
kiln, oven to bake bricks.

Exercise 96. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

In the Bible we read of Jonah's (1). How she (2) over her misfortune! A (3) beard. Water is a (4) medium than air. I (5) the riddle. Soldiers formerly wore (2) of brass to protect their legs. What means this warlike (6)? A (3) spectre. She sang a (7) of praise. The Indian gave the war (9). He was not (8) to blame. He rose to (10) him for the crime. He (11) bitterly against the politicians. I walked up the (12) of the cathedral. He spoiled his watch-(15) by placing it between the (13) and the door. Come and see the brick-(16). He cracked the nut and ate the (14). The ship is lying at the (15). The (14) rode at the head of the regiment. He would not (10) a poem on the subject of war. Do not (16) the pretty song-birds.

NINTH SECTION.

The Consonant not doubled.

205.

a bil′i ty	căr′i ca ture	mo not′o ny
a cad e my	con tam′i nate	a cous tics
an′o dyne	e lab o rate	an′a lyze
a pri cot	ep i dem′ic	e qual′i ty
bal us ter	a bol′ish	ap′a thy
lat i tude	im pan el	a sun′der
sŏl e cism	mo nop o ly	bil′ious (*-yus*)
tăl *is* man	cit′i zen	ac a dem′ic

206.

bod′i ly	col′o nize	el′e ment
bot a nist	co rus′cate	e lope′ment
can o py	de vel op	el′o quence
ca rou′*sal*	dil′i gent	e lu′sive
cel′e brate	el e gy	em′i grate
cel er y	el e gant	em i nent
lit er al	el e gance	im ag′ĭne
chăr i ty	el e vate	en am el

Dictation Exercise 97. — 1. A medicine that allays pain is called an **anodyne.** 2. To **analyze** the water of a mineral spring. 3. To **impanel** a jury. 4. **Bilious** fever. 5. **Acoustics** (*a-kow′tiks*) is the science of sound. 6. A **carousal** (*ka-row′sal*) is a noisy revel. 7. **Celery** is an edible root.

207.

en am′our	hŏl′i day	op′u lent
e nig ma	i dol ize	pal i sade′
en′vel ōpe	in va lid	pĕr′il ous
ep i sode	op er ate	pol i cy
fel o ny	oc u list	pol i tics
fin i cal	oc u lar	qual i ty
gal ax y	tol er ate	qual i fy
ob e lisk	mŏr al ize	rĭs i ble

208.

re′al ize	ci vil′i ty	prof′it a ble
rec on cile	con cil i ate	sim i lar
măr i ner	de clam a to ry	re tal′i ate
sig nal ize	el o cu′tion	ap′er ture
a gil′i ty	fa cil′i tate	big ot ed
al′i mo ny	i tal ics (*ĭ-tal′-*)	tel e scope
a pol′o gy	in oc u late	ap o plex y
tel′e graph	mu′ti late	can is ter
hĕr o ĭne	lit er a ry	el i gi ble

Dictation Exercise 98. — 1. She was beautiful, and the king was **enamoured** of her. 2. The letter was placed in the **envelope**. 3. If you are over-nice you may be called **finical**. 4. **Ocular** proof comes from actual sight. 5. He was jumping about with the **agility** of a monkey. 6. When they separated he allowed his wife a thousand dollars a year as **alimony**. 7. He **conciliated** his foes and made them his friends. 8. A revengeful man may **retaliate** injuries.

The Consonant doubled.

209.

[bb]
ab bre′vi ate
gib′ber ish
rob ber y

[cc]
ac′ci dent
ac cu rate
moc ca son
oc cu pant

ac com′plish
ac com plice
mo roc co
ac com pa ny

[ff]
af fi da′vit
ef frŏnt′e ry
ef′fi gy
ef fi ca cy

dif′fi dent
dif fi cult
suf fo cate

[gg]
ag′gra vate
ag gre gate
ag gran dize
ag gres′sor
ex ag ger ate

210.

[ll]
fal′la cy
gal ler y
sat el lite
fal li ble
pal li ate
vil la ny
vil la nous
in tel lect

el lip′ti cal
mil′li ner
răil ler y
col lo quy
al lure′ment
in tel li gent
in tel li gence
me tal lic
par′al lel

em bel′lish
bel lig er ent
ar til ler y
rec ol lect′

tran quil′li ty

[mm]
ac com′mo date
sum′ma ry
im mac′u late

Dictation Exercise 99. — 1. The careful man made an **accurate** statement. 2. An **accomplice** in a crime. 3. The **effrontery** (*ef-frunt′er-i*) of an impudent man. 4. A friend **exaggerates** (*egz-aj′er-āts*) a man's virtues. 5. I showed him the **fallacy** of his notions. 6. A **villanous** plot. 7. A **metallic** ore. 8. The grounds were **embellished** with flower-beds.

211.

im me′di ate ly	an′nu al	an ni ver′sa ry
di lem′ma	in nu en′do	pin′na cle
in flam ma to ry	in′no cent	[pp]
in flam ma′tion	nun ner y	ap păr′el
com mod′i ty	per en′ni al	ap pa ri′tion
im′mo late	tyr′an ny (*tĭr′-*)	fop′per y
sym me try	ty ran′ni cal (*tĭ-*)	ap pa rā′tus
[nn]	can′ni bal	ap păr′ent
cin na mon	in no vate	ap pen dix

212.

[pp]	[rr]	ir rel′e vant
ap′pe tite	ăr′ro gant	ir rev o ca ble
ap pre hend′	scur ril′i ty	ir′ri tate
ap pren′tice	cŏr re spond′	sur ren′der
ap pro pri ate	cŏr rob′o rate	băr ri cade′
sup′pu rate	cŏr′ru gate	ĕr rat′ic
op por tune′	er ro′ne ous	păr′ri cide
ap pre′ci ate	găr′ri son	em băr′rass
ap′pli cant	găr ru lous	tĕr′ri to ry
op po *s*ĭte	hur ri cane	tĕr rif′ic

Dictation Exercise 100. — 1. The **inflammatory** rheumatism. 2. I did not understand his hints and **innuendoes.** 3. A **tyrannical** master. 4. The spires and **pinnacles** of a cathedral. 5. He **appreciates** (*ap-prē′shĭ-āte*s) my kind regard for him. 6. To **correspond** with a friend. 7. The **garrulous** man talks too much. 8. The **embarrassment** of a bashful boy.

213.

[ss]	las′si tude	at ten′u ate
as ses′sor	co los′sus	at′ti tude
as sas sin	pas′sen ger	at tri bute
as sem bly	mes sen ger	gut tur al
as sid u ous	pos si ble	pet tĭ coat
as sim i late	dis so lu′tion	pot ter y
vi cis si tude	[tt]	[zz]
dis′si pate	wit′ti cism	pĭ az′za
gos sa mer	ban dit′tĭ	em bez zle

Dictation Exercise 101. — 1. The **assessors** value property to be taxed. 2. The boy was diligent and studied **assiduously** 3. The various **vicissitudes** or changes in human affairs.

214.

REVIEW AND TEST LESSON.

ac a dem′ic	re′al ize	tran quil′li ty
ac′cu rate	tran quil lize	sat′el lite
at ti tude	răil ler y	ap a thy
lat i tude	in oc′u late	ap pär′ent
cit i zen	in′no cent	as sist ant
wit ti cism	pol i cy	a sun der
in tel′li gent	fal la cy	em băr′rass ment
tel′e graph	ar til′ler y	de clam a to ry
dil i gent	a gil i ty	in flam ma to ry
im mi nent	as ses sor	rel′ish
em i nent	ap pre ci ate	em bel′lish

215.

Be sure to put the right vowel in the second or the third syllable.

a nom′a ly	leg′a cy	rat′i fy
an′i mate	car a van′	răr i ty
ăl a bas ter	măl′a dy	ret i nue
av er age	med i tate	sac ri lĕge
cat a ract	mit i gate	stu pe fy
el i gi ble	ŏr i fĭce	sep a rate
em a nate	ŏr a cle	sal a ry
cod i cil	gran a ry	sim i lar
cit a del	pal a ta ble	spec i men
cel i ba cy	pan e gyr′ic	man a cle
croc o dile	păr′a ble	trag e dy
def i nĭte	păr a site	ten e ment
del i cate	pal i sade′	veg e tate
des per ate	priv′i lege	veg e ta ble
dil a to ry	prod i gy	rem e dy
ed i fĭce	proph e cy	vin e gar
ep i cure	ped i gree	rid i cule
ep i taph	ren e gade	ver tĭ go
e quiv′a lent	ret i cule	ex trav′a gant

Dictation Exercise 102. — 1. An **anomaly** is an irregularity. 2. The house is in an **eligible** situation. 3. A hopeless or **desperate** effort. 4. A sweet odor **emanates** from flowers. 5. The warm praise of a glowing **panegyric** (*pan-e-jĭr′ik*). 6. American citizens have many rights and **privileges**. 7. The **oracle** made a false **prophecy** that the stars would fall.

WORDS SOUNDED ALIKE BUT SPELLED DIFFERENTLY.

216.

1 **lessen,** to make less.
lesson, to be learned.

2 **lev'ee,** an embankment.
levy, to collect.

3 **liar,** one who tells lies.
lyre, a musical instrument.

4 **limb,** an arm or a leg.
limn, to draw or paint.

5 **links,** rings of a chain.
lynx, an animal.

6 **mantle,** a cloak. [place.
mantel, shelf above a fire-

manner, custom, way.
manor, large landed estate.

8 **marshal,** a high officer.
martial, warlike.

217.

9 **mean,** low, base; to intend.
mien, manner, look.

10 **meter,** a measure.
metre, the measure of verse.

11 **miner,** a worker in a mine.
minor, one under age.

12 **mucus,** a slimy fluid.
mucous, secreting mucus.

13 **mustard,** a plant and seed.
mustered, assembled.

nave, middle part of a church.
14 **nave,** centre part of a wheel.
knave, a dishonest man.

15 **nay,** no.
neigh, cry of a horse.

16 **need,** want.
knead, to work, as dough.

Exercise 103. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

What you tell me does not (1) my regard for him. They were ordered to (2) the troops. A (3) is not believed when he speaks the truth. The (4) of a tree. The (5) of a chain. A lady-like (7). The (8) ordered the band to play (8) music. To (4) means to draw or paint. He was of a dignified (9). The (5) is a sharp-sighted animal. A gas-(10) for measuring gas. He is a (11) till he becomes twenty-one. She wore a (6) of fur. The (10) of a verse. (12) membranes are membranes that secrete (12). The soldiers were (13) as quickly as possible. I did not (9) to offend him. He is more (14) than fool. We heard the horse (15). You (16) not (16) the dough so long.

218.

new, fresh, novel.
1 **gnu**, an African animal.
knew, did know.

nice, delicate, fine.
2 **gneiss**, a slaty rock.

night, time after sunset.
3 **knight**, a title of honor.

ode, a poem.
4 **owed**, did owe.

our, belonging to us.
5 **hour**, sixty minutes.

palate, roof of the mouth.
6 **palette**, a painter's board.
pallet, a small bed.

peace, quiet.
7 **piece**, a part.

peak, top of a mountain.
8 **pique**, ill-will, spite.

peer, a nobleman.
9 **pier**, stone-work projecting into the sea.

219.

10 **pencil**, for writing.
pensile, hanging.

pendant, anything hanging
11 by way of ornament.
pendent, hanging.

place, position.
12 **plaice**, a fish.

plum, a fruit.
13 **plumb**, a leaden weight.

practice, the habit of doing.
14 **practise**, to do habitually.

praise, commendation.
15 **prays**, begs, entreats.
preys, seizes as plunder.

primer, a child's book.
16 **primmer**, more precise.

principle, ground of action,
17 rule.
principal, chief, leading.

Exercise 104. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

The fruit was very pleasant to the (6). I (1) he (4) much money. (5) house is (1). Brave (3) and fair lady. There are quartz and felspar in (2). On the (3) of the 3d of July the poet wrote an (4). I stayed nearly an (5). The painter's (6) lay on his humble bed or (6). There will be no (7) till he gets a (7) of pie. Why do you have a (8) against her? The (9) had a (9) built at the fishing-place. Please to lend me your lead-(10)? The (12) is a large flat fish. The mason has lost his (13)-line. (14) makes perfect. They who (14) an art become expert in it. This (15) is well merited. The wolf (15) upon sheep. Mr. Phelps, the (17) of the academy, will steadfastly adhere to this (17).

TENTH SECTION.

Sound of **u** as in **use** and **cube.**

Be careful not to pronounce the **u** as if it were **oo.** Do not say **magnitood, institoot.** See Remarks in Lesson 66.

220.

u til'i ty
act'u al
doc u ment
ed u cate
em u late
grad u al
grad u ate
man u script
mūt u al
nat u ral
pet u lant
punct u al
sat u rate
stren u ous
virt u ous
am big'u ous
ar tic'u late
con spic u ous
con tempt u ous
con tin u ous
stat'u a ry

221.

im pet'u ous
cen'tu ry
sumpt u ous
per pet'u al
in gen u ous
Eu ro pe'an
u'ni verse
u ni ver'sal
u'ni form
su i cide
mag'nĭ tude
al ti tude
grat i tude
rec ti tude
for ti tude
sol i tude
mul ti tude
si mil'i tude
ex'e cute
pros e cute
res o lute
dis so lute
in sti tute
in tro duce'
con trib'ute
suit'or
nui sance

Dictation Exercise 105. — 1. It is **actually** done. 2. A **gradual** ascent in the road. 3. **Manuscripts** written long ago. 4. A **petulant,** crying child. 5. Words of **ambiguous** meaning. 6. **Articulate** your words distinctly. 7. An **ingenuous,** candid mind. 8. An **impetuous** torrent. 9. **European** wars. 10. A **suicide** is self-murder. 11. A **nuisance** is a public annoyance.

Sound of **sh** as in **shall**.

222.

[ti]

ac'tion (*-shun*)
cau tion
cau tious
auc tion
fac tious
fic tion
frac tion
frac tious
junc tion
func tion
lo tion
mar tial
men tion
mo tion
no tion
nup tial
op tion
es sen'tial
sanc'tion
pa tient
par tial
pōr tion
quo tient
ra tion
sec tion
sta tion
o ra'tion
a dop tion
af fec tion
af flic tion
as ser tion
at ten tion
ci ta tion
cre a tion
e mo tion
se lec tion
fa ce tious

223.

de cep'tion
de jec tion
de ser tion
sit u a'tion
di rec'tion
e lec tion
e qua tion
e rec tion
es sen tial
ex er tion
re jec tion
so lu tion
vo ca tion
vex a tious
[ti and **ci**=**shĭ**]
sen'ti ent
sa ti ate
ne go'ti ate
e ma ci ate

[si]

man'sion
mis sion
pas sion
pen sion
ten sion
tran sient
a ver'sion
o mis sion

[ci]

ān'cient
gra cious
lus cious
so cial
spa cious
spe cie
spe cious

[ce]

o'cean

Dictation Exercise 106. — 1. He was prudent and **cautious**. 2. The **fractious** child was snappish. 3. Troops in **martial** array. 4. An absurd **notion**. 5. An **aversion** to society. 6. A **lotion** for a wound. 7. A **nuptial** ceremony. 8. **Social** pleasures. 9. Industry is **essential** to success. 10. He was **patient** under all his **afflictions**. 11. A **citation** from the Scriptures. 12. A **facetious** remark made us laugh. 13. **Luscious** peaches.

When **si**, sounded as **sh**, follows **s**, the **s** blends with it or is silent.

224.

[ti]

at trac′tion (*-shun*)
col lec tion
con nec tion
cor rec tion
cre den tials
de scrip tion
ex cep tion
vac ci na′tion (*vak-*)
in struc′tion
foun da tion
năr ra tion
per cep tion
po ten tial
quo ta tion
re cep tion
sub stan tial
sub trac tion
sep a ra′tion

[si]

ac ces′sion
ad mis sion
ag gres sion
com mis sion
com pas sion
con ces sion
con cus sion
con fes sion

225.

con ver′sion
con vul sion
de clen sion
de pres sion
di men sion
dis cus sion
dis sen sion
di vĕr sion
as cen sion

[si]

ex cur′sion
ex pres sion
in cur sion
in ver sion
op pres sion
pĕr cus sion
per mis sion
per ver sion
pos *s*es sion
pre ten sion
pro ces sion
pro fes sion
se ces sion
sub mis sion
sub ver sion
suc ces sion
sus pen sion
trans gres sion
pro gres sion

Dictation Exercise 107. — 1. A vivid **description** of the battle. 2. There was no **exception** made. 3. The **aggression** of an enemy. 4. A **perception** of his meaning. 5. A **confession** of his guilt. 6. He has given **substantial** aid. 7. The **ascension** of a balloon. 8. An **excursion** to the White Mountains. 9. He made a **profession** of friendship. 10. There was **a discussion** about the **separation** of the soul from the body.

Notice that in the second and third columns the sound of **sh** is thrown back, uniting with the short vowel preceding **ci** or **ti**.

226.

a trō'cious (*-shus*)
au dā cious
ca pa cious
com mer cial
fal la cious
fe ro cious
fi nan cial
lo qua cious
pre co cious
pro vin cial
pug na cious
ra pa cious
sa ga cious
te na cious
vo ra cious
con'science
con scious
as so'ci ate
ap pre ci ate

ad di'tion (*ad-dĭsh'un*)
am bi tion
am bi tious
con di tion
dis cre tion
fic ti tious
in i tial (*in-ish'al*)
nu tri tion

227.

par ti'tion
po *si* tion
pro pi tious
se di tion
tu i tion
vi'ti ate (*vish'-ĭ-*)
mi li'tia (*-lish'ya*)
na'tion al (*năsh'-*)
ra tion al (*răsh'-*)

au spi'cious (*aw-spĭsh'us*)
ca pri cious
de fi cient
de li cious
ef fi cient
es pe cial
ju di cial
pre'cious
ma gi'cian
ma li cious
mu si cian
of fi cial
per ni cious
phy si cian
pro fi cient
suf fi cient
sus pi cion
sus pi cious
ar ti fi'cial

Dictation Exercise 108. — 1. An **ambitious** man desires power. 2. He is shrewd and **sagacious**. 3. An **initial** letter. 4. The **official** report. 5. Such writing shows a **vitiated** taste. 6. An army **sufficient** to defend the country. 7. **Financial** affairs have to do with money. 8. **Propitious** gales wafted them on. 9. It is very **nutritious** food. 10. A **precious** gem.

228.

Sound of **zh.**

In the last column the sound of **zh** is thrown back, uniting with the preceding short vowel.

[si]	[si]	[s]	[si]
fu′sion (*-zhun*)	ex clu′sion	com pōs′ure	col li′sion
sua sion(*swā′-*)	ex plo sion	dis clōs ure	(*col-lizh′un*)
ad he′sion	il lu sion	en clōs ure	de ci sion
al lu sion	in trū sion	ex pōs ure	de ri sion
col lu sion	oc ca sion	lēis′ure	di vi sion
con clu sion	per sua sion	mĕas ure	pro vi sion
con fu sion	pro fu sion	plĕas ure	pre ci sion
de lu sion	se clu sion	trĕas ure	re vi sion
dif fu sion	ef fu sion	cas u al (*kăzh′-*)	[ti]
e va sion	cŏn tu sion	u su al	tran si′tion (*tran-sizh′un*)

229.

ch sounded like **sh** in words from the French.

chaise (*shāz*)	char′la tan	ma chîne′ (*-sheen′*)
cha grin′ (*-green′*)	chev a liēr′	ma chîn er y
cha rade	chĭ cān′er y	mus täche′
che mise (*-meez′*)	chiv′al ry	av′a länche

s sounded like **sh.**

sure (*shōōr*)	su′mach (*shōō′mak*)	cen′sure (*sen′shōōr*)	nau′se**a** (*naw′shĭ-a*)
sure′ly (*shōōr′lĭ*)	as sure′ (*a-shōōr′*)	pres sure (*presh′ōōr*)	nau se ate (*naw′shĭ-āt*)
sug ar (*shōōg′ar*)	in sure (*in-shōōr′*)	fis sure (*fish′ōōr*)	nau seous (*naw′shus*)

230.

i sounded like y.

al'ien (*āl'yen*)	pin'ion (*pin'yun*)	com pan'ion
bill iards	ques tion	di gest ion
bill ion	ruff ian	ex haust ion
brill iant	span iel	fa mil iar
Chrĭst ian	val iant	me dal lion
court ier	a mēl'io rate	o pin ion
fil ial	aux il ia ry	pa vil ion
Ind ian	bat tal ion	in gēn ious
mill ion	be hāv ior	punc til ious
ūn ion (*yoon'-*)	ce les tial	re bel lion
cord ial	cĭ vil ian	ver mil ion

Dictation Exercise 109. — 1. He made a **concession** of the point in dispute. 2. There was no **suspicion** of his guilt. 3. The teacher gives **instruction.** 4. That day he was **especially pugnacious,** that is, quarrelsome. 5. **Fictitious** or false fame. 6. A **specious** or plausible tale of suffering. 7. The wide **diffusion** of knowledge. 8. **Delicious** fruit. 9. He would not yield to **persuasion.** 10. In the **seclusion** of this quiet spot we can meditate at **leisure** upon what **measures** are needed. 11. **Precision** or exactness in speech. 12. The **transition** from one state or **condition** to another. 13. A **collusion** between witnesses to tell a falsehood. 14. He was vexed, and he plainly showed the **chagrin** he felt. 15. An **ingenious** piece of **machinery.** 16. He called the doctor a quack and a **charlatan.** 17. **Chicanery** or tricks to deceive. 18. I **assured** him that the medicine was not **nauseous.** 19. An **alien** or foreigner. 20. A **brilliant** star. 21. The life of a true **Christian.** 22. **Ruffians** are brutal men. 23. To **ameliorate** is to make better.

231.

n before **g** hard or **k** (or its equivalent, as *q*, or *c* hard) is, in most words, sounded as **ng**.

an′ger	lin′ger	an′chor	ban′quet
(*anj-jer*)	tin ker	con course	lan guid
an gle (*-gl*)	fun gus	gan grene	lin guist
an gry	trin ket	mon grel	lan guage
fin ger	blan ket	[u=w]	lan guish
can ker	con cord	con′quest	san guine
un cle	con gress	lan guor	tran quil
hun ger	dis tinct′	an guish	van quish

232.

ph and **gh** sounded like **f**.

phiz (*fiz*)	dol′phin	sĕr′aph	cŏugh (*kŏf*)
phase	graph ic	si phon	trŏugh
phrase	hy phen	zeph yr	roŭgh (*rŭf*)
sphere	ty phus	sul phur	toŭgh
or′phan	al pha bet	tri umph	e noŭgh′
ci pher	pam phlet	tro phy	drȧught
sphinx	phan tom	ep i taph	läugh

Dictation Exercise 110. — 1. Love quarrels oft in pleasing **concord** end. 2. An animal of a mixed breed is a **mongrel**. 3. **Anguish** of mind. 4. The hot weather made me feel **languid**. 5. My mind was untroubled and **tranquil**. 6. He is **sanguine** about the success of his plans. 7. The **phrase** contained a few words. 8. The child was an **orphan**. 9. A **seraph** is an angel of the highest rank. 10. Brimstone is **sulphur**. 11. He cried "**Enough!**" 12. A piece of **tough** meat.

233.

[**n** like **ng**.]	[**ph** and **gh** like **f**]	
ex tin′guish	el′e phant	phys′ic
dis tin guish	tel e graph	phys i cal
re lin quish	pho to graph	pro phet′ic
sin′gu lar	lăugh ter	em′pha sis
an gu lar	au to graph	at mos phere
de lin′quent	păr a graph	blas pheme′

Dictation Exercise 111. — 1. They soon **extinguished** the fire. 2. **Relinquish** the claim to the estate. 3. The **telegraph** wires. 4. A **photograph** of a young girl. 5. He wrote his **autograph**. 6. **Physical** exercise made him well and vigorous. 6. The **atmosphere** of the earth.

234.

[**q** like **k** and **u** like **w**.]		[**qu** like **k**.]
qual′i ty (*kwŏl′-*)	aq′ue duct	con′quer (*-kur*)
quan ti ty	eq uĭ page	liq uor (*-ur*)
quar ter ly	in·iq′ui ty	ex cheq′uer (*-ur*)
quad ru ped	liq′uid	mas quer ade′
quĕr u lous	liq ui date	mos qui′to (*-kē′to*)
an tiq′ui ty	req ui sĭte	piqu′ant (*pik′ant*)
eq′ui ty	u biq′ui tous	qua drille′ (*kă-drĭl′*)

Dictation Exercise 112. — 1. The **querulous** tone of a sick man. 2. Ages ago, in remote **antiquity**. 3. The **equipage** of a prince, that is, his carriages, horses, liveried servants, etc. 4. An **iniquity** is a wicked act. 5. The **requisite** number can be found. 6. **Ubiquitous** means being everywhere at the same time. 7. Wniskey is a strong **liquor**.

235.

g and **dg** like **j**.

The **e** and **i** after **g** is silent, but softens the sound of **g** to that of **j**.

pig′eon (*pij′un*)	le′gion (*-jun*)	re lig′ion(*-lij′un*)
sur geon	re gion	re lig ious
stur geon	con ta′gion	gor′geous (*-jus*)
dun geon	con ta gious	cur mudg′eon
bludg eon	lĭ tig ious	cour a geous
dudg eon	pro dig ious	al le giance

Dictation Exercise 113. — 1. The **bludgeon** of an assassin. 2. Do not take in **dudgeon** what was not meant to give offence. 3. The **dungeon** of a prison. 4. **Gorgeous** apparel. 5. A **contagious** disease.

236.

c before **e**, **i**, or **y** sounded like **s**.

pac′i fy (*pas′-*)	fa cil′i ty	lo quac′i ty
pau ci ty	im plic it ly	me dic i nal
spec i fy	fe lic i ty	mul ti plic′i ty
spe cif′ic	vac′il late (*vas′-*)	par′ti cĭ ple
def′i cit	prec i pĭce	lar ce ny
so lic′it	pre ce′dence	pre coc′i ty
ex plic it	un prec e dent ed	du plic i ty
ret′i cent	mu nic i pal	im be cil′i ty
il lic′it	pör′ce lain	e lec tric i ty

Dictation Exercise 114. — 1. The **specific** qualities of a plant. 2. How large is the **deficit** or deficiency? 3. Clear and **explicit** directions. 4. One was talkative, the other **reticent**. 5. An energetic man will not **vacillate** in his purposes.

Difficult Words.

237.	238.	239.
sōl'dier (*sōl'jer*)	cyn'ic	res'tau rant (*rĕs'to-rant*)
sched ule (*sked'yo͞ol*)	ax le-tree (*ăks'l-*)	fore sight
re sus'ci tate	păr a lyt'ic	an thra cīte
an tic i pate	suf fice' (*-fīz'*)	in del'i ble
min'ia ture (*min'ĭt-yo͞or*)	pe cūn ia ry (*pe-kūn'ya-rĭ*)	ac cept a ble
ĭ tal'i cise	æs thet ics (*ĕs-*)	sus cep ti ble
pro'gramme	prāi'rie (*prā're*)	sin cĕr i ty
cem e tĕr y	dom i cile (*-sĭl*)	ba nä na
sa tĭr'i cal	fos sil	hal'cy on (*-sĭ-un*)
whif'fle tree	cas u al ty (*kazh'-*)	ex cres'cence
dis cern' (*diz'zĕrn*)	cord ial (*-yal*)	de pre ci ate (*de-pre'shĭ-āt*)
sub pœ'na (*-pē'na*)	ge nĭ al	prej'u dice
bach'e lor	war rior (*wŏr'yur*)	o bei'sance (*o-bā'sans*)
num skull	spe'cial (*spesh'-al*)	vi'cious (*vish'us*)
mar tyr (*-tur*)	pyr a mid	fa ce'tious
pe cūl'iar (*-yar*)	doc i ble (*dos'-*)	fal la cious
fas'ci nate	co lōgne' (*-lōn'*)	lēis'ure
phleg mat'ic	păr ox ysm	ma chîn'er y
gor'geous (*-jus*)	vis ion (*vizh'-un*)	ar ti fi'cial

Form sentences containing three or more of the words in each column.

WORDS SOUNDED ALIKE BUT SPELLED DIFFERENTLY.

240.

1 **quire**, 24 sheets of paper.
choir, a band of singers.

2 **rain**, water from the clouds.
reign, to rule.
rein, for a horse.

3 **rapt**, enraptured.
wrapped, enveloped.
rapped, did rap.

4 **reek**, to smoke, to steam.
wreak, to execute with anger.

5 **retch**, to try to vomit.
wretch, a miserable person.

6 **rime**, hoar-frost.
rhyme, verse.

7 **rite**, a ceremony.
right, correct.
wright, a workman.
write, to express by letters.

241.

8 **root**, of a plant.
route, road, way.

9 **ruff**, a plaited collar.
rough, uneven.

10 **seal**, to fasten with a seal.
ceil, to cover the top of a room.

11 **sealing**, fastening with a seal.
ceiling, the covering of the top of a room.

12 **seas**, plural of *sea*.
sees, does see.
seize, to lay hold on.

13 **session**, sitting of a court.
cession, act of yielding.

14 **single**, one.
cingle, a girth for a horse.

15 **slay**, to kill.
sleigh, a sledge.

Exercise 115. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place.*)

The music of a (1). In the (2) of Queen Elizabeth. The (2) broke. He will (4) his vengeance on the foe. The (3) poet, (3) in his warm dressing-gown, did not hear us when we (3) at the door. He is a miserable (5) who will never do what is (7). The poet made a (6). On our (8) we dug up the (8) of a tree. A journey over a (9) road. The (11) is ten feet from the floor. I will (10) the letter. What the pirate (12) on the (12), he thinks he may (12) on. A (13) of Congress. We glided along in our (15). A (13) of territory. A (14) thing.

242.

1 **slight,** neglect; small.
sleight, a dexterous trick.

2 **soared,** flew high.
sword, a weapon.

3 **staid,** sober, grave.
stayed, remained.

4 **stationary,** fixed.
stationery, paper, pens, etc.

5 **stile,** steps over a fence.
style, form, fashion.

6 **strait,** a narrow channel.
straight, not crooked.

7 **straiten,** to distress.
straighten, to make straight.

8 **sucker,** a young shoot.
succor, help; to help.

9 **sure,** certain.
shoer, one who shoes, as a horse-*shoer*.

10 **sweet,** tasting like sugar.
suite, attendants; a set of rooms.

243.

11 **time,** measure of duration.
thyme, an herb.

12 **toad,** an animal.
towed, dragged through water.

13 **treaties,** agreements.
treatise, a discourse.

14 **troop,** a body of soldiers.
troupe, performers in a play.

15 **wade,** to walk in water.
weighed, did weigh.

16 **wait,** to stay.
weight, heaviness.

17 **weald,** a forest.
wield, to handle.

18 **weather,** state of the atmosphere.
wether, a male sheep.

19 **you,** the person spoken to.
yow, a kind of tree.
ewe, the female sheep.

Exercise 116. — *Elliptical.*

(*Put the right word in the right place*)

Jugglers perform tricks by (1) of hand. The eagle (2) out of sight. If it stays in one place, of course it is (4). An excellent (5) of writing. The (6) of Gibraltar is a (6) channel. The colonel drew his (2). The (3) old lady (3) with us a week. They mean to (7) the road soon. Are (19) (9) this is a (10) apple? (11) is a fragrant herb. The lady has a (10) of rooms in the palace. He wrote a (13) on the tea-plant. I (15) both the (19) and the (18). The plant threw out a (8). She can nobly (17) the sceptre of that mighty kingdom. Rainy (18). A (14) of stage-players. Please to (16) for me.

ELEVENTH SECTION.

244.

Birds.

ea′gle	pĕt′rel	par′tridge	bob′o link
con dor	os trich	ca na′ry	king fish er
vult ure	buz zard	blue′jay	night in gale
bus tard	ra ven	spăr row	pea cock
lin net	mag pie	bull finch	wood cock
păr rot	o ri ole	gold finch	cor mo rant
pe wit	os prey	chaf finch	phĕas ant *

245.

Insects.

hor′net	bum′ble-bee	tur′bot	had′dock
crick et	cat er pil lar	hĕr ring	hal i but †
spi der	cock roach	floun der	mack er el
mag got	but ter fly	mus sel	pick er el
bee tle	wee vil (*-vl*)	min nōw	por poise ‡

Trees.

lau′rel	chest′nut	mul′bĕr ry	pal met′to
ce dar	chĕr ry-tree	syc a more	ma hog a ny
cy press	hick o ry	but ter nut	mag no li a
wil low	bass wood	plane-tree	tam′a rack

* Pron. *fĕz′ant.* † Pron. *hŏl′ĭ-bŭt.* ‡ Pron. *pŏr′pŭs.*

246.

Wild Animals.

bea′ver	wea′sel (*wee′-zl*)	por′cu pīne
buf fa lo	rac coon′.	kan ga roo′
jack âl	squĭr′rel (*skwĭr′el*)	o pos′sum
ot ter	hedge hog	an′te lope
hy e′na	gi raffe′ (*jĭ-răf′*)	ga zelle′ (*-zĕl′*)
rab′bit	go ril′la	musk′rat
pan ther	lĕop′ard (*lĕp′ard*)	cha me′le on *

247.

For the Horse.

straps	snaf′fle	blank′et	hold′backs
reins	buck les	blĭnk ers	breech ing †
girth	hâl ter	blīnd ers	sur cin gle
hāmes	col lar	head stâll	mar tin gale
tra′ces	har ness	sad dle	check-rein
bri dle	crŭp per	stĭr rup	throat-latch

248.

At the Grocer's.

sa′go	crack′ers	âll′spice	sal e ra′tus
su gar	va nil′la	sĭr up	choc′o late
gin ger	vin′e gar	mus tard	mo las′ses
cof fee	in dĭ go	fa rī′na	kĕr′o sēne
co coa (*-kō*)	bo hēa′ (*-hē*)	tap i o′ca	mac a ro′nĭ
cat sup	ōō′long	gel′a tĭne	ver mi cel li ‡

* Pron. *ka-me′le-un.* † Pron. *brĭtch′ing.* ‡ Pron. *vĕr-me-chĕl′e.*

249.

Words relating to Time.

year	min′ute (*-it*)	sun′rise
mŏnth	sec ond	sun set
morn′ing	cen tu ry	day brēāk
eve ning	fort nīght	yĕs ter day
fore noon	mid nīght	to-day′
af ter noon	birth day	to-night
hour	cen ten′nĭ al	to-mŏr rōw

Christ′mas Thanks′giv ing

New Year's Day Fourth of July

Dictation Exercise 117. — 1. Shall you be at home in the **forenoon** or in the **afternoon**? 2. A **century** is one hundred **years**. 3. The **Centennial** Exhibition occurred one hundred years after the Declaration of Independence.

250.

Words connected with Timber.

studs	culls	shin′gles	brack′ets
joists	l*aths*	pan els	cor nĭce
planks	boards	stud ding	fenc ing
beams	tim′ber	sleep ers	scant ling
sills	bat tens	mōuld ings	clap board (*klăb′ōrd*)
deal	råf ters	ēaves	

Dictation Exercise 118. — 1. **Joists** are the smaller **timbers** of a floor or ceiling on which the **boards** or **laths** may be nailed. 2. The small **beams** in the roof are cut from **scantling**. 3. We use **clapboards** for covering the outside of a house.

251.

Articles of Food.

pās'try	chow'der	hom'i ny
cus tard	bis cuit (*-kit*)	spare rib
muf fins	sur loin	suc co tash
cŏŏk y	pan cake	sand wich
sal ad	sau sage	beef steāk
grū el	pre serves'	ice-cream
blanc mange' *	dump'ling	mince-pie
ba'con (*bā'kn*)	dōugh nut (*dō'-*)	gin ger bread
pûd ding	ome let (*ŏm'-*)	sour crout

Form sentences containing the following words: —

pudding	**surloin**	**preserves**	**sandwich**
mince-pie	**doughnut**	**omelet**	**custard**

252.

In the House.

ba'sin (*-sn*)	bed'ding	cru'et (*kroo'-*)	grid'ir on
boil er	bed stĕad	set tee'	steel yards
pict ure	dust pan	scis'sors (*siz'-*)	cush ion †
cŏv er let	door mat	bōl ster	ot to man
fau cet	sauce pan	tăs sels	bu reaus
bu reau(*-ro*)	pitch er	sau cer	ward robe
tu reen'	pĭ ă'no	mat tress	cup board ‡

Form sentences containing the following words: —

bureau	**scissors**	**saucers**	**cushion**
basin	**pitcher**	**tassels**	**cupboard**

* Pron. *blä-mänzh'*. † Pron. *kōōsh'un*. ‡ Pron. *kub'urd*.

253.

Vegetables in the Garden.

beans	pars′ley	cu′cum ber
peas	cab bage	dan de li on
pars′nip	pep pers	ar ti choke
tur nip	spin ach (*-ej*)	as păr′a gus
răd ish	can ta lôupe	cau′li flower
căr rot	let tuce (*-tis*)	on ion (*ŭn′yun*)

254.

Herbs, Shrubs, and Grasses.

bri′er	spear′mint	sas′sa fras
tan *sy*	thŏr ōugh wŏrt	mul lein (*-lĭn*)
sŏr rel	pep per mint	hore hound
âl der	pen ny roy′al	co ri an′der
tim o thy	rasp′ber ry (*răz′-*)	cam′o mile
herd's-grass	goose ber ry	căr a way

255.

Flowers.

pe′o ny	măr′i gold	hŏn′ey suck le
pan *sy*	o le an′der	ge ra′ni um
vi o let	chi na-as ter	ja pon i ca
prim rose	hol′ly hock	he′li o trope
daf fo dil	sun flow er	fuch si a (*fū′shĭ-a*)
ver be′na	dăh li a	hy a cinth

mign o nètte′ (*min-yo-net′*) chrys an′the mum (*kris-*)

256.

Kinds of Cloth.

baize	cam'let	ker'sey
gâuze	mo hair	me rĭ'no *
serge	cot ton	doe'skin
lin'en	flan nel	de laine' (*-lān'*)
mus lin	tick ing	ăl pac a
pop lin	bro cade'	cas'si mēre
jean (*jān*)	dam'ask	broâd cloth
chintz	cām bric	huck a back
sat'in	nan keen'	sat i net'
vel vet	ging'ham (*-am*)	si le'si a †

257.

Words concerning Clothes.

cor'set	cra vat'	waist'coat ‡
tip pet	la pel	pan ta loons'
mit ten	sur tout (*-toot'*)	pet'ti coat
man tle	bŏn'net	sus pen'ders
blouse	spen cer	wrist'band (*rist'-*)
basque (*bask*)	edg ing	waist band
tu'nic	eye let	pol o naise'
veil	păr a sol	crin'o lĭne (*-lĭn*)
gus'set	pin a fore	hand ker chief §
wrap per	man til'la	che mise' (*-meez'*)

* Pron. *me-ree'no.*

† Pron. *se-le'shĭ-a.*

‡ Pron. *wās'kōt* or *wĕs'kut.*

§ Pron. *hang'kĕr-chif.*

258.

At the Jeweller's.

brōoch	jew′el	ear′ring	sar′do nyx
pearl	ag ate	brace let	di a mond
rū′by	crys tal	lock et	tur quoise′ *
jas per	ja cinth	neck lace	sap′phire †
to paz	o nyx	breast pin	car ne′li an
gar net	bĕr yl (*-il*)	wrist let	mal′a chite ‡
quartz	cam e o	am e thyst	por phy ry §
o′pal	em er ald	hy a cinth	car bun cle

259.

Trades and Occupations.

tai′lor	butch′er	clō*th*′ier (*-yur*)	watch′man
sail or	chem ist	drug gist	sta tion er
sea man	sad dler	mer chant	car pen ter
skip per	ped dler ‖	jew el ler	mil li ner
pi lot	cash ier′	sĕam stress	shoe māk er
stew ard	cob′bler	ma chin′ist ¶	phar ma cist

a poth′e ca ry	dress′ma ker	pho tog′ra phist
po lice man **	auc tion eer′	wash′er wo man

* Pron. *tŭr-koiz′*.

† Pron. *saf′fir*.

‡ Pron. *mal′a-kīt*.

§ Pron. *por′-fĭ-rĭ*.

‖ Or **pedlar**, which is the earliest form, having been in use long before the verb **peddle**. In the Ancren Riwle, A. D. 1220, appears the form **peoddare**, a pedlar.

¶ Pron. *ma-sheen′ist*.

** Pron. *po-leece′man*.

260.

At the Apothecary's.

ton'ic	e met'ic	chlo'ro form
al oes (*ăl'-ōz*)	bâl'sam	ăl co hol
cam phor	mor phine (*-fēn*)	op o del'doc
pōul tĭce	ac ids (*as'idz*)	laud'a num
quin īne	a cĕt'ic	lin i ment
bro mīde	sul phu ric	am mo'ni a
jăl ap	ar'se nic	mag ne si a (*-zhĭ-a*)
o pĭ um	cal o mel	glyc'er īne (*-ēn*)
ar ni ca	rec i pe (*rĕs'-*)	strych nīne (*strĭk'-*)
ip e cac	oint ment	câs tor-oil
tinct ure	ca thar'tic	sar sa pa ril'la

261.

Diseases.

a'gue (*ā'gū*)	asth'ma (*ast'-*)	ap'o plex y
mēa sles (*-zlz*)	ca tarrh' (*-tar'*)	dys pep'si a
jaun dĭce (*jŏn'-*)	de lĭr i um	ĕr y sip'e las
chol er a (*kŏl'-*)	ma'nĭ a	pneŭ mo'ni a
scrŏf u la	ab scess (*-sĕs*)	rheŭ ma tism
head ache	nau se a (*-shĭ-a*)	pa ral'y sis
croup (*kroop*)	phthis ic (*tiz'-*)	in flu en'za
gout (*gowt*)	ep i lep sy	neu ral'gi a
ty'phoid	pleu ri sy	diph'the ri a (*dif'-*)
pâl sy	bron chī'tis	con sump'tion
chil blains	hys tĕr ics (*hĭs-*)	*w*hōōp'ing-cough

TWELFTH SECTION.

Silent e final.

262.

[-ĭle]
ju've nile (*-nĭl*)
mer can tile
pu er ile
pro jec'tile
ver'sa tile

[-ĭne]
gen'u ine (*-ĭn*)
ex am'ine
jes'sa mine

[-ĭte]
fa'vor ite (*-ĭt*)
ex qui *s*ite
hyp o crite
per qui *s*ite
req ui *s*ite
in fi nite

[-ĭve]
de ci'sive (*-sīv*)
fu'gi tive
of fen'sive
per sua sive
pos'i tive
pro gres'sive

263.

[-āte]
cal'cu late
con cen'trate
dec'o rate
de mon'strate
des'ig nate
in sin'u ate
in vig o rate
mag'is trate

[-īle]
ex'ile (*-īl*)
cam o mile
rec on cile

[-īne]
bo'vine (*-vīn*)
sac cha rine
brig an tine
ser pen tine
tur pen tine
val en tine
col um bine

[-ĭte]
con'trite (*-trīt*)
ex pe dite
păr a site
rec on dite
ap pe tite

Dictation Exercise 119. — 1. **Mercantile** pursuits. 2. **Puerile** means childish or trifling. 3. **Genuine** means true, not counterfeit. 4. An **exquisite** painting. 5. Any compensation obtained from an office besides the salary is called a **perquisite**. 6. A **decisive** battle. 7. You must **concentrate** all your thoughts on this subject. 8. **Serpentine** means spiral or like a serpent in motion. 9. **Recondite** means hidden or profound.

264.

[-able]

ăr′a ble
ca pa ble
eat a ble
păr a ble
pay a ble
pli a ble
prob a ble
sūit a ble
syl la ble
am i ca ble
ap pli ca ble
com fôrt a ble
des pĭ ca ble
eq uĭ ta ble
mi*s* er a ble
pit i a ble

[-ible]

ed′ĭ ble
fal li ble
fea *s*i ble
hŏr ri ble
leg i ble
plau *s*i ble

265.

[-ible]

tĕr′ri ble
vi*s* i ble
ad mis′si ble
dĭ gest i ble
in del i ble
in sen si ble
per cep ti ble
re du ci ble
re *s*ist′i ble
re spon si ble
re ver si ble
sus cep ti ble

[-cle]

ar′ti cle
i ci cle
man a cle
mĭr a cle
ob sta cle
ŏr a cle
par ti cle
re cep′ta cle
spec′ta cle
ve hi cle

[-ple]

dis ci′ple
ex̣ ăm ple

Dictation Exercise 120. — 1. A mind **capable** of deep thought. 2. There is no **perceptible** change in his condition. 3. Children's minds are usually **susceptible** of but one thought at once. 4. An **eatable** or **edible** plant. 5. A **plausible** story. 6. His writing was **illegible**. 7. The night is clear, and many stars are **visible**. 8. An **icicle** hanging from the eaves.

Write out the following words, inserting the letter (either **a** or **i**) omitted: —

cred′ - ble	**feas′ - ble**	**mir′ - cle**	**in del′ - ble**
pit i - ble	**prob - ble**	**ar t- cle**	**spec′ t- cle**
suit - ble	**leg - ble**	**ad mis′ s- ble**	**re spon′ s- ble**

Silent Consonants.

266.

[b]	[l]	[h]	[n]
re doubt′ (*-dowt′*)	sălm′on (*săm′-*)	hon′or	au′tumn
re doubt a ble	ālm ond (*ăm′-*)	hon est	col umn
subt′le (*sut′l*)	hâl ser (*haw′-*)	dis hon′est	sol emn
numb ness	fâl con (*faw′-*)	shep′herd	con temn′
suc cumb′	be hälf′	heir ess	con demn

267.

[d]	[t]	[ch]
hand′some	dē′pōt (*-pō*)	schism (*sĭzm*)
hand ker chief	bou quet′ (*boo-kā′*)	schis*m* mat′ic
[k]	host′ler (*hŏs′-*)	yacht (*yŏt*)
knap′sack	[tte = t]	[rh]
knŏwl edge	bru nette′ (*-nĕt′*)	ca tarrh′ (*-tar′*)
knur ly	ga zette (*-zĕt′*)	myrrh (*mŭr*)
[s]	et′i quette (*-kĕt*)	[ph]
īs′land (*ī′-*)	co quette′ (*-kĕt′*)	phthis′ic (*tĭz′ĭk*)

268.

h silent in **gh, ph, rh,** and **th.**

a ghâst′	rheûm	isth′mus	bürgh′er
ghâst′ly	rhythm	naph tha	rheû mat′ic
asth ma	rhyme	rhap so dy	rheû′ma tism
ghōst	rhom′bus	rhet o ric	rhi noc′e ros
ghōst′ly	thyme	rhû barb	hem′or rhage

269.

c silent in **ct** and **sc.**

in dĭct′ (*-dĭt′*)	scēn′er y	sci′on (*shun*)	scis′sors
vĭct′uals (*-lz*)	de scend′	scep tre	sci en tif′ic
ab scess	de scent	sci at′i ca	tran scend′
mus cle (*-sl*)	re scind	sci′ence	co a lesce′

ac qui esce′ con de scend′ in dĭct′ment
ef fer vesce con de scen sion tran scend ent

270.

g silent in **gn** and **gm.**

deign (*dān*)	gnash	ăr raign′	poign′ant
feign	sīgn	be nīgn	for eign (*-ĭn*)
reign	as sign′	con dign	for eign er
gnat (*năt*)	as sign ee′	con sign	sŏv er eign
gnarl	en′sign	re sign	cam paign′
gnaw	phlegm (*flem*)	ma lign	cham pagne

Dictation Exercise 121. — 1. The culprits were **indicted** for arson. 2. Food or **victuals** (*vĭt′lz*). 3. The doctor healed the **abscess.** 4. Most of our flesh is made up of **muscle.** 5. The **descent** of the mountain was easier than the ascent. 6. Charming **scenery.** 7. The **scion** of a noble family. 8. He **acquiesced** in my demands. 9. He forbade pride, and advised **condescension** to the humble. 10. She **feigned** sickness. 11. The **gnarled** trunk of the old oak. 12. To **gnash** the teeth. 13. A task was **assigned** to him. 14. The **assignee** is the one to whom the property is transferred. 15. The English would not submit to a **foreign sovereign.** 16. After a short **campaign** the whole country was subdued. 17. **Poignant** grief.

271.

p silent in **pn**, **ps**, **sp**, **mp**, and **pt**.

psälm	re ceipt′ (*re-seet′*)	re demp′tion
pshaw	con tempt	re *s*ump tion
tempt	temp ta′tion	pĕr′emp to ry
at tempt′	symp′tom	rȧ̊sp ber ry
emp′ty	as sump′tion	sump tu ous
prompt	con sump tion	psy chol′o gy
ex empt′	pre *s*ump tion	pneu mo ni a

272.

ue silent after **q** and **g**.

vāgue	an tîque′	pro′logue
plague	ob lîque	cat a logue
rogue	u nîque	bur lesque′
brogue	o pāque	pict u resque′
lēague	gro tesque	ha rangue′
fa tîgue′	col′lēague	dem′a gogue
in trîgue	di a logue	syn a gogue

Dictation Exercise 122. — 1. The poet Longfellow wrote "The **Psalm** of Life." 2. **Prompt** and willing assistance. 3. When you pay money take a **receipt**. 4. He has some **symptoms** of **consumption**. 5. You cannot make a very **sumptuous** repast on **raspberries** alone. 6. **Psychology** is the science of the mind and its faculties. 7. A **peremptory** demand for money. 8. **Pneumonia** or inflammation of the lungs. 9. **Vague** ideas. 10. The **rogues** were in **league** with the beggars. 11. **Antique** furniture. 12. The **demagogue** made a violent **harangue**.

ch sounded like **k**.

273.

cha*s*m (*kazm*)	chron'ic	schōōn'er	conch (*kongk*)
chro'mo	chlo rĭde	chol e ra	choir (*kwīr*)
cha os	cha ot'ic	chol er ic	chi me'ra
chem ist	chyle	mon arch	chem'is try
chem i cal	chyme	stŏm ach	chron i cle
cho rus	ache (*āk*)	or ches tra	chris*t* en
cho ral	scheme	Chrĭs*t* mas	ar chīves

274.

Chrĭst'ian	an'chor (*ang'-*)	me chan'ic
chăr ac ter	an ar chy	mech'an i*s*m
chi mĕr'i cal	arch ān'gel	me chan'i cal
chi rog ra phy	arch'i tect	tech'ni cal
chi rop o dist	cat e chi*s*m	mel an chol y
chro nol o gy	sep ul chre	mo narch'i cal
chro nom e ter	se pul'chral	pa'tri arch

Dictation Exercise 123. — 1. A **chasm** in a rock. 2. The **chloride** of lime. 3. **Choral** songs are those which are sung in **chorus** or by a **choir**. 4. By what name will he **christen** the child? 5. A **chronic** disease. 6. A **chimera** of the imagination. 7. A **choleric** disposition. 8. The faithful **chronicler** of events. 9. A **chimerical** project. 10. His **chirography** or handwriting. 11. The **chiropodist** removes corns from the feet. 12. The **chronometer** is an exact timepiece. 13. He is subject to the **headache**. 14. A wild **scheme**. 15. He spoke in deep, **sepulchral** tones. 16. **Mechanical** skill. 17. **Chyme** is digested food before being changed into the milky fluid called **chyle**.

THIRTEENTH SECTION.

Words in which a prefix or an initial syllable may be mistaken for another of a similar sound.

275.

ante, anti.

an te ce′dent	an′te chām ber	an′ti quāt ed
an′te date	an ti dote	an ti qua ry

de, di.

de ci′pher	di lap′i date	di vōrce′
de spise′	di lute	di vulge
de lin e āte	di men sion	di rect ly
de spite	di min ish	di ver si ty
di gest i ble	di vin i ty	di ver sion

276.

per, pur.

per′jure	per sist′	pur loin′
per co late	per spec tĭve	pur sue
per me ate	per′ti nent	pur vey
per pe trate	per vert′	pur′ga tive
per qui site	per suade	pur ga to ry

fer, fir, fur.

fer ment′	fer′ven cy	fir′kin
fer til i ty	fer vid ly	fur ni ture
fer′til ize	fir ma ment	fur tĭve

Words in which the last syllable or the next to the last may be mistaken for another of a similar sound.

277.

able, ible.

a gree'a ble	sep'a ra ble	in fal'li ble
a vail a ble	aud i ble	ac ces si ble
con form a ble	com bus'ti ble	in vin ci ble
laud'a ble	con tempt i ble	di vis i ble
ac cept'a ble	con vert i ble	dis cern i ble
pref'er a ble	cor rupt i ble	cred'i ble
ir rep'a ra ble	ex ten si ble	re ver'si ble
re ceiv a ble	im pres si ble	il leg i ble
re spec ta ble	im pos si ble	re spon si ble

278.

e and **i** before a syllable ending in **ate.**

cel'e brate	cul'ti vate	in'di cate	ra'di ate
des e crate	ded i cate	in sti gate	vin di cate
ex e crate	em i grate	ir ri tate	o pi ate
lac er ate	es ti mate	ir ri gate	e rad i cate
pen e trate	ex pi ate	lit i gate	del'i cate
veg e tate	ex tri cate	med i tate	im me'di ate
an i mate	fas ci nate	mu ti late	pred'i cate
cog i tate	hes i tate	pal li ate	prox i mate

NOTE TO THE TEACHER. The pupils may be required to form sentences containing a number of words selected by the teacher from the lessons not followed by Dictation Exercises.

ant, ent.

279.	280.	281.
cŏm′ba tant	af′flu ent	[**mixed.**]
con fi dant′	ac ci dent	cŏv′e nant
dis′pu tant	con sist′ent	a bun′dant
ex or′bi tant	cor re spond′ent	ap pär ent
ĭg′no rant	dil i gent	con cŭr rent
ac count′ant	bel lig′er ent	as cend ant
as sail ant	be nef i cent	at tend ant
claim′ant	be nev o lent	dis cord ant
con so nant	con va les′cent	con′fi dent
de fend′ant	dif′fer ent	in clem′ent
de scend ant	ad ja′cent	op po nent
im por tant	in de pen′dent	re luc tant
in ces sant	mag nif′i cent	qui es cent
in tol er ant	per′ti nent	tri um phant
ma lig nant	per ma nent	in dul gent
Prot′es tant	prec e dent	ex′cel lent
re dun′dant	su per in ten′dent	fra grant
vig′i lant	res′i dent	ăr ro gant
ob ser′vant	sub ser′vi ent	re cip′i ent

Write out the following words inserting the vowel omitted: —

ex or′bi t-nt	**ig′no r-nt**	**in de pend′-nt**	**ad ja′c-nt**
con sist-nt	**de fend′-nt**	**de scend′-nt**	**dis cord-nt**
af′flu-nt	**dif′fer-nt**	**ma lig n-nt**	**op po n-nt**
per ti n-nt	**ap par′-nt**	**at tend-nt**	**a bun d-nt**

ance, ence, ense.

282.	283.	284.
ac cept'ance	ob ser'vance	con cŭr'rence
at tend ance	re mem brance	con'fer ence
coun'te nance	re pent ance	de pend'ence
de fi'ance	re dun dance	dif'fer ence
for bear ance	au'di ence	dif fi dence
hin'drance	ab sti nence	ex ist'ence
or di nance	be nef'i cence	ex pe ri ence
pet u lance	ex'cel lence	oc cŭr rence
vig il ance	de fence'	sub sist ence
va ri ance	of fence	pre tence'
re *sist*'ance	es'sence	in tense
sus'te nance	cor re spond'ence	in cense
tem per ance	o be'di ence	sus pense
ut ter ance	rem i nis'cence	im mense
com pli'ance	con'fi dence	ex pense
an noy ance	re*s* i dence	con dense
ac quaint ance	pre*s* ence	dis pense
a bun dance	em i nence	pre pense
main'ten ance	cir cum'fer ence	rec'om pense

Write out the following words, inserting the letters omitted: —

at tend'-nce	a bun'd-nce	cor re spond'-nce	of fen-e'
re mem br-nce	ex'cel l-nce	sus'te n-nce	ex pen-e
con'fi d-nce	main ten-nce	rec om pen-e	es'sen-e
ig no r-nce	o be'di -nce	em i nen-e	sus pen-e

285.

a-ment, e-ment, i-ment.

ar′ma ment	nu′tri ment	ha bil′i ment
fil a ment	im ple ment	im ped i ment
lig a ment	sup ple ment	lin′i ment
lin e a ment	ten e ment	reg i ment
or na ment	ăl i ment	rû di ment
tem per a ment	con di ment	sed i ment
tes ta ment	ex pĕr′i ment	sen ti ment

286.

a-ry, e-ry.

boun′da-ry	ör′di na ry	vol′un ta ry
com men ta ry	pri ma ry	brāv er y
cus tŏm a ry	sal u ta ry	dra per y
el e ment′a ry	sec re ta ry	drōll er y
hĕr ed′i ta ry	sem i na ry	mil li ner y
in cen di a ry	sub sid′i a ry	mys ter y
mĕr′ce na ry	stat′u a ry	prûd er y
mis sion a ry	vis ion a ry	quack er y

Dictation Exercise 124. — 1. **Lineaments** or distinguishing marks in the form of the face. 2. **Liniment** to rub on a bruise. 3. We tried an **experiment**. 4. A **ligament** or membrane connecting the movable bones. 5. Our **customary** or usual vacation. 6. A stock of **millinery**, such as bonnets, ribbons, etc. 7. A grasping, **mercenary** disposition. 8. How many scholars are at the **seminary**? 9. A **mystery** or profound secret. 10. The **secretary** of the society. 11. The **bravery** of a hero. 12. A **visionary** scheme to get money.

ar, er, or, re.

287.

cir'cu lar	pris'on er	em'pe ror
glob u lar	reg is ter	gôv ern or
joc u lar	an ces tor	in vent'or
mus cu lar	chăn cel lor	me'te or
com mând'er	con duct'or	mod er a tor
cyl'in der	con'quer or	ac côu'tre
in trûd'er	cre a'tor	ma nœŭ vre
mes'sen ger	ed'i tor	sep'ul chre

288.

oc'u lar	bri'er	spec ta'tor
pop u lar	mon i tor	suc ces sor
reg u lar	op er a tor	su pe ri or
sim i lar	pos ses'sor	sur vey or
sin gu lar	pre cep tor	trans la tor
gram mar	pro fess or	comp trol ler *
re mem'ber	sculp'tor	mas'sa cre
sur ren der	sen a tor	rec on noi'tre

Dictation Exercise 125. — 1. A **jocular** remark. 2. A **professor** in Yale College. 3. Shaped like a **cylinder**. 4. A mighty **conqueror**. 5. In rags **accoutred** are they seen. 6. The **manœuvres** of the troops. 7. To **reconnoitre** the enemy's camp.

Write out the following words, inserting the letters omitted : —

mus'cu l-r	**chan'cel l-r**	**an'ces t-r**	**pro fes's-r**
reg is t-r	**glob u l-r**	**pris on -r**	**com mand -r**

* Comptroller (*kon-trōl'ler*), *an officer ;* controller, *one who controls.*

289.

ice, ise, is, ace.

ar'ti fice (*-fis*)	den'ti frice	ep i der'mis
ac com'plice	prej u dice	me trop'o lis
ar'mis tice	sur plice	pro bos cis
av a rice	prem ise	pop'u lace
cow ard ice	mor tise	sol ace

erce, erse, urse.

a merce'	con verse'	re verse'
co erce	dis perse	ac curse
com'merce	in ter sperse'	dis burse
as perse'	in verse'	re im burse'

290.

ise, ize.

Words ending in **ize** and **yze** may be spelt with an **s** instead of a **z**.

ad'ver tise	ex'er cise	scrŭ'ti nize
crit i cise	civ il ize	pul ver ize
mer chan dise	crys tal lize	scan dal ize
su per vise'	e qual ize	sol em nize
chas tise'	mag net ize	e con'o mize
com prise	păt ron ize	rec'og nize
com'pro mise	stig ma tize	cap size'
de spise'	sym pa thize	an'a lyze
en'ter prise	tran quil lize	păr a lyze

Dictation Exercise 126. — 1. The **epidermis** is the outer skin of the body. 2. A building with the land belonging to it is called **premises**. 3. The elephant's **proboscis** or trunk.

291.

e-ty, i-ty.

If **i** or **y** immediately precedes the vowel before the termination **ty**, that vowel is **e**; in other cases the vowel before **ty** is **i**.

gay′e ty	a gil′i ty	frĭ vol′i ty
ni ce ty	a lac ri ty	lī a bil′i ty
no to ri′e ty	ce leb ri ty	lon gev′i ty
pro pri′e ty	com mod i ty	me di oc′ri ty
so bri e ty	cord i al′i ty	pos ter′i ty
so ci e ty	dex tĕr′i ty	prŏb′i ty
va ri e ty	e tër ni ty	se rĕn′i ty
a cid i ty	fra tër ni ty	ti mid i ty

292.

c-ity, s-ity.

a troc′i ty	ve loc′i ty	e las tic′i ty
au dac i ty	ca pac i ty	fe roc′i ty
per ti nac′i ty	ve rac i ty	gen er os′i ty
ra pac′i ty	vi vac i ty	in ten′si ty
rec i proc′i ty	vo rac i ty	ne ces si ty
sa gac′i ty	an i mos′i ty	për vĕr si ty
scărc′i ty	cu ri os i ty	pro pen si ty
te nac′i ty	di vĕr′si ty	u ni vĕr′si ty

Dictation Exercise 127. — 1. **Gayety** of disposition. 2. **A moiety** of anything is one half of it. 3. The **acidity** of vinegar. 4. He was received with **hospitality** and **cordiality**. 5. The **atrocity** of a crime. 6. The **audacity** of an impudent man. 7. The **elasticity** of India-rubber.

293.

e-um, i-um.

pe tro'le um	de lir'i um	ex or'di um
com pen di um	em po ri um	pre'mi um
cra'ni um	en co mi um	e qui lib'ri um

e-an, i-an.

her cu'le an	col le'gi an	me rid'i an
hy per bo're an	co me di an	pe des tri an
Med i ter ra'ne an	gram ma ri an	sec ta ri an
sub ter ra'ne an	his to ri an	tra ge di an
bar ba'ri an	li bra ri an	va le ri an

294.

e-ous, i-ous.

boun'te ous	ca lum'ni ous	se'ri ous
er ro'ne ous	cer e mo'ni ous	mĕr i to'ri ous
ex tra ne ous	com mo'di ous	pe nu'ri ous
mis cel la'ne ous	il lus tri ous	pĕr fid i ous
hid'e ous	in sid i ous	sa lu bri ous
si mul ta'ne ous	ob liv i ous	sanc ti mo'ni ous
spon ta'ne ous	ob se qui ous	par si mo ni ous
cu ta ne ous	am phib i ous	del e te ri ous

Dictation Exercise 128. — 1. **Petroleum** is sometimes called rock-oil. 2. A place of commerce is sometimes called an **emporium.** 3. An **herculean** labor. 4. The **hyperborean** or northern regions. 5. A **subterranean** passage. 6. An **extemporaneous** speech. 7. A **miscellaneous** collection.

295.

cy, sy.

ac'cu ra cy	pri'va cy	in'ti ma cy	ec'sta sy
clem en cy	fal la cy	in tri ca cy	a pos'ta sy
cel i ba cy	flu en cy	ex i gen cy	em'bas sy
con stan cy	id i o cy	proph e cy	ep i lep sy
cur ren cy	in fan cy	pun gen cy	hĕr e sy
de cen cy	pli an cy	se cre cy	hy poc'ri sy
del i ca cy	pol i cy	sol ven cy	lep'ro sy
pi ra cy	va can cy	ten den cy	min strel sy
leg a cy	ef fi ca cy	ur gen cy	pleu ri sy

296.

cy, sy.

con sist'en cy	ăr is toc'ra cy	su prem'a cy
de gen e ra cy	dis crep'an cy	con splr a cy
de moc ra cy	ex pe di en cy	con'tro ver sy
as cend en cy	le git i ma cy	coür te sy

um, om, ome.

a sy'lum	vac'u um	symp'tom
de co rum	ac cus'tom	blī*th*e some
me'di um	id'i om	in come
mil len'ni um	măr tyr dom	cum ber some
pen'du lum	thrâl dom	wel come
ly ce'um	phan tom	whole some
col i se'um	sel dom	wea ri some

297.

cle, kle, cal.

par'ti cle	ves'i cle	sprin'kle	typ'i cal
ar ti cle	ve hi cle	shac kle	tech ni cal
ob sta cle	pric kle	spec kle	mys ti cal
cu ti cle	frec kle	ver ti cal	prac ti cal
ven tri cle	buc kle	crit i cal	clĕr i cal
pin na cle	twin kle	drop si cal	whim *si* cal

298.

REVIEW AND TEST LESSON.

de lin'e ate	in ces'sant	crit'i cise
di lap i dāt ed	qui es cent	civ il ize
per'ti nent	de fi ance	se rĕn'i ty
pur ga tive	au'di ence	ce leb ri ty
fur tĭve ly	of fence'	sa gac i ty
fer til ize	ex pense	ne ces si ty
an te ce'dent	pres'ence	col le gi an
an'ti dote	ten e ment	her cu le an
pref er a ble	sen ti ment	ec'sta sy
im pos si ble	in cen'di a ry	cur ren cy
in vin ci ble	sub sid i a ry	cour te sy
veg'e tate	pris'on er	col i se'um
em i grate	gram mar	phan'tom
vig i lant	cow ard ice	mys ti cal
ex cel lent	mor tise	pin na cle

299.

ceed, cede, sede.

ex ceed′	con cede′	se cede′
pro ceed	pre cede	in ter cede′
suc ceed	re cede	su per sede

een, ene, ine.

ca reen′	se rene′	ma rîne′
be tween	con vene	ra vine
can teen	ob scene	mag a zine
mo reen	in ter vene′	rou tine′
tu reen	con tra vene	tam bou rine′

300.

eer, ere, ier.

auc tion eer′	ad here′	brig a dier′
chan′ti cleer	at′mos phere	cav a lier
en gi neer′	au stere′	chan de lier
gaz et teer	hem′i sphere	(*shan-de-leer′*)
moun tain eer	in ter fere′	fin an cier
mu ti neer	per se vere	dom i neer
pri va teer	re vere′	gren a dier
vol un teer	sin cere	o ver seer

Dictation Exercise 129. — 1. What signs **preceded** the great storm? 2. To **proceed** is to go on. 3. They **succeeded** in **superseding** the old book by a better one. 4. The **grenadier** was an **austere** man. 5. He was my **sincere** friend. 6. A **serene** sky. 7. What **magazine** are you reading?

301.

ceous, cious, tious.

crus ta'ceous (*-shus*)	fo li a'ceous	con ten'tious
far i na'ceous	au da'cious	con sci en'tious
sap o na ceous	fal la cious	fic ti'tious
hër ba'ceous	ju di cious (*-dish'-*)	su per sti'tious

cial, sial, tial.

ar ti fi'cial	su per fi'cial	pen i ten'tial
ben e fi cial	con tro ver sial	con se quen tial
fi nan'cial	cir cum stan tial	prov i den tial
prej u di'cial	con fi den tial	rev er en tial

302.

cian, tion, sion.

pol i ti'cian	in ter mis'sion	ne go ti a'tion
rhet o ri cian	rep re hen sion	pro pi ti a tion
a rith me ti'cian	ac cel er a'tion	rec om men da tion
ge om e tri cian	ap pro pri a tion	ac com mo da tion
math e ma ti cian	as sas si na tion	rec on cil i a'tion
mech a ni'cian	as so ci a tion	scin til la'tion (*sin-*)
ap pre hen sion	dis ser ta'tion	ges tic u la'tion(*jes-*)
con de scen sion	e man ci pa'tion	vac il la'tion (*vas-*)

Dictation Exercise 126. — 1. **Farinaceous** food. 2. A **saponaceous** or soapy substance. 3. **Fallacious** reasoning. 4. The shark is a **voracious** animal. 5. A **conscientious** man. 6. A **superstitious** notion. 7. **Beneficial**, or helpful. 8. **Circumstantial** evidence. 9. The merchant has a **confidential** clerk. 10. **Providential** care. 11. The **mathematician** was a good **arithmetician.** 12. A shrewd **politician.** 13. The **acceleration** of a falling body.

FOURTEENTH SECTION.

WORDS HARD TO SPELL.

303.	304.	305.
ces sa'tion	pan a ce'a	rogu'ish
e ma ci a'tion	pre cip'i tate	i sos'ce lēs
fric as seed'	re cip ro cal	un so phis'ti ca ted
guär'di an	su i cīd'al	om nis'cience
guăr an tee'	whor'tle ber ry	(*om-nish'ens*)
dē lĭr'i ous	(*hwur'tl-bĕr-ĭ*)	spër ma cē'ti
cŏch'i neal	ex hil'a rate	sur veil'lance
cŏr ri dōr	col'lo quy	(*sur-vāl'yăns*)
slouch	lac er ate	da guerr'o type
slough *	las si tude	pen i ten'tia ry
pa la'tial (*-shal*)	mër ce na ry	(*pen-ĭ-ten'sha-rĭ*)
pil'lo ry	mis cel la ny	cŏr'ol la ry
a cer'bi ty	ve ran'da	hy poth'e sis
co er cion	liege (*leej*)	hy poth e nuse
far'ci cal	ser e nade'	ben'zine (*-zĭn*)
os cil late	nov'el ist	vi gnette' (*vĭn-yĕt'*)
phi lip'pic	tan ta lize	bou quet (*boo-kā'*)
en trapped	dŏg ger el	gym na si um
mim'ic ry	di ar rhœ' a	cay enne (*kā-ĕn'*)
del i ca cy	dis sem'i nate	bou'doir (*boo'dwŏr*)
e lu'ci date	me moir †	i dyl (*ĭ'dil*)

* Pron. *slou*, *ou* as in *out*. † Pron. *mē-moir'* or *mĕm'wawr*.

306.

e mër'gen cy
gla'ci al
(*glā'shĭ-al*)
ev a nes'cent
ob scĕn'i ty
sar'dĭne (*-deen*)
tick lish
fŭl some
co quette' (*-ket'*)
pump'kin
meer schaum
(*meer'shum*)
phos phate
de crep'it
ped'al (*pĕd'al*)
in fec'tious
mar'riage a ble
suf fi'cien cy
so'ci a ble
(*so'shĭ-a-bl*)
ren dez vous'
(*ren-de-voo'*)
en thu si as'tic
va lise'
ca price

307.

caout'chouc
(*kōō'chōōk*)
peo ple (*pē'pl*)
ey ing (*ī'ing*)
dis hev'el
es'pĭ o nāge
hy gi ene
men ag'er ie
(*me-nāzh'ĕr-ĭ*)
blas'phe mous
um bra'ge ous
brill'ian cy
lach ry mose
(*lak'rĭ-mōs*)
mys ti cism
vo cif'er ate
com pres si ble
de nun ci ate
sŏm'er set *
su per fi'ci es
(*su-per-fish'e-ēz*)
queue (*kū*)
aide'-de-camp
(*ād'-e-kawng*)
pros e lyte (*-līt*)

308.

ex traor'di na ry
porte mon naie'
(*pōrt-mun-nā'*)
skel'e ton
mu ci lag'i nous
cir'cu late
bay o net
ad vër'tĭse ment
yeo'man (*yo'-*)
ser geant
(*sär'jent*)
scen ic (*sĕn'ik*)
light en ing
pha e ton
im pas'si ble
boat'swain (*bo'sn*)
nox ious (*-yus*)
mis chĭev ous
li chen (*li'ken*)
re al ly
re pos'i to ry
pa'tience
ba zäar'
lack a dai'si cal
phos pho res cent

* Spelled also **sŏmersault** (*sum'er-sawlt*).

309.

in vēi'gle
de cid u ous
in sid i ous
cas tīle'-soap
buoy'an cy
(*bwoi'an-sĭ*)
e gre'gious ly
vouch
a byss' (*a-bĭs'*)
vag'a bond
ac'cess
ce re al
cres cent
hei nous (*hā'-*)
in veigh' (*-vā'*)
lunch'eon
phys ic
a bey'ance (*a-bā'-*)
a e ri al
a'e ro naut
proph'e sy (*-sī*)
sor tīe' (*sŏr-tee'*)
a'que ous
ce lĕr'i ty
cër tif i cate

310.

as cer tain'
i'ron y (*ī'run-ĭ*)
ve loc'i pede
con vēn ience
en dĕav or
sac'ri fice
(*sak'rĭ-fīz*)
myr i ad (*mĭr'-*)
sur ger y
pre sci ence
(*pre'shĭ-ens*)
pro fi'cien cy
quin tes sence
sens'u al
sy nop'sis (*sĭ-*)
tan'gi ble
vi cin'i ty (*vĭ-*)
ac cel er ate
o ce an'ic (*o-she-*)
am'ber grīs (*-grēce*)
a nal'y sis
an tip a thy
ma'nĭ a
groat (*grawt*)
av a ri'cious

311.

id i o syn' cra sy
tech nol'o gy
ae'rie (*e'rĭ*)
ex er cise
lieū ten'ant
phi los o pher
mis'tle toe (*miz'l-*)
a chieve'ment
an ni hi la'tion
a non'y mous
col on nade'
com'mis sa ry
crev ĭce
con fec'tion er y
con sol a to ry
cre'o sote
de riv'a tĭve
de te ri o rate
dic'tion a ry
dim i nu'tion
dis cern'ment
dis ha bille'
(*dis-a-bĭl'*)
dis pen'sa ry
dys'en ter y

312.

cog'ni zance
con nois seur'
(*kon-nis-sur'*)
di'o cēse (*-sēs*)
ep i thet
hom i cīde
im be cile (*-sēl*)
in cor'rig i ble
in gra ti ate
lin'e al
cy clo pæ'di a
e the're al
et y mol'o gy
eu'pho ny
ex e quĭes
fa ce'tious
flag'eo let
(*flaj'o-let*)
gër mi nate
gym nas'tics
hy për bo le
ich neū mon
il lit er ate
in dig e nous
(*in-dij'e-nus*)

313.

av'er age
clâir voy'ance
burg'la ry
cam phene'
car'ti lage
nec es sa'ri ly
ne ces'si tate
cas'si a (*kash'ĭ-a*)
cel er y
chĭr rup
o le ag'i nous
or'gies (*ör'jĭz*)
ox y gen
pal li a tive
par lia ment
phys i ol'o gy
piq'uan cy
(*pik'an-sĭ*)
pla gi a rism
pŏr rin ger
pro cēd'ure
av oir du pois'
prop'a gate
Christ ian'i ty
purs'lane

314.

syn on'y mous
cir cum stan'tial
com plai sănce'
chor'is ter
out rage'ous ly
pu sil la nim'i ty
cit'a del
sur rep ti'tious
e lix'ir (*-ur*)
em'is sa ry
tyr an nize (*tĭr'-*)
va ri e gate
het er o ge'ne ous
hi er o glyph ic
ho mo ge'ne ous
hy dro pho bi a
vër sa til i ty
virt'u al ly
mar chion ess
(*mar'shun-es*)
cru ci fy
courte sy (*kürt'sĭ*)
tap es try
vo cif'er ous
dŏl'or ous

315.	316.	317.
in nu en'do	rec ol lec'tion	vet'er an
in tel'li gi ble	po lĭce' (*po-lēsé'*)	ir re triev'a ble
jag u ar'	si de re al	lab'o ra to ry
jave'lin (*jăv'-*)	so lic i tude	met a mör'phose
jeop ar dy (*jĕp'-*)	sol'i ta ry	souve'nĭr (*soov'nēr*)
lab y rinth	stĕr e o type	su per cil'i ous
lat tĭce	syc o phant	em broid'er y
liq ui date	sym me try	cin'ders
lit er a ture	syr inge (*sĭr'-*)	in fin i tes'i mal
mal a'ri a	pe riph'e ry	res'er voir
mal'le a ble	pæ'an	myr mi don (*mŭr'-*)
met a phys'ics	phra se ol'o gy	vac il late (*vas'-*)
mis'sion a ry	tan'ta lize	pu sil lan'i mous
mes mĕr'ic	tam a rind	le vi'a than
ka'ty did	cou pon (*kōō'-*)	de but (*dā-boo'*)
e con'o my	tĭ rade' (*-rād'*)	en scŏnce
pre văr i cate	văr'i cose	ho mœ op'a thy
co quet ry (*-kĕt'rĭ*)	cap il la ry	nom i nee
sure'ty (*shoor'tĭ*)	scur ril ous	or'tho e py
vac ci nate (*vak'-*)	el ee mos'y na ry	pĕr e gri na'tion
war ran ty (*wŏr'-*)	grey'hound	log'a rithm
ho sier y (*ho'zhĕr-ĭ*)	dis til'ler y	latch et
stĕr il'i ty	grand'eur (*-yur*)	ro sette' (*-zĕt'*)
black'guard (*blag'-*)	chin chil'la	ca tas tro phe
pyr o tech'nics	de bris (*dā-brē'*)	or thog ra phy

FIFTEENTH SECTION.

PREFIXES.

A prefix is a syllable placed before a root to form a derivative word. Thus, in the word *ex*port, *port* is called the root, and *ex-* the prefix. So, in the word *dis*syllable, *dis-* is the prefix. In *per*suade it is *per-*. In *de*scribe the prefix is *de-*.

The following is a list of prefixes in general use :—

Prefixes.	**Examples.**		
a, *on, in*	afoot′	aboard′	ashore′
a, ab, or **abs,** *from, away*	avert′	absolve′	abstract′
ad,* *to, at*	advert′	affix′	attract′
ante, *before*	an′techamber	an′tedate	an′tecedent
anti, *against*	an′tislavery	antip′athy	antic′ipate
be, *to make.* It is often *intensive,* as *be*dizen, to dizen *all over*	becalm′ besprin′kle	befoul′ bewail′	benumb′ bedaub′
circum, circu, *around*	circum′ference	cir′cuit	circu′itous
con, com, col, cor, *with, together*	connect′	compress′	correspond′
contra, counter, *against* ...	contradict′	contravene′	counteract′
de, *down, from, concerning* ...	descend′	deduct′	describe′
dis, di, dif, *not, the opposite of, asunder*	divide′ disallow′	displease′ disagree′	disperse′ disbelieve′

* The final letter of a preposition, in composition, is often changed to the initial letter of the root; hence *al*lude, not *ad*lude, *ac*cede not *ad*cede, etc.

en, em, im, *to make*	ena'ble	empow'er	impov'erish
en, em (French *en*, from Latin *in*), *in, into*	encour'age	encir'cle	embark'
e, ex, *out of, beyond*...	emerge'	emis'sion	expel'
extra, *beyond*.....	extraor'dinary	extrav'agant	
fore, *before*	foretell'	forewarn'	forebode'
in, im (in verbs), *in, into, on*	include'	immerse'	impel'
in, im, ig, il (in adjectives), *not*	infirm'	immature'	igno'ble
inter, *between*.....	intercede'	intervene'	in'terview
mis, *wrong, ill*	misstate'	miscon'duct	misfort'une
ob, *in the way, against*	obstruct'	ob'vious	ob'ject
out, *beyond*.....	outweigh'	outlive'	outdo'
over, *above*.....	overdo'	overreach'	overcharge'
per, *through, thoroughly*	perceive'	pervade'	per'fect
post, *after*	postpone'	post'script	post-mor'tem
pre, *before*	pre'fix	precede'	predict'
pro, *forward*	produce'	project'	progress'
re, *back, again*	recall'	recollect'	respect'
sub, suc, suf, *under*.	subscribe'	succeed'	suf'fer
super, sur, *over, above*	superscribe'	supervis'or	surmount'
syn or **sym,** *with, together*	synop'sis	syn'chronous	sym'pathy
trans or **tra,** *across*.	transport'	trans'itive	trav'erse
un (with adjectives) *not*.	una'ble	unwill'ing	unu'sual
un (with verbs), *undoing what has been done*	unroll'	unfold'	untwist'
with, *from, against*...	withdraw	withhold'	withstand'

AFFIXES OR SUFFIXES.

Affixes or suffixes are syllables added to the roots of words; as, *-ness* in the word great*ness*; *-ard* in the word drunk*ard*; *-hood* in man*hood*; *-dom* in free*dom*, etc.

The following is a list of affixes:—

THE DOER.

Define by, *one who*, as "do*er*," one who does.

Affixes.		**Examples.**	
ar	li'ar	schol'ar	beg'gar
er	build'er	biog'rapher	philos'opher
or	tu'tor	profes'sor	compet'itor
ard, art.....	drunk'ard	brag'gart	slug'gard
ist	den'tist	bot'anist	oc'ulist
ant, ent.....	va'grant	defend'ant	stu'dent
eer, ier	engineer'	auctioneer'	cashier'

THE RECEIVER.

Define by, *the one who is*, or, *the one to whom* (something) *is done*; as "absen*tee*," one who is absent; "paten*tee*," one to whom a patent is given.

ee	trustee'	assignee'	mortgagee'
ive.....	cap'tive	rel'ative	na'tive

AN ACT (doing or done).

Define by, *the act of, the state of being*; as "expul*sion*," the act of driving out; "anima*tion*," the state of being animate.

ion, sion, or **tion**.....	rebel'lion	submis'sion	seces'sion
	rejec'tion	elec'tion	convic'tion
ment	elope'ment	conceal'ment	move'ment
ure	depart'ure	seiz'ure	capt'ure
ing	build'ing	rehears'ing	read'ing
age	pas'sage	cart'age	car'riage
al	peru'sal	renew'al	reci'tal

PERSONS OR THINGS COLLECTIVELY.

Define by, *a collection of;* as "assemb*lage*," a collection of persons.

age	fo'liage	cord'age	herb'age
ry	gen'try	sol'diery	jew'elry

STATE OR QUALITY.

Define by, *the state of being, the quality of being;* as "obdur*acy*," the state of being stubborn; "acri*mony*," the quality of being sharp or biting.

acy	cel'ibacy	ac'curacy	pri'vacy
age	bond'age	vas'sal age	cour'age
ance	repent'ance	abun'dance	vig'ilance
ence	dil'igence	ve'hemence	im'pudence
hood	false'hood	wid'owhood	child'hood
dom	free'dom	wis'dom	mar'tyrdom
ment	agree'ment	enjoy'ment	det'riment
mony.....	ac'rimony	mat'rimony	par'simony
ness	deaf'ness	gen'tleness	ten'derness
th	health	wealth *	breadth
ure	verd'ure	tort'ure	fract'ure
ude	grat'itude	al'titude	ser'vitude
ry	brav'ery	ri'valry	beg'gary
ship	friend'ship	part'nership	fel'lowship
y, ty	pov'erty	activ'ity	anxi'ety
sm.....	bar'barism	her'oism	scep'ticism

PLACE.

Define by, *the place where;* as "libr*ary*," a place where books are kept; "henn*ery*," a place where hens are kept.

ary	gran'ary	av'iary	a'piary
ery	rook'ery	nurs'ery	brew'ery
ory	fac'tory	depos'itory	pur'gatory
ry	foun'dry	ves'try	her'onry

* Strictly *well-being.*

THING.

Define by, *that which;* as "just*ice*," that which is just.

ary	lu'minary	sal'ary	bound'ary
mony.....	tes'timony	pat'rimony	al'imony
ice.....	no'tice	ser'vice	mal'ice
ment	al'iment	or'nament	lig'ament
ure	crea'ture	enclos'ure	pict'ure

TO DO, TO MAKE.

Define by, *to make, to put, to take;* as, "renov*ate*," to make new again; "anim*ate*," to put life into.

ate.....	ter'minate	facil'itate	debil'itate
en	mois'ten	deep'en	fas'ten
fy	beau'tify	for'tify	pu'rify
ish.....	pub'lish	embel'lish	cher'ish
ize *or* **ise** ...	fer'tilize	apol'ogize	civ'ilize

BEING or DOING.

Define by, *being in a state, being* (or having the force of *ing*); as "pleas*ant*," being in a state that brings pleasure.

ant	ver'dant	el'egant	ra'diant
ent	flu'ent	pen'dent	bellig'erent

ABLE TO DO or DOING.

Define by, *able to, having power to;* as "invent*ive*," able to invent.

ive.....	diges'tive	attrac'tive	expan'sive

ABLE TO BE DONE.

Define by, *able to be, that may be, fit to be;* as "cur*able*," able to be cured; "blam*able*," fit to be blamed.

able	teach'able	inhab'itable	remark'able
ible	digest'ible	vis'ible	discern'ible

HAVING MUCH.

Define by, *full of;* as "doubt*ful*," full of doubt.

ate.....	des'olate	des'perate	pas'sionate
ful.....	deceit'ful	fear'ful	joy'ful
ous	du'bious	beau'teous	ig'neous
ose.....	verbose'	jocose'	bellicose'
lent	vi'olent	vir'ulent	pes'tilent
some	light'some	wea'ri some	frol'icsome
y, ey	cloud'y	flow'ery	clay'ey

HAVING LITTLE.

Define by, *somewhat;* as "whit*ish*," somewhat white.

ish.....	green'ish	brack'ish	fe'verish

NOT HAVING.

Define by, *without;* as "joy*less*," without joy.

less	breath'less	fruit'less	guilt'less

BELONGING TO.

Define by, *pertaining to;* as "Europe*an*," pertaining to Europe; "ment*al*," pertaining to the mind.

an	hu'man	plebe'ian	Christ'ian
al	bri'dal	man'ual	celes'tial
ar	glob'ular	reg'ular	an'gular
ary	or'dinary	pecun'iary	lit'erary
ic	gigan'tic	ocean'ic	hero'ic
ical	astronom'ical	academ'ical	cu'bical
ine.....	canine'	fem'inine	fe'line
ory	pref'atory	consol'atory	valedic'tory
ile	feb'rile	mer'cantile	ju'venile

DIMINUTIVES.

Define by, *a little, a small;* as "dar*ling,*" a little dear; "ham*let,*" a little village.

en	kit'ten	maid'en	chick'en
let	stream'let	brace'let	leaf'let
et	cor'net	tur'ret	pock'et
ling	gos'ling	seed'ling	found'ling
cle, cule.....	par'ticle	cor'puscle	animal'cule

DIRECTION.

Define "*-ward*" by *toward.* Define "*-ern*" and "*erly*" by *in the direction of* (either *to* or *from*).

ward.....	home'ward	heav'enward	for'ward
ern, erly ...	north'ern	south'erly	north'erly

LIKENESS.

Define by, *like;* as "sister*ly,*" like a sister.

ish.....	boy'ish	rogu'ish	fool'ish
ly	broth'erly	friend'ly	cow'ardly

WAY, MANNER.

wise, ways..	cross'wise	like'wise	side'ways
ly, like	man'ly	hon'estly	god'like

escent, *growing, becoming*		convales'cent	quies'cent
ess, *feminine termination*	li'oness	au'thoress	ac'tress

CHRISTIAN NAMES OF MEN AND WOMEN.

NAMES OF MEN.

Ad'am	E'li	Jo'el	A'bra ham
Aa'rōn	E li'as	John	A lon'zo
A'bel	E li'hu	Jo'seph	Ben'ja min
Ab'ner	E li'sha	Le'vi	Eb en e'zer
Al'bert	E'noch	Lew'is	E li'jah
Al'fred	Er'nest	Lou'is	E ras'tus
Al'len	Ez'ra	Lu'ther	Eu gene'
Am'a sa	Fran'cis	Mark	Fred'er ick
A'mos	Frank	Mar'tin	Jer e mi'ah
An'drew	George	Mi'chael	Jon'a than
Ar'thur	Gil'bert	Mo'ses	Jo si'ah
A'sa	Hen'ry	Na'than	Law'rence
Ca'leb	Her'bert	Ol'i ver	Mat'thew
Charles	Hi'ram	Pat'rick	(*math'thu*)
Clar'ence	Hor'ace	Paul	Sam'u el
Dan'iel	Hu*gh*	Pe'ter	Sim'e on
Da'vid	I'ra	Phil'ip	Sol'o mon
Den'nis	I'saac	Ralph	Ste'phen (-*vn*)
Ed'gar	Ja'cob	Reu'ben	The'o dore
Ed'mund	James	Rich'ard	T*h*om'as
Ed'ward	Ja'red	Rob'ert	Tim'o thy
Ed'win	Jer'ome	Ru'fus	Wal'ter
Eg'bert	Jes'se	Si'las	Wil'liam

NAMES OF WOMEN.

A'da	Eu'nice	Ma'bel	Ab'i gail
Ag'nes	E'va	Ma ri'a	Ad'a line
Al'ice	Flo'ra	Mar'i on	A man'da
Al mi'ra	Fran'ces	Mar tha	A me'li a
A'my	Grace	Ma'ry	An nette'
Ann	Han'nah	Maud	Au gus'ta
Anne	Hel'en	May	Car'o line
Ber'tha	Hes'ter	Min'na	Cath'a rine
Bet'sey	Hul'dah	Mir'i am	Char'lotte
Blanche	I'da	Nan'cy	Clar is'sa
Bridg'et	Is'a bel	No'ra	Deb'o rah
Ce'lia	Jane	Ol'ive	Dor'o thy
Clar'a	Jo an'na	Phœ'be	E liz'a beth
De'lia	Ju'dith	Pol'ly	Em'e line
Do'ra	Ju'li a	Ra'chel	Flor'ence
Dor'cas	Ju'li et	Rho'da	Ger'trude
E'dith	Kate	Ro'sa	Har'ri et
E li'za	Lau'ra	Rose	Jo'se phine
El'la	Lil'i an	Ruth	Le o no'ra
El'len	Lil'ly	Sal'ly	Lu cin'da
El'sie	Lou i'sa	Sa'rah	Mar'ga ret
Em'i ly	Lou ise'	So phi'a	Ma til'da
Em'ma	Lu'cy	Stel'la	Me lis'sa
Es'ther	Lyd'i a	Su'san	Re bec'ca

NAMES OF THE STATES, AND ABBREVIATIONS.

Alabama	**Ala.**	Missouri	**Mo.**
Alaska Ter.	**Alaska.**	Montana Ter.	**Mont.**
Arizona Ter.	**Ariz.**	Nebraska	**Nebr.**
Arkansas	**Ark.**	Nevada	**Nev.**
California	**Cal.**	New Hampshire	**N. H.**
Colorado	**Colo.**	New Jersey	**N. J.**
Connecticut	**Conn.**	New Mexico Ter.	**N. Mex.**
Dakota Ter.	**Dak.**	New York	**N. Y.**
Delaware	**Del.**	North Carolina	**N. C.**
Dist. of Columbia	**D. C.**	Ohio	**O.**
Florida	**Fla.**	Oregon	**Oreg.**
Georgia	**Ga.**	Pennsylvania	**Pa.**
Idaho Ter.	**Ida.**	Rhode Island	**R. I.**
Illinois	**Ill.**	South Carolina	**S. C.**
Indiana	**Ind.**	Tennessee	**Tenn.**
Indian Ter.	**Ind. T.**	Texas	**Tex.**
Iowa	**Ia.**	Utah Ter.	**Utah.**
Kansas	**Kans.**	Vermont	**Vt.**
Kentucky	**Ky.**	Virginia	**Va.**
Louisiana	**La.**	Washington Ter.	**Wash.**
Maine	**Me.**	West Virginia	**W. Va.**
Maryland	**Md.**	Wisconsin	**Wis.**
Massachusetts	**Mass.**	Wyoming Ter.	**Wyo.**
Michigan	**Mich.**	United States	**U. S.**
Minnesota	**Minn.**	United States of America	**U. S. A.**
Mississippi	**Miss.**		

Cities in the United States.

New York′	Prov′i dence	Mo bīle′
Phil a del′phi a	Al′ba ny	To le′do
Brook′lyn	Roch′es ter	Port′land
St. Lou′is	Al le ghe′ny	Law′rence
Chi cā′go	Rich′mond	Charles′town
Bal′ti more	New Ha′ven	Sa van′nah
Bos′ton	Charles′ton	Lynn
Cin cin nă′ti	Ind ian ap′o lis	Spring′field
New Or′leans	Troy	Nash′ville
San Fran cis′co	Syr a cuse′	Sa′lem
Buf′fa lo	Worces′ter	Man′ches ter
Wash′ing ton	Low′ell	Har′ris burg
New′ark	Mem′phis	Tren′ton
Lou′is ville	Cām′bridge	St. Paul′
Cleve′land	Fall Riv′er	New Bed′ford
Pitts′burgh	Hart′ford	Ho′bo ken
Jer′sey Cit′y	Scran′ton	Sar a to′ga
De troit′	Rĕad′ing	Cats′kill
Mil wau′kee	Pat′er son	Ra′leigh

Cities in British America and Cuba.

Mon tre āl′	To ron′to	Hal′i fax, *N. S.*
Que bec′	Ot′ta wa	Ha van′a. *Cuba.*

Rivers, Mountains, Islands, etc.

Mer'ri mack	Chat ta noo'ga	Am'a zon
Cham plain'	Po to'mac	Pyr'e nees
Ad i ron'dack	Sus que han'na	Rhine
Ches'a peake	Pe nob'scot	Rhone
Beh'ring St.	Gib râl'tar	Thames (*temz*)
Al le gha'ny	Ap en nines'	Ve su'vi us
Ro an oke'	Seine (*sān*)	Hon o lu'lu
Man hat'tan	Wa ter loo'	Him a la'ya

Cities in Europe.

Lon'don	Dub'lin	Con stan ti no'ple
Par'is	Shef'field	St. Pe'ters burgh
Ber lin'	Ham'burg	Liv'er pool
Vi en'na	Lis'bon	Man'ches ter
Glas'gōw	Mi lan'	Bir'ming ham
Na'ples	Brus'sels	Mar seilles' (*-sālz'*)
Mos'cōw	War'saw	Am'ster dam
Mad rid'	Bel'fast	Ed'in burgh
Ly'ons	Mu'nich	Bor deaux' (*-dō'*)
Ven'ice	Dres'den	Flor'ence

Cities in Asia.

Cal cut'ta	Hong' Kong	Pe'kin
Bom bay'	Shang'hai	Yok o hä'ma

Countries.

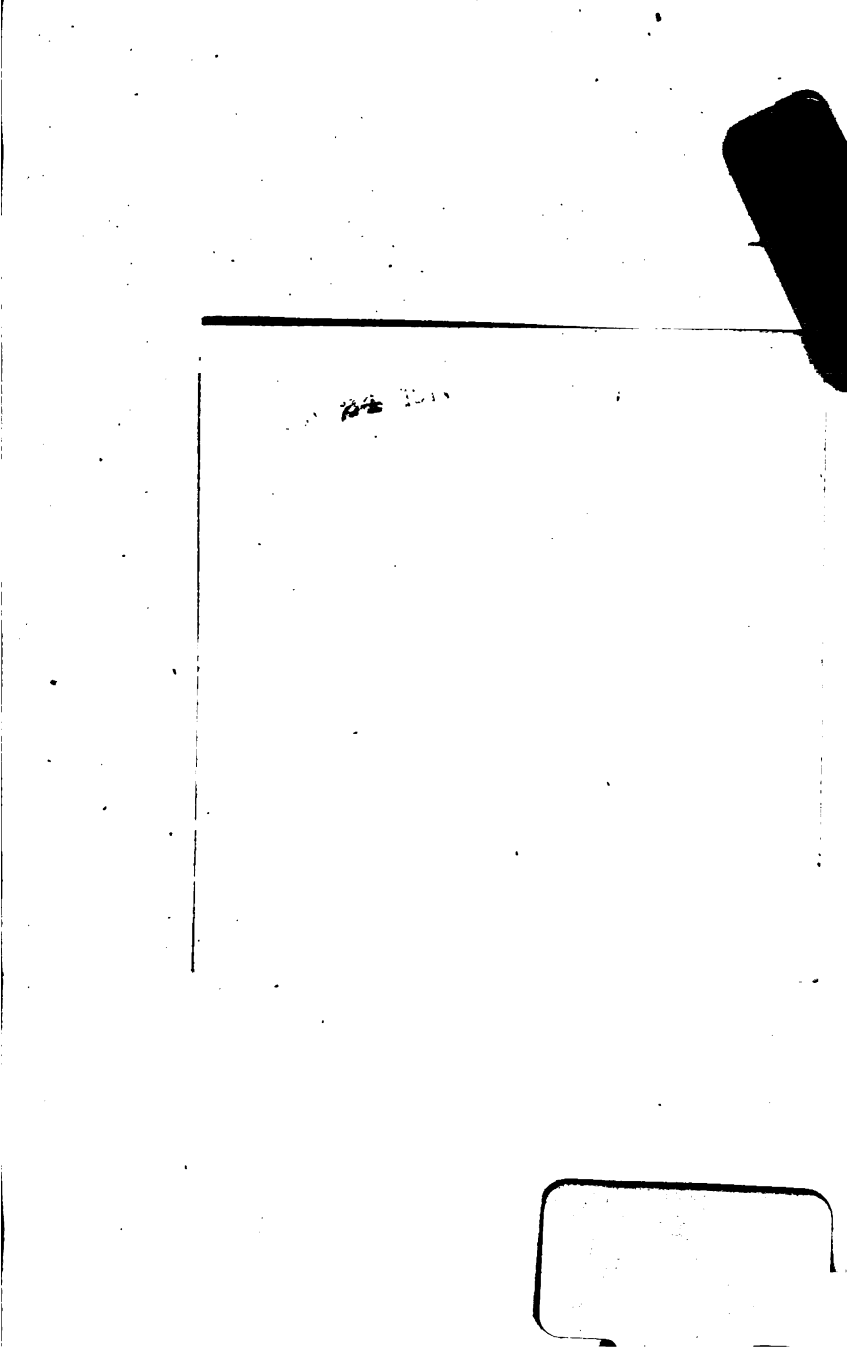
EU'ROPE	Aus'tri a	A'SI A
Great Brit'ain	Swe'den	Chi'na
Eng'land	Nor'way	Ja pan'
Scot'land	Switz'er land	Hin dos tan'
Ire'land	Si be'ri a	Per'si a
Wales	Ger'ma ny	A ra'bi a
France	It'a ly	AUS TRA'LI A
Hol'land	Tur'key	AF'RI CA
Prus'sia	Spain	E'gypt
Rus'sia	Port'u gal	Ab ys sin'i a

A MER'I CA	New Bruns'wick	West In'dies
United States'	Mex'i co	Cu'ba
Can'a da	Bra zil'	Ja māi'ca
No'va Sco'ti a	Chil'i	Hay'ti

Cau cā'sian	Brit'ish	Swed'ish
Mon go'li an	Eng'lish	Span'ish
E thi o'pi an	Scot'tish	I tal'ian
Ma lay'	Prus'sian	Ar'a bic
A mer'i can	Rus'sian	Chi nese'
Ind'ian	Gre'cian	Jap a nese'
Eu ro pe'an	Af'ri can	Ca na'di an
A si at'ic	E gyp'tian	Dutch

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN WRITING AND PRINTING.

@ at.
A. B. Bachelor of Arts.
Acct. Account.
A. D. In the year of our Lord.
Æt. Aged.
A. M. Master of Arts.
A. M. Before noon.
Amt. Amount.
Anon. Anonymous.
Ans. Answer.
Atty. Attorney.
Aug. August.
bbl. barrel.
bbls. barrels.
B. C. Before Christ.
Bro. brother.
Bros. brothers.
Ca. Canada.
Capt. Captain.
Co. Company.
Co. County.
C. O. D. Collect on delivery.
Col. Colonel.
Cr. Creditor.
ct. cent; **cts.** cents.
cwt. hundred weight.
D.D. Doctor of Divinity.
Dec. December.
Do. *or* **do.** (**Ditto**). The same.
doz. dozen.
Dr. Doctor.
Dr. Debtor.
E. East.
e. g. for example.
Esq. Esquire.
etc. and so forth.
Feb. February.
gal. gallon.
gals. gallons.
Gen. General.
Gov. Governor.
hhd. hogshead.
hhds. hogsheads.
Hon. Honorable.
i. e. that is.
inst. instant, or the present month.
Jan. January.
Jr. *or* **Jun.** Junior.
Lat. *or* **lat.** latitude.
lb. pound.
lbs. pounds.
Lieut. Lieutenant.
LL. B. Bachelor of Laws.
LL. D. Doctor of Laws.
Long. *or* **long.** longitude.
M. Noon.
Maj. Major.
M. C. Member of Congress.
M. D. Doctor of Medicine.
mdse. merchandise.
Messrs. Gentlemen.
mo. month.
mos. months.
Mr. Mister.
Mrs. Mistress.
MS. Manuscript.
MSS. Manuscripts.
Mt. Mountain.
N. North.
N. B. Take notice.
N. B. New Brunswick.
N. E. Northeast.
N. E. New England.
No. Number.
Nos. Numbers.
Nov. November.
N. S. Nova Scotia.
N. S. New Style.
N. W. Northwest.
Oct. October.
O. S. Old Style.
oz. ounce.
p. page; **pp.** pages.
per cent. by the hundred.
Ph. D. Doctor of Philosophy.
P. M. Postmaster.
P. M. Afternoon.
P. O. Post Office.
Pres. President.
Prof. Professor.
pro-tem. for the time being.
prox. of the next (month).
P. S. Postscript.
qt. quart; **qts.** quarts.
Recd. Received.
Rev. Reverend.
R. R. Railroad.
S. South.
schr. schooner.
S. E. Southeast.
Sec. Secretary.
Sen. Senior.
Sept. September.
St. Saint.
St. Street; **Sts.** streets.
Supt. Superintendent.
S. W. Southwest.
tr. transpose.
ult. the last (month).
U. S. United States.
U. S. A. United States Army; or, United States of America.
U. S. M. United States Mail.
U. S. N. United States Navy.
viz. to wit, namely.
vol. volume.
vols. volumes.
W. West.
W. I. West Indies.
wt. weight.
yd. yard; **yds.** yards.
&c. and so forth.



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